DIAMOND FROM THE SKY
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

WEST END
CINEMA
THE COOLEST & THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

VOL. V NO. 161 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA
...(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co., will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at fre-

...ight and Passage ... may be ...

...HOUNGH, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF
S. N. CO., LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck pasengers also carried.

For further particulars regarding fares, names of steamers and dates of departure of the above vessels will be furnished on application to—

HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & Co.,
Agents,
15, Rampart Row.

GOOLAM MOHIDIN MASTER.
65, Meadows St, Fort,
BOMBAY.
LARGE AND UNIQUE COLLECTION OF ANTIQUE INDIAN AND ORIENTAL CURIOS, CHINAWARE, WEAPONS, SWORDS, DAGGERS, PISTOLS, GURKHA KUKRI GUNS.
Old and rare Indian hand-paintings, and books, old and new Persian large size carpets, shawls, embroideries, brassware, painting on ivory, silverware, jewellery, and Jade and Agget crystal snuff bottles curios, old wood carved furniture.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1876
...Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.
...Capital over Two Lakhs.
...in Government and approved Securities only
...lar Deposit with the Controller of ...rency of the Government of India in ...rms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
For Sailings and Freight apply to
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.
Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.
For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Under-...
M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	11,37,432	8	0

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Salkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
NAND LAL PURI,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed hich does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,666,000
Reserve Fund	£1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Daressalam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD.
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
...

Subscribed Capital	Yen 43,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 21,300,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE.
4 Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGHDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital		£1,500,000
Called up Capital		£ 600,000
Reserve Liability of	Shareholders	£ 900,000
Reserve Fund		£ 70,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
Lieut-Col. J. Leigh, Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co).
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (Martins Bank Ltd.)
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE.
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5% PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 3½ per cent per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA & CEYLON, MALAY STATES. JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Serenbam	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

JAVA & PHILIPPINES SIAM.
SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, Manila, Bangkok.

Batavia	Saigon	Cebu	Puket
Sourabaya	Haiphong	Hoilo	
Medan			

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.
BANKERS—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.
The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued, does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
J. KEENAN,
Agent.
Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4-0 p.m.
...30 a.m. to 2-0 p.m.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital	£1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£562,500
Reserve Fund	£800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay		Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
...lanade Road, Bombay

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON
BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkew
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
...D. SMART,
Agent.
...Churchgate Street.

FOR
ANY THING FASHIONABLE
in Chinese, Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc.
A VISIT TO OUR SHOW ROOMS
will more than pay your trouble and will get you a chance to select your requirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.
AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING

THE
SUMITOMO BANK,
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Capital Paid up	Yen 15,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 1,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankau	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	New York	Yokohama
Kobe	Osaka	etc.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING ... CHANGE BUSINESS transacted.
Church Gate ...

INSURANCE

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).
Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.
Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.
For Prospectus and further particulars—
Apply to—
SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
113, Esplanade Road, Fort.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls.
These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.
Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.
SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co.
Market, BOMBAY.

HOTELS

DURBAR DELAVER
RESTAURANT
14, Green Street, Fort.
HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERS and CATERERS.

CHURCH GATE
RESTAURANT
EXCELLENT MANAGEMENT.
BEST CUISINE.
18, Church Gate Street. Fort.

EDWARD RESTAURANT
Opposite WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & Co.
CONFECTIONERS & PROVISION MERCHANTS.
THE PLACE TO SUIT ALL.

HOTELS

SPECIAL ARMY
RESTAURANT.
167-69, Hornby Road, Fort.
Opposite Empire Cinematograph.
ICECREAM & CAKES OUR SPECIALITY.
HOT MEALS AND PROMPT SERVICE

EXCELSIOR
RESTAURANT.
193-5, Hornby Road.
KING GEORGE, NUT MILK AND ALL KINDS OF CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES
...
CENTRAL POSITION AND PROMPT SERVICE.
HOT MEALS AT ANY TIME.

MERWAN & SONS.
97, Medow Street, Fort.
CONFECTIONERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS and TOBACCONISTS.

KYANI & CO.
Mahammadi Mahal, Dhobi Talao.
BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS.
FANCY BOXES OF CHOCOLATES AND BISCUITS.

THE EVER POPULAR.
EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD.
DEOLALI.
MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA]

ROYAL HOTEL,
OOTACAMUND,
for Europeans and Indians, Centrally situated near the Government Botanical Gardens. First class cuisine and every comfort. Terms Moderate. Apply to THE MANAGER.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL
MATHERAN.
Now closed for monsoon, and will be RE-OPENED on 1st October. Visitors wanting accommodation, please apply to—
Mr. J. L. DE SOUZA.
Proprietor.

ROYAL HINDU HOTEL
MATHERAN.
will re-open as usual from the beginning of October.
GOVINDJI VASANJI,
CHIRA BAZAAR, BOMBAY.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted," "To Be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words), 8 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcement.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Local — — .. Rs. 30 per annum
Up-country — .. Rs. 35 per annum.

Half-yearly quarterly or monthly Payable in advance.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

WANTED—PATIENTS suffering from all forms of Leucederma and patches etc Perfect cure within a month. Full course of treatment Rs. 30 only. Write for particulars and trial. THE EASTERN MEDICINE STORE, 77, Durga Ch. [illegible] 608

JOB PRINTING—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 6, Medows Street, Fort.

DR. CARR, D.D.S., Dentist to His Majesty's Forces, Largest Dental Practice, East of Suez. Dr. CARR, D.D.S., DENTAL SURGEON, 107, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY (OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER, OVER FRENCH BANK).

Dr. Carr desires to intimate to the Residents of Bombay that he is still able to maintain the lowest fees in India for the highest grade English and American Painless Dentistry. Large contracts for dental materials having been entered into before the war, make it possible to maintain the present prices. (Other Dentists and small buyers have now to pay 50 and 60 per cent. more for their materials and their charges have gone up accordingly.)

Latest methods in fitting perfect artificial teeth mounted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, etc.

FULL SETS UPPER OR LOWER FROM Rs. 50. Teeth without plates, Gold Crown, Bar and Bridge work. Teeth permanently filled with Gold, Porcelain and Amalgam (Painless).

Absolutely painless extractions. By his celebrated anaesthetic from one to 20 teeth may be extracted at a single sitting without the slightest pain also by Gas, Ether and Chloroform.

PYORRHOEA and other diseases of the mouth treated by the latest successful methods.

Dr. Carr is personally in attendance and guarantees all work.

Twenty years' experience in Europe, Asia and America.

Hours: Week days, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Sundays, 10 to 12 noon.

DR. CARR, D. D. S.
107, ESPLANADE ROAD.

MOTOR VEHICLES.

UP-TO-DATE MOTOR CAR ON HIRE from rupees one hundred (100) per month. Also for sale going cheap. The PATENT PNEUMATIC BLOCKS, TYRES and MOTOR TRANSPORT Co, Limited, Hughes Road, Chawpati.

PALMER the British made only high grade covers at Rs. 8 each; tubes Rs. 4 each. Whilst ordering, mention correct size and pattern. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona. 8804

EDUCATIONAL.

STUDENTS—Look sharp. B. G. DESAI'S MATRICULATION CLASS opened 1st July, meets daily (7-30 to 9 a.m.) Chanda Ramjee Girls' School, Bombay. 8809

FRUITS.

ORDERS Registered for Apples in August 9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3-8. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar P. O. Kulu—Punjab. 8761

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A TYPIST and CLERKS. Neat beautiful hand a necessity. Apply Box No. 954, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8816

WANTED—A thoroughly experienced EUROPEAN or EURASIAN LADY SHORTHAND TYPIST. Salary Rs. 120. Apply stating previous experience to Box No. 952, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8810

WANTED—A NURSE for taking care of infant Princes, in a Native State in Central India. A Deccani Lady will be preferred. Apply stating qualifications and terms to Box No. 951, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8805

WANTED—A good looking, young and energetic EUROPEAN GOVERNESS to look after two grown up children in Bombay, one knowing music will be preferred. Apply sharp to Box No. 948, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8802

WANTED—ONE ACCOUNT CLERK and ONE CORRESPONDENCE FAST TYPIST. Both Gujarati Hindus with three years' office experience. Salary Rs. 45 and upwards. Apply very fully. NAGINDAS and MANEKLAL, Churchgate Street, Bombay. 8820

WANTED—A LADY COMPANION for a Maharani in a Native State in Central India. A Deccani Lady of good education and standing will be preferred. Apply stating qualifications and salary expected to Box No. 950, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8804

WANTED—GRADUATES, including one SCIENCE man. Pay Rs. 50 to 60 according to qualifications with prospects. Apply stating 2nd Language and optional subject with testimonials if any to HEAD MASTER, Edward Memorial High School, Kaira. 8749

WANTED—An European experienced and capable man to take the charge of Stevedoring Department, with perfect knowledge [illegible] all kinds of Cargo. He shall also be [illegible] engaged in discharging and loading of Railway materials and heavy lifts. Ship-masters or Chief Officers will be preferred. An agreement of three years will be made. Write with testimonials and salary required, to Box No. 929, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8727

WANTED

WANTED—At once Rs. 95,000 on a mortgage of two new Buildings situated on Sandhurst Road, Brokers need not trouble. Write to Box No. 947, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8801

WANTED—TUITIONS by a distinguished Graduate with English Honours. Strong in French and Logic. Apply with terms to Box No. 941, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8778

WANTED—One or two attached FLATS, each having three or four bed-rooms, fitted with electric lights and fans, at Colaba, Cooperage or preferably Marine Lines. Please apply to Box No. 949, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8803

WANTED—TUITIONS by an experienced Hindu graduate strong in English and Mathematics. Best as a companion to youths. Write to Box No. 928, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8726

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

WANTED—PAID AGENTS in every town of India for a respectable Insurance Company. Salary Rs. 15 to Rs. 50 according to qualifications. Cash security Rs. 100 to Rs. 500. Apply to Box No. 909, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." c266

LOANS of money confidentially and promptly advanced to the most honest Government officers and others with or without security on most suitable terms. Please apply with fullest details to Box No. 907, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8626

WANTED—AGENTS for the New Indian Manufacturing Co., for Black Japan Phenyle, Varnish, Tupentine, and Boil oil. Manufacturer: R. G. Poongani. See our Sole Agents: N. MOOLJI & Co., Sandhurst Road, Bhimji Poonji Building, Dongree, Post No. 9. 8744

FREE from usual Fees, a Help and Blessing. A rare opportunity to those desirous of passing the Senior Cambridge Examination. EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL has formed a New Batch for the December Exam., and Pupils will be admitted [illegible] Half Fees till the end of May. Anxious Students (and those, who were quoted high Fees) should call on the Principal, at 259/261, Hornby Road, opp. Cox & Co

WANTED

WANTED—POST by an energetic experienced teacher, studied upto B.A., with French and English. Write to Box No. 946, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8800

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two LINOTYPE MACHINES, Duplex Double Letter, Model No. 10. Price Rs. 8,000 each or Rs. 15,000 for both. Apply to "Y. Z.", c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

DE-DION CAR, 18 H. P. six seated, Cabriollet Body, in excellent condition. Trial available at Messrs. BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR CAR AGENCY, where it will be put in auction to-day. 8819

FOR SALE—GREY WALER GELDING 14—3, age six, very smart and showy, perfectly quiet and confidential in harness, to be seen by appointment at W. STEPHENS & SONS, Girgaum. 8762

FOR SALE—A 4 Cyl. second-hand DARRAQUE CAR in fairly good condition recently overhauled. Selling cheap, as owner is leaving Bombay. Write to Post Box 19, G. P. O., Bombay. 8783

FOR SALE—One two-Cylinder MOTOR CAR, 5 seater, French make, with Stepney Wheel, one second-hand BROUGHAM, English make. Can be seen by appointment. Apply to Box No. 942, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8784

FOR SALE—ROVER CAR, English Built 8-10 H. P. Single Cylinder in thorough working order complete with Stepney and all accessories. Rs. 1,200 or nearest offer. Splendid bargain for a business runabout. Apply to Box No. 953, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8811

FOR SALE—Available with the Indus River Commission at Karachi, a MULTI-TUBULAR MARINE BOILER. Diameter 8ft.—9in. Length 9ft.—0in. Can be inspected at Kotri. North-Western Railway. Further particulars on application. Offers will be received up to 1st August 1917. F. WRIGHT, Chief Engineer in Sind.
Karachi, 27th June, 1917. 8742

FOR SALE—Two second-hand Wolff's Patent Compound Condensing Superheated Steam Locomobiles of 420 I.H.P. each (class V. K. 14), with removable corrugated furnaces and tubes, [illegible] with Mechanical Stokers Surface Condensors with Edward's Air Pumps. Boiler pressure 215 lbs. per square inch. Induced draught fan and Iron Chimney. Apply to the INDIAN CEMENT CO., LTD., Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay. 8729

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Hammond No. 2, with Back Spacer,	70
Blick No 7, Visible, Portable,	75
Densmore No. 5, with 2 Colours,	75
sVost No. 11, Brief Size	80
Oliver No. 3, Policy Size	...
Yost No. A, Visible, Fine,	140
Oliver No. 3, Brief Size,	140
Remington No. 7, Slightly Used,	170
Underwood No. 5, 2 Colours, Fine	..
Oliver No. 5, Rebuilt, Foolscap and Brief,	...
Remington No. 10, Rebuilt, Rs. 210, Brief	225
L. C. Smith & Bros. No. 5,	275
Senta, Portable, Visible, L. Case, New	180

NICOLLS & CO.,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
753 Hornby Road, Bombay.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Rebuilt Rs. 210 Brief	225
Remington No. 8 Two-colour Fine	110
Remington No. 7 Rs. 85, 2 colour	95
Oliver Typewriter No. 5 Rebuilt	200
Oliver Typewriter No. 3 Rebuilt	155
Royal Standard with B.S. & D/C	125
Empire No. 1 Portable Foolscap	100
Ideal Typewriter with B. S. Visible	110
Oliver Typewriter No. 3 very good	110
Chicago Portable	60

NOTE—All Rebuilt Machines are supplied with Brand New Metal Covers and Base-boards (not Second-hand or shop-soiled).

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
36, Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay.
Tele: "Writertype."

TO BE LET

TO LET—At Andheri, Marzbanabad Road, a storyed BUNGALOW immediately. Excellent and healthy situation. Rent Rs. 150 a month. Apply to Messrs. KANGA and SAYANI, Solicitors, Bombay. 8763

WATSON'S ANNEX Apollo Bunder. Rooms facing Yacht Club. Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to 125. Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD and FINAL DIVIDEND of 4 (four) pies in a rupee, will be made payable to the creditors to the estate of THAKKAR BHAGVANDAS VISRAM & Co., in full satisfaction of their claim, on and after MONDAY, 9th JULY, 1917, between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p.m. (S. T.), at my office, situated at No. 111, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

PURSHOTAMDAS THAKURDAS,
for Self and Surviving Trustees.
Bombay, 6th July, 1917.
8808

NOTICE.

THE SIR WAGHJI WADHWAN-CAMP MFG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, it is resolved at the General Meeting held on the 23rd ultimo, to pay a Dividend of Re. 25 per Share for the year ending 31st December, 1916, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, on presentation of share-certificates, on and after 16th July, 1917.

MOTI JETHA & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 2nd July, 1917.
8797

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Share Certificate No. 55075 of the Central Provinces Railways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of the late Mr. Nanalal Goverdhandas, has been LOST, STOLEN or MISLAID. The Public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the Certificate in any way, but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

MOTILAL T. DALAL,
Pleader for Maganlal Parshotamdas, and Guardian of Bai Kalavati Nanalal, a Minor, Next-of-Kin, of Nanalal Gordhandas, deceased.
Bombay, 6th June, 1917.
Khetwady Main Road,
Near Small Causes Court.
8813

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of the undermentioned packing materials will be received by the Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Bombay, up to 12 noon on the 16th July, 1917.

(1) Packing cases, size 8 (a) of well seasoned English white dealwood as per sample, with 16 spare nails per each case ..... 4,200 cases.
(2) Packing paper ..... 22 reams.
(3) Tarbungra ..... 210 maunds.
(4) Iron binding with hoop iron and [illegible] etc., writing with galvanized wire staples and seals complete, including labour ..... 4,200 cases.

Samples can be expected at the ARMY CLOTHING FACTORY, Colaba.
8781

NOTICE.

I, the undersigned do hereby inform all concerned that for upwards of 14 years I was doing business in Partnership with my father Mr. Mahommedally Akberally in hardwares and Timber, etc., as local dealers and Government contractors in Military and Civil, P. W. D. holding our shop in 55 and 56, Main Street, Poona Camp.

It is a period of one year that I have been separated with the partnership of my father and opened a new shop at 1158 Exhibition Road, near Lodi's Baodi, Poona Camp carrying out all my business independently.

TAHERBHOY MAHOMEDALLY.
8824

RUSSIAN 1917 5 P.C LIBERTY LOAN.

(ISSUED AT 85 AND REDEEMABLE AT PAR.)

SUBSCRIPTION to the above Loan is now open and will continue until the 28th of July.

The Russian 5 per cent. Liberty Loan is issued for an unlimited amount and is not convertible before 1927.

Issued price Rbls. 85 per Rbls. 100 nominal and bears interest at 5 per cent. free of all Russian taxes.

Will be repaid in full at par by the end of 55 years by yearly drawings beginning from December 1922.

Coupons payable half-yearly in March and September.

The Russo-Asiatic Bank, Bombay, now accepts applications for this Loan, will transmit same to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and commission and will quote specially favourable rates for Russian Exchange besides giving subscribers every facility in the way of advances against the bonds.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK,
8769 Bombay.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership subsisting between the undersigned KAVASJI PESTONJI DALAL and NOWROJI RUSTOMJI BILLIMORIA for carrying on the concern known as the Parsi High School, Panchgani, has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 1st day of June, 1917, and that the said concern from the said date is being carried on, under the same name and style by the said Nowroji Rustomji Billimoria as the sole proprietor and principal thereof. All debts due to and owing by the said late partnership will be received and paid respectively by the said Nowroji Rustomji Billimoria alone.

Dated at Panchgani this 18th day of June, 1917.

K. P. DALAL,
N. R. BILLIMORIA.
8767

PUBLIC NOTICES

CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

DADAR-MATUNGA ESTATE.

THE TRUSTEES for the Improvement of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive tenders as to rent payable by persons desirous of entering into agreements for building leases for terms of 999 years of Plots Nos. 2 to 9 and 14 to 19 on this Estate.

A maximum free period of 24 months from the date of possession will be granted, but such free period will terminate on the occupation of the buildings, should such occupation occur before the expiration of the 24 months.

A rebate of 25 per cent. of the ground rent will be allowed from the date on which rent first accrues to the expiration of the first five years of the lease term. (Note.—The term will run from the date of possession.)

Tenders must be submitted in sealed envelopes to the undersigned not later than one o'clock (S. T.), on the 3rd August, 1917.

The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Plans, forms of agreement to lease and building regulations, may be seen at the Board's Offices, Esplanade Road, Fort.

R. H. A. DELVES, F.S.I.,
Dy. Land Manager.
8814

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

WITH effect from 1st July next, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank accounts will be increased to 4 per cent. until further notice.

R. AITKEN.
Secretary and Treasurer,
Bombay, 21st June, 1917. 8617

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882
and
In the matter of the CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (In Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a THIRD and FINAL DIVIDEND of half anna in the rupee, has been declared in the above matter and the same will be paid at my office, Saboo Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, on or after the 16th July, 1917.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1917.

R. D. SETHNA,
Official Liquidator.
8798

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of NAROTAM HEMRAJ, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant ..... Deceased.

ISHVER HEMRAJ, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Building Contracter, a brother of the said deceased, residing at Nulbazar, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the eighth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALBARI,
Actg. Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
29th day of June, 1917.
Messrs. SURVEYOR & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
8806

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BAVAMIYA alias CHHOTUMIYA JAMALMIYA, of Bombay, Sayed Mahomedan Inhabitant, a widower, till his death in service of Messrs. Currim Ayub and Co. ..... Deceased.

AMIR SAHEB JAMAL MIYA, of Dholka, Sayed Mahomedan Inhabitant, a priest, now temporarily residing near Jackeria Masjid, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-seventh day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventeen, and in the eighth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Actg. Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 28th day of June, 1917.
Messrs. UNWALLA, PEEROZSHAW & PAPA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
8815

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DAYAL RATANSEY, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our clients, the property situate at Borivali described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having claims against the said property by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, sale or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 91, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims (if any) will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Borivali Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, and made up of several Survey and other Numbers, a particular list whereof is given below, admeasuring about 4 acres and 20½ gunthas be the same little more or less together with the buildings, chawls, wells, wheels, out-houses, whereon are numbered by the Notified Area Committee of Salsette as 69 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the Ghodbunder Road, on or towards the West by the property of Khunderao Ramchandra Sheth, on or towards the North by the property of Dharamsey Mowji and on or towards the South by the property of Ramchandra Vishnu Madgaoker.

Record of rights entry No.	Agricultural Survey No.	Non-agricultural Survey No.	Pot No.	Area Acre	Gunthas
456	114	—	1-6	1	13½
460	115	—	2	1	0
464	111	—	6	0	21½
529	—	7	—	1	25½
				4	20½

Dated this 6th day of July, 1917.

MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & Co.,
8821 Purchasers' Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TRIBHOWANDAS VURJIWANDAS, Esq., Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the property mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easement or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, at No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

FIRST—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground and cart with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses or bungalow, standing thereon situate lying and being on the Western Side of Arthur Road in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement two thousand one hundred and seventy-seven square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 320, New No. 13840, Old Survey No. 448 and New Survey No. 2/3396 and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under D Ward Nos. 3883 and 3884 and Street Nos. 8-10 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North partly by the property of Merwanji Muncherji Cama and Hormusji Muncherji Cama and partly by the property of Cassumally Jairajbhai Peerbhoy, on or towards the East by the said Arthur Road on or towards the South by the property of Nemchand Hirachand and on or towards the West partly by the property of Balliwalla's Trustees and partly by the vacant land hereunder secondly described.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Foras tenure (since redeemed) situate lying and being in the City and Island or the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 380 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 82 3394 and assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 3846 (5) Street No. 10 and bounded as follows:—On the North by the property of Kassumally Jairaj Peerbhoy, on the South by the property of the Balliwala Trustees on the East by the property hereinabove first described and on the West by Wadia Street.

Dated this 6th day of July, 1917.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
8818 Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of ABDUL HUSSEIN TAHERALLY, late of Bombay, Bohra Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Cotton Waste Merchant, residing at Dhabu Street, outside the Fort ..... Deceased.

ASMABAI, widow of ABDUL HOOSEIN TAHERALLY, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Dhabu Street, outside the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-seventh day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventeen, and in the eighth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Actg. Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 29th day of June, 1917.
Messrs. KANGA and SAYANI,
8807 Petitioner's Attorneys.

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ANUNDIBAI and BHAGIRTHIBAI, widows of Bhai RAMCHUNDER, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants executrices of the last Will and Testament of the said Bhai RAMCHUNDER, deceased have contracted to sell to our client the property mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written

All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easement or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 14 K. Hammam Street, Fort within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and a moiety of a well standing thereon, situate lying and being at Parbhadevi Road, Mahim without the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 5,487 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the North by the property of the Vendors on or towards the South by public passage on or towards the East by the property of Harakhchand Jetha and on or towards the West by Parbhadevi Road and which said premises form par. of a larger property registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 589-759, New Nos. 4501-4695, Old Survey Nos. 418, 419, and New Survey No. 177 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 2757 (1) and 2758 (1) and Street Nos. 222-223 and are in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants and are more particularly delineated on the plan thereof, hereto annexed and thereon surrounded by a red border line.

Dated this 6th day of July, 1917.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

6817

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS

No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT TANDAL STREET AND UPPER MAHIM, LADY JAMSEDJI ROAD.

By order of and under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for Jummabhai Nanji and Bai Fatmabai wife of the said Jummabhai Nanji the Mortgagees, Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned properties, by Public Auction on the premises on account and at the risk of Aminabai widow of Mahomed Saleh bin Mahomed Hoosein Khote, Ayoob Mahomed Saleh Khote, Mahomed Cassom Mahomed Saleh Khote, and Maimoona binte Mahomed Saleh Khote, the mortgagors pursuant to the power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 9th day of December, 1914, and made between the said Aminabai widow of Mahomed Saleh bin Mahomed Hoosein Khote, Ayoob Mahomed Saleh Khote, Mahomed Cassam Mahomed Saleh Khote, and Maimoona binte Mahomed Saleh Khote of the one part and the said Jummabhai Nanji and Fatmabai his wife of the other part.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

LOT NO. 1.

On SATURDAY, the 21st day of July, 1917, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Tandal Street in the Island and Registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 86 square yards be the same little more or less and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3108 and in the Books of the Municipality under B Ward No. 3302, Street Nos. 162-164 and bounded on or towards the North by Seedhi's Durga on or towards the East by the said Tandal Street on or towards the South by the property of Haji Ghani Haji Usman and on or towards the West by the Khoja Burial ground.

LOT NO. II.

On MONDAY, the 23rd day of July, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises. All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate lying and being at Upper Mahim in the Oart, called Lawtonwadi at Lady Jamsetjee Road outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 114 7/9 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4960 and Street No. 288 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 22 and bounded as follows on the East by the public passage on the west partly by the Lawtonwadi and partly by a passage and beyond that by the house of Hakim Abdul Rag on the North by the public passage and on the South by the moiety of a gully and beyond that by the house of Shaik Ali.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to Messrs. Shamrao Minochcher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the mortgagees at their office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th July, 1917.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 9th July, 1917, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard and next to the Great Western Hotel, Fort, horses, carriages, and bicycles at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), and new designed furniture and sundry articles at 3 p.m. (S. T.).

Furniture such as blackwood, rich carved specially made to order drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, panel door, almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, glassware, etc.

1 set Encyclopoedia Britannica with revolving book-stand.

AT 2-30 P. M.

1 rubber-tyred glass-fronted miniature office brougham and 1 office shigram.

1 rubber-tyred handsome victoria.

1 Arab horse.

Second-hand bicycles.

By order of the concerned:—

1 P. N. 6 H. P. Motor Cycle, 4 cylinder, Bosch H. T. Magneto, in good running order.

1 N. S. U. Motor Cycle, free engine, in good running order.

1 triumph 2½ H. P. Motor Cycle, in good running order.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th July, 1917.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL

"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW,"
LAMINGTON ROAD.

TO-NIGHT
"THE LAST CHAPTER"
being the 15th & last episode of
THE
"SHIELDING SHADOW"
showing
JERRY'S THRILLING FIGHT
WITH THE
OCTOPUS
AT THE BOTTOM OF THE SEA
and many other sensational incidents.

ALSO
"DUTY BEFORE LOVE"
A great modern War Drama
in 3 acts.
How a French Girl fell into the hands of the German Spies and how she out-witted them and finally emerged Triumphant.

PATHE GAZETTE
latest.

"MINING INSECT—THE MOLE—CRICKET"
Scientific Series. Coloured.

"SKINNY'S LOVE TANGLE"
comic.

7, 8-45, & 10-30 p. m. daily.
Matinee, every Saturday and Sunday, 5 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES.

NEW
ALEXANDRA
Near Crawford Market.

To-night! ***To-night!***

The finest achievement in the history of filmdom in India,
Superb Eclair Production.
FOR THE HONOUR OF FRANCE.
5 reels. 60 0 feet.
featuring
MLLE. ANDREE PASCAL
of the Ambigu Theatre.
A STORY OF OUR GALLANT ALLY
from the famous drama by A. Barnedo.
TELLING OF PATRIOTISM AND LOVE OF COUNTRY.
A story of to-day brimming over with dramatic intensity. A story which creates an atmosphere of fervid patriotism in its broadest sense. A great and powerful story of France and the French patriotism.
Also showing
a two-reel roaring comic featuring the great comedians **BILLY MERSON** and **LUPINO LANE** for the first time in India on the screen.
THRICE NIGHTLY:
7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY:
PRIZE SHOWS 5-15 to 6-45.

LOOK OUT
FOR
"THE PURPLE MASK."

THE MOST THRILLING SECOND INSTALMENT
of the World-renowned Serial
MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY
55,000 FEET LONG.
Each Instalment 10,000 feet long.
TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT
AT THE
NEW ALHAMBRA CINEMA.
RATES HALF ONLY.
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
3 PRIZE MATINEES AT 3 & 5
AND
EVERY NIGHT
AT 7, 9 AND 11 (S. T.).
NEW SANDHURST ROAD.
Telephone No. 2417.

AMUSEMENTS.

A GOOD SEAT! A BEAUTIFUL THEATRE!! A GREAT PROGRAMME!!!

Bombay's Largest and Finest Picture Theatre

EMPIRE CINEMA
HORNBY ROAD, BORI BUNDER.

For the Latest Cinema Novelties

SCIENCE! TOPICAL! COMEDY! PROBLEM! DRAMA!
A Picture Programme to suit every phase of taste.

"WHO'S GUILTY"? **"THE TRIAL OF SOULS"** "WHO'S GUILTY"?

Scene from "WHO'S GUILTY?" "A TRIAL OF SOULS"—Pathé.

A fine Drama of American Military Life.

"The Trial of Souls." The 10th Episode of this enthralling series: A Skeleton in the Cup-board and the innocent suffer.
SEE ANNA NILSON & TOM MOORE in this searching Problem.

MAKING A MODERN CAR
A wonderfully instructive film showing how the famous "Overland" is made
MAKING A 1000 CARS A DAY.
A CAR MADE BEFORE YOUR EYES.
From the Forge to the Road. The remarkable organisation of a modern American Factory. A revelation in the latest uses of Machinery.

COMEDY CARTOONS **MAKING A MOTOR CAR** COMEDY CARTOONS
As the Artist saw it..Hilariously fantastic Cartoons of the uncanny ingenuity shown by an up-to-date maker of a Modern Car.
THESE SKETCHES ARE THE LAST WORD IN CINEMATOGRAPHY.

FOR THE PICK OF THE PICTURES **EMPIRE CINEMA** TO-DAY & TO-MORROW 4 30, 6-30, 8-30 & 10 p.m.

TO-DAY
You start with the Second Week of the fascinating glorious Serial
"THE DIAMOND FROM THE SKY."

A photo—play which has evoked unqualified admiration and praise in both the New and the Old Worlds! The 60,000 feet film, in 60 parts, is absolutely
the LAST WORD in the Science of Cinematography.
The Second instalment of four chapters commences to-day,
AT THE
WEST END CINEMA
(New Churny Road).

LOOK SHARP!—the Second week is as full of remarkable incidents, exciting life—and—death episodes and gasping thrills as the preceding week.

The dashing hero Sir Arthur Stanley, in some of his foolhardy desperate pranks, marks you jump out of your seats! He shows you how to ride a horse through thick and thin—any way!

It matters not if you have missed the first week. Start with the Second batch of 8 reels straight away! You will be able to follow the story clearly enough! It is not yet too late!

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FOUR SHOWS DAILY AT 5-15, 7, 8-45 AND 10-15 P.M. (S.T.)
Half charges, Re. 1, Ans. 12, 8, 6, 4 and 2.

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40,000 feet long. TWO EPISODES. 4 parts 6,000 feet weekly.
Together with another unique modern Serial of
Striking scenes from LIQUOR AND THE LAW.
First two reel Episode of Universal special feature.
60,000 feet long. GRAFT. 2,000 feet weekly.
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HALF A MINUTE FROM TRAMS.

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To-night —— ***To-night***
IS THE NIGHT
AT THE BOMBAY'S LEADING CINEMA
ELDORADO
Our last week's packed Houses is ample proof enough that very few missed the first 2 Episodes of the
GREAT SPANISH LOVE SERIAL
"JUSTICE"
but in case you have missed them, hurry up-to-night, do not keep back and deprive yourself of seeing one of the best, the first, the highest Spanish Love Serials.

To-night—START'S "JUSTICE and REVENGE"
To-night—LOVE.—HATE.—TRAGEDY
To-night—DAVID ROSCOE saved from the King of the forest.
To-night—Do Not Miss the mightiest Programme in Bombay.
To-night—4 Waterproofs as Prize at 5 p.m.
To-morrow—4 Waterproofs as Prize at 5 p. m.
Look out for Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in the Purple Mask.

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Prof. CHOLKAR.
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Londres	„	„	Extractos	„	„ 100

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PEGGY AND ROSIE
The Twinkling Twins.
GEORGE DEL ROY
and
FRED. HARCOURT.
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THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 6.

The monsoon has weakened except in Northwest India and Burma coast. The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, southeast Punjab, Gujarat; local in Bihar, west United Provinces, Northwest Frontier provinces, Rajputana and Konkan. A few falls have also occurred in North Burma and Northeast Baluchistan.

The chief amounts are:—Mergui, Tavoy five inches; Victoria Point four; Kyaukpyu three; Akyab two; Rangoon and Sibsagar one and half; Cherrapunji seven; Dibrugarh, Cox's Bazar, Chittagon two; Burdwan one and half; Jessore, Mussoorie three; Ludhiana two; Harnai three quarters; Mount Abu nine; Deesa and Ahmedabad one and half.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain along the Northwest Frontier.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 6th July 17.	Total since 1st June 1917	June 1st to July 6th, 1916	June 1st to July 6th, 1915
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.10	16.19	24.42	40.40
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.20	18.29	22.42	37.32
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital]	0.31	18.29	22.12	38.37
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.23	17.99	24.02	43.26
Kemp and Co., Cumballa Hill..	..	..	..	..

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 5th July 1917.
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr....	29.726 Inch;
Temperature of Air	82.7 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.6 "
Dew Point.....	77.1 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.835 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10).....	7.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86 3 "
Minimum ..... do.	76.6 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	SW,SSW,WSW.
Movement of Wind do. do.	172 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.12 Inches.
Total fall during month	0.83 "
Do. do. year	18.72 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 6th July	0.03 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.	Day of Month	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.
	July	h. m.	ft. in.	July	h. m.	ft. in.
Fri.	6	0 36a	30 1	6	m 5 43	14 3
					6 40a	17 7
Sat.	7	m 0 33	27 9	7	m 6 17	14 6
		1 17a	30 3		7 24a	17 0
Sun.	8	m 1 21	27 11	8	m 7 12	15 1
		1 59a	29 11		8 10a	16 8
Mon.	9	m 2 12	27 8	9	m 8 0	16 2
		2 42a	29 3		8 50a	16 7
Tues	10	m 3 0	27 3	10	m 8 53	17 6
		3 27a	28 4		9 52a	16 8
Wed	11	m 4 13	26 7	11	m 9 53	18 11
		4 18a	27 3		10 50	16 11
Thur	12	m 5 24	26 1	12	m 11 4	2 2
		5 7a	26 3		11 54	17 1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

July	Sunrise.	Sunset.
" 6 (Friday)	6h. 6m. a	7h. 20m
" 7 (Saturday)	6h. 7m. a	7h. 20m.
" 8 (Sunday)	6h. 7m. a	7h. 20m.
" 9 (Monday)	6h. 8m. a	7h. 19m
" 10 (Tuesday)	6h. 8m. a	7h. 19m
" 11 (Wednesday)	6h. 9m. a	7h. 19m
" 12 (Thursday)	6h. 9m. a	7h. 19m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—New Moon 1917 June 19d, 6h 22-2m. p.m.; First Quarter, 27d, 9h. 38-4m. p.m.; Full Moon, July 5d, 3h. 10 5m. a.m.; Last Quarter, 11d, 5h. 41-9m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at hours on Friday, the 6th July 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the east Punjab; Hissar has had 0.27 in. and Ambala and Delhi 0.15in. each. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in defect.

The United Provinces.—Jhansi reports 0.12 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Temperature is in defect except at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rajputana and local in west Rajputana; Jodhpur has had 0.71in., Ajmer 0.37in., Jaipur 0.30in. and Mount Abu 8.60in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual in Rajputana but drier in upper Sind. Temperature is in defect in Rajputana.

Gujarat. Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Gujarat and Kathiawar with the exception of the extreme western districts; Bhuj has had 0.33in., Veraval 0.11in., Bhavnagar-Para 1.20in., Surat 0.13in., Ahmedabad 1.71in. and Deesa 1.30in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been local; Bombay has had 0.10in. and Ratnagiri 0.67in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Malegaon reports 0.13in. of rain. Skies are lightly clouded. Day temperature is in excess in the south Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—An area of relative low pressure is still noticeable over Bikaner. There has been a general decrease of precipitation. Rainfall has been nearly general in Gujarat, Kathiawar with the exception of the extreme western districts, east Rajputana and the east Punjab and local in west Rajputana, the Konkan and the extreme western districts of the United Provinces. Winds are decreasing in strength in the north-east Arabian Sea.

Fairly general rain is likely in the east Punjab, Rajputana and Gujarat, local rain in the north Punjab, Kathiawar and the Konkan and some showers in south-east Madras and Sind.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. ON FRIDAY, the 6th of July 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade: Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity: 8 A. M.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours	Rainfall: Total 1st June to date	Rainfall: Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (5th July)	93	81	43	..	6	..
Jask	93.6	81	81	..	0	—0.05
Do. (July)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muscat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (July)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	101.5	80.8	74	..	2.29	+1.37
Rawalpindi	90.9	75.1	74	..	14.61	+11.38
Lahore	91.0	77.3	80	..	3 25	+0 63
Hissar	93.7	77.2	81	0.27	3.41	..
Ambala	87.9	70.7	82	0.15	7.78	+2.23
Delhi	87	78.2	84	0.15	6.02	+1 43
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	90.1	77.0	78	0.05	4.57	+0.36
Mainpuri	80.3	77.0	55	..	5.02	+0.04
Jhansi	88	74.7	72	0.12	3.94	—3.20
Cawnpore	91.4	78.1	73	..	5 94	+1.22
Allahabad	91.5	79 7	74	..	8 34	+1.21
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	112.1	86 0	50	..	0	—0.32
Karachi	87	81 3	76	..	0.04	—1.10
Ajmer	83 2	73.9	9.0	37	10 07	+7.21
Jaipore	84.5	74.1	93	0.20	8.83	+5.39
Kotah	89.0	71 6	75	..	12.0[illegible]	+8 37
Mount Abu	68.0	63 9	99	8.60	21.5[illegible]	+14.85
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	81.7	70 9	84	0 33	7.47	+4.9[illegible]
Dwarka	84.0	81.2	13	..	14.39	+1.27
Veraval	82	80.3	88	0.11	17.04	+12.[illegible]
Rajkot	83	174.3	89	..	11.04	+0.0[illegible]
Bhavnagar Para	84.0	74 0	87	1.20	9.41	+4.9[illegible]
Surat	84	978 5	81	0.13	19 8[illegible]	+2.70
Ahmedabad	81	77.8	89	1 71	3.44	+6.95
Deesa	79	8 73 6	93	1 30	10 89	+7 3[illegible]
Baroach	81.1	76 0	85	0 13	18.54	+12.94
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GENERAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	89.7	74.5	73	..	11 66	+0 65
Saugor	81.0	71.8	81	..	11 60	+2.[illegible]
Hoshangabad	89.1	73 4	87	..	15 42	+7.10
Nagpur	90	74.5	72	..	10.76	+4.9[illegible]
Akola	91	1 72.7	74	..	0.84	+0 4[illegible]
Amraoti	92	8 73 3	70	..	0.61	—1.[illegible]
Nagpur	90	6 73 8	73	..	1.17	+0.6[illegible]
Chanda	87	7 75.0	73	..	14.95	+5.49
Raipur	88.8	76.1	76	..	21 34	+10 37
KONKAN—						
Bombay	86.8	79.4	83	0.10	16 19	—7.82
Ratnagiri	89 9	75.5	80	0.67	32.76	—3.64
Marmugao	87 2	76.0	90	0.3	39 97	—4.39
Karwar	86.1	76.7	90	0.01	48.76	—0.41
DECCAN AND SOUTH MAHRATTA—						
Malegaon	..	1.6	88	0.13	1. 0	—4.47
Ahmednagar	86.6	68.7	70	0.43	3.15	—2 60
Poona	86.8	71 1	74	..	4.51	—1 19
Sholapur	95 5	72.6	63	..	3 95	—2.11
Bijapur	92.4	69.1	70	..	0.68	+2.14
Belgaum	79.6	68.8	94	0.05	11.56	+0 81
Aurangabad	88.0	68 4	74	..	8 68	+2 42
Nizamabad (Indur).	93 9	76 2	50	..	5.86	+0 74
Hyderabad	93.6	74 0	74	..	2 95	—2 37
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	86 9	74 3	89	..	59.69	+12.83
Calicut	85.6	76.1	82	..	36.29	—4 42
Cochin	.6 4	77.6	86	..	42.47	—1 01
Colombo	86.6	77.2	83	0.01	9 59	—2 77
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	92.8	79.2	81	..	8.69	+2 96
Bellary	93 3	72.2	66	..	2.64	+0 82
Cuddapah	91 0	77 6	6	..	3.14	—0.06
Madras	89.6	77 8	82	..	0 30	+2.13
Bangalore	90.4	68.8	72	0.03	3.83	—0.20
Coimbatore	91.4	72 0	66	..	0.74	—1.06
Trichinopoly	93.4	78.1	64	..	2.45	—1 72
Negapatam	89.6	79.2	93	0.03	1.63	—0.12

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 6th July, 1917, was 29.94v inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

A SUGGESTION TO LOTTERY WINNERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Allow me to make one suggestion to the lucky few on whom the Goddess of War Loan Lottery may smile—for the benefit of the poor blind boys who at the bidding of the goddess have been weaving the web of Fortune for those lucky few. It could not be expecting too much of the prize winners and particularly those to whom the fat prizes happen to go to do something appreciable for the eight blind boys. Besides the satisfaction of the heart to the prize-winners, it would mean a fortune to the blind boys so surely as the prizes would be to their winners. It would also be worth suggesting that the few first prize winners should also make some handsome donations to the institution for the blind.—Yours, etc.,

SYMPATHISER.

Bombay, 5th July.

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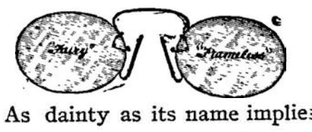

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CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, July 5th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		3,000
" " Imports		2,000
Mid. Americans		19.10 Unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F.		29.60 +50
New York 11 a. m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	Oct.	24.45
	Jan. Mutilated	
	Mar.	24.60

OPENING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, July 5th.

Months	To-day's opening price	
July	28.00	
Oct.	27.09	+50
Nov.	27.25	

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.

Months.	To-day's opening price.	
July	18 00	Unchanged.
July-Aug	17.75	
Aug.-Sept.	17.42	
Sept.-Oct.	17.12	
Oct.-Nov	16.79	
Nov.-Dec.	16.30	
Dec.-Jan.	16.15	
Jan.-Feb.	16.05	
Feb.-Mar.	15.98	
Mar.-Apl.	15.87	
April-May	15.79	
May-June	15.71	
June-July	15.63	

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 5th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	
July	18.00	Unchanged.
July-Aug.	17.75	
Aug.-Sept.	17.42	
Sept.-Oct.	17.12	
Oct.-Nov.	16.79	
Nov.-Dec.	16.30	
Dec.-Jan.	16.15	
Jan.-Feb.	16.05	
Feb.-March	15.86	
March-April	15.87	
Apl.-May.	15.79	
May-June	15.71	
June-July	15.63	

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, July 5th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	
July	28.00	+50
Oct.	27.00	
Nov.	27.25	

COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Wednesday, July 4th.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 1,20,00,000.

Rs.		Rs.
20,000 were allotted to Calcutta		20,000
" " " to Bombay		
" " " to Madras		
Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 5/32		
" Bombay		
Min Rate Received Calcutta 56%	above that rate in full.	
Bombay		

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—Immediate.

Rs.		Rs
1,13,000 were allotted to Calcutta		7,89,000
5,63,000 " " to Bombay		
1,13,000 " " to Madras		
Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 1/4.		
" Bombay		
Min. Rate Received Calcutta 56%	above that rate in full.	
Bombay		

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—Deferred.

Rs.		Rs.
29,26,000 were allotted to Calcutta		111,91,000
74,95,000 " " to Bombay		
7,70,000 " " to Madras		
Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 5/32.		
" Bombay		
Min Rate Received Calcutta 56%	above that rate in full	
Bombay		

	Rs.
Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale	1,20,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week	1,20,00,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, July 5th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	11,000
Futures at New York Oct.	24.53—45
" " Jan.	24.76—45
" " Mar.	24.94—46
Spot Cotton at New York	25.45—20
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	24.25—75
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	23.72—42
" " Jan.	24.08—41

REPETITION.

New York, June 29th.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9 3/8

MONEY MARKET.

London, July 4th.

Bar Silver Spot	39 7/8
Closing Tone of Silver:—Continental buying; scarcity of supplies, therefore, tone Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 7/8
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	4 3/4
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5 1/8
" " 6 "	5 3/8
Interest day to day loans	3 3/4
" 7 day market loans	4 1/8
Consols 2½%	55 Unchgd.
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	45
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	66½ +½
Government Securities 3%	56½ +½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.15 Unchgd.

London, July 5th.

Silver	39 7/8

WAR LOANS.

London, July 4th.

3½% 1925—1928	£87½+
4½% 1925—1945	£94½+½
5% Nav	£94 9/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London July 4th.

WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe—63 lbs. Afloat	89
Australian Afloat	83
Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492 lbs. C I F. Afloat	86/9
Wheat Red Karachi per 492 lbs C.I.F Afloat	86/3
Wheat Choice White Bombay Afloat	39/6
Wheat White Delhi Afloat	86/9
Wheat-Red Delhi Afloat	86/3
Wheat Bombay Club No. 1 Afloat	86/9

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley Afloat	70

RAPESEED

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold per ton May-June Value	600
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, ex-Ship per ton June-July Buyers	600
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore ex-Ship per ton Afloat Paid	560
Toria Rapeseed per ton Not offered.	

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton June Buye s	600
Linseed Calcutta June-July Value	600

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£138
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£130½
Hard Spelter Nominal	42½

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Aug.-Oct.	16/10½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay Aug.-Oct.	17/1½
do. do Karachi Aug.-Oct.	17/2½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Oct.	19/1½
do. do. Bombay Aug. Oct.	19/4½
do. do Karachi Aug. Oct.	19/5½

RUBBER

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure July-Aug. Value	3
Plantation First Latex Crepe July	2/6½

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW.

London, July 4th.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow	63
" " Mutton Tallow	65

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 6.

The feature of the week has been the publication of the Bureau Report, to which we referred fully on Tuesday last. There has been a sharp decline in New York during the week amounting up to the close on Tuesday to 160 points. This drop is not due to anything bearish in the Bureau Report (which we remarked at the time was decidedly bullish), but to legislation in America regarding the control of the cotton markets, in much the same manner as the Liverpool market is now controlled. So far the Bill has not become law, but it is possible that the American markets will soon be under Government control. This would be a step in the right direction as the situation was undoubtedly becoming a serious one for the cotton trade, and unless the New Crop in America shows a very decided improvement and there are reasonable prospects of a large crop being grown (of which so far there are no signs) the markets may remain under control throughout the season. Up to yesterday's (Thursday's) close, Liverpool fixed prices for futures had been lowered 55 points on the week.

The local market was closed for three days during the past week, and business has consequently been on very moderate lines. Fine Broach July has varied between Rs. 520 and Rs. 509, and as settlements have been practically completed little business has been done. Quotations in Bengals July have been fair and prices have not moved as other descriptions have. The chief business has been in New Crop Good Broach April with Japanese houses buyers on Bombay Cotton Trade Association terms. In the bazaar business on Bombay Cotton Exchange terms has been slack. Shroffs are not operating and transactions are chiefly amongst brokers. The highest price in the bazaar for Good Broach April has been Rs. 526, but the rate had declined to Rs. 500 this morning. The price for Good Broach April on Bombay Cotton Trade Association terms rules at about Rs. 10 to Rs. 12 over the bazaar quotation. A few hundred bales of Fine Bengal January changed hands early in the week at Rs. 412 (B. C. T. A. terms).

Southern descriptions for July-August and August-September were very steady during the greater part of the week, with business passing, but are easier since yesterday.

Owing to the ready market having been so often closed this week there is little of importance to report. There is now a moderate enquiry and prices are rather easier. The demand runs on Bengals, Oomras and stapled styles, exporters and mills being buyers.

Reports regarding the New Crop in India are most satisfactory. A larger area has been sown in many districts and sowing is still progressing. The rainfall during the week has been widespread and most beneficial. Altogether the crop has had an excellent start.

QUOTATIONS 5-45 P.M.

OLD CROP.

Fine Broach	July		513
Fine Khamgaon-Akola	July		450
Fine M. G. Bengal	July		367
Good M. G. Westerns	July-Augt		445
Good H. G. Westerns	July-Augt		435
Good Sawgd. Dharwar	July-Augt		480
Good M. G. Coompta	July-Augt		479
Good M. G. Miraj	July-Augt		475

NEW CROP.

Good Broach	April 1918		498
Fully Good Bengal	January 1918		370

Prices for New Crop are net, the 5½ per cent discount having been abolished.

QUOTATIONS 9-30 P. M.

OLD CROPS.

Bengal	July		367
Broach	July		514

NEW CROP.

Bengal	Jan.		385
Broach	April		495

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc, for the week ending 6 p.m. of 5th July:—

Cotton	62,768 bales.

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 6th JULY 1917.

Growths.	Super-fine	Fine	F.G	Gd.	F.G.F.	Delivery.
M. G. Bengals	374	364	354			Ready.
M. G. Scinda Punjab	374	364	354			"
M. G. Akola-Khamgaon, Fair Staple.		460	440			"
M. G. Broach		517				"
M. G. Athni-Miraj "Good Staple"				490	476	"
Saw-Ginned Dharwar				490	480	"
M. G. Westerns				458	444	"
H. G. Westerns				448	434	"
M. G. Coompta				491	477	"
M. G. Kadi Viramgam				485	473	"
M.G. Dharangadra				480	468	"
M.G. Mundra				481	469	"

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season:—

Growths.	Total for the week ending 6th July, 1917.	Total to date since September 1st. 1916.	1917.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandesh	718	287,388	359,783
Central India	8,821	167,405	229,140
Barsee and Nuggur	110	115,614	247,639
Berar	3,565	394,402	664,733
Central Provinces	Nil	91,532	182,409
Total Oomras	13,014	1,057,341	1,703,614
Dhollera	8,232	387,047	101,63.
Broach	1,725	302,272	261,858
Compta and Dharwar	11,757	131,135	159,575
Westerns-Northerns	6,078	75,741	127,759
Bengals (N.W. Provinces	446	274,388	313,086
Bengals (Rajputana	8,248	167,194	81,793
Sind, Punjab	12,388	311,987	184,350
Cocanada	514	19,145	26,599
Persian	2	264	525
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	304	23,677	33,267
American	Nil	58	Nil
Egyptian	Nil	463	792
Other sorts	Nil	10,861	2,645
Total	62,768	2,764,783	3,006,498

COTTON STATISTICS.

	1917	1916	Difference.
Receipts for the week	62,768	27,616	+ 35,092
	1916-17	1915-16	
Receipts from 1st September to 5th July	2,764,783	3,003,489	— 241,715
	1917	1916	
Shipts for week—Europe	Nil	8,911	— 8,911
China, Japan & Coast Ports	20,669	30,097	— 9,428
Total	20,669	39,003	— 18,339
Total Shipts 1st September to 5th July	1916-17	1915-16	
Europe	263,726	269,326	— 5,601
China	35,960	110,413	— 74,453
Japan	1,144,511	1,378,157	— 233,646
Coast Ports	6,206	5,640	+ 568
Total	1,450,407	1,763,536	— 313,136
Afloat in harbour Europe	6,532	5,985	+ 547
China, Japan and Coast Ports	19,293	Nil	+ 19,293

EXPORTS OF COTTON FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL.

	Bales.
G. I. P. Railway from 1st Sept. 1916 to 17th June 1917	56,183
B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st September 1916 to 23rd June 1917	23,516

ESTIMATED STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

Estimated Stock on 31st August 1916	650,000
Receipts from 1st September 1916 to 5th July 1917	2,764,783
	3,414,783
Shipments from 1st September 1916 to 5th July 1917	1,450,407
	1,964,376
Afloat in harbour	25,825
	1,938,551
Sent up-country by rail and burnt	80,704
	1,867,847
Estimated Mill consumption from 1st September 1916 to 5th July 1917	890,000
Stock in all hands, including Exporters and Mills on 5th July 1917	977,847
Difference since last week	+ 1,154

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 6th July, 1917, at 4-30 p.m.

Growths	Super-fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good	Delivery
Bengals (M G)	371	361	348		1/25th Jan, 18
Bengals (M G)		366			Ready
Scinde-Punjab (M G)	370	359	346		July 17
Akola Khamgaum Karanja (M G)			430		Ready
Oomrawatee descriptions (M G)			427		Ready
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M G)			440		Ready
Yeotmal (M G)			445		Ready
Nagpore Kampti (M G)			455		Ready
Wardha H'ghat (M G)			457		Ready
Broach (M G)			500	490	Ready
Wadhwan (M.G.)			473		1/25th Apl 18
Mathia (M.G.)			365		Ready
Miraj (M.G.)			474		Ready
Sawg 1 Dharwar			480		Ready
Westerns (M.G.)			444		Ready
Westerns (H.G.)			434		Ready
Coompta (M.G.)			478		Ready

WHEAT AND SEEDS

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, July 6th—4 p.m.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms: Rs. a. p.	Ball. Delivery: Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	45 0 0	6 11 0
White Cawnpore 70-30	44 8 0	6 6 0
Wheat Karachi Bangla	45 0 0	6 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	6 9 0	6 15 0
" Brown Cawnpore	6 7 0	6 13 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	7 4 0	7 10 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	8 8 0	8 14 0
" Brown Thin	7 12 0	8 2 0
Teaseed White 85-15	43 0 0	8 12 0
" Gaiar 75-25	42 0 0	8 4 0
" Gaiar 50-50	40 0 0	7 14 0
" Black	36 0 0	7 12 0
Poppyseed, White	7 7 0	7 13 0
Groundnuts	39 0 0	7 12 0
Mowraseed	3 13 0	4 3 0

Wheat	236,805 cwts.
Linseed	16,998 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseed etc	5,682 "
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Poppyseed	54 "
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Castorseed	59,364 "
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Myrabollams	2,619 "
Cottonseed	4,341 "
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Gram	28 356 "
Jowar	2,260 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	22,515 "

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Nagpore Kampti (M G)			455		Ready
Wardha H'ghat (M G)			457		Ready
Broach (M G)			500	490	Ready
Wadhwan (M.G.)			473		1/25th Apl 18
Mathia (M.G.)			365		Ready
Miraj (M.G.)			474		Ready
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WHEAT AND SEEDS

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" Brown Cawnpore	6 7 0	6 13 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	7 4 0	7 10 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	8 8 0	8 14 0
" Brown Thin	7 12 0	8 2 0
Teaseed White 85-15	43 0 0	8 12 0
" Gaiar 75-25	42 0 0	8 4 0
" Gaiar 50-50	40 0 0	7 14 0
" Black	36 0 0	7 12 0
Poppyseed, White	7 7 0	7 13 0
Groundnuts	39 0 0	7 12 0
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Wheat	236,805 cwts.
Linseed	16,998 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseed etc	5,682 "
Gingellyseed	2,396 "
Poppyseed	54 "
Groundnuts	16,367 "
Castorseed	59,364 "
Rice	249,371 "
Myrabollams	2,619 "
Cottonseed	4,341 "
Mowrasced	410 "
Gram	28 356 "
Jowar	2,260 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	22,515 "

Jawree	30	0	0	4	6 0
Arandia	40	0	0	7	14 0

Forward, Rs a Dr

Wheat Sept	6	14	0
" April-May	6	13	0
Linseed, Sept.	8	7	9
" May	10	1	9

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER.

By rail from Bombay on 4th July:—

	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P Railway	10	11,725
B. B. & C. I. Railway	4	4 783

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages	Value Rs.	From
44 bars silver	1,01,045	Japan
1 bundle rupees	1,200	Arabia
1 " "	4,000	Mekran

BULLION.

There were limited fluctuations during this week in the silver market and a moderate business was put through. The offtake was on an average of about 20 Bars a day, and the present stock is estimated at about 2,000 Bars Gold. The market has improved and there was a good demand for Bar gold. Sovereigns have advanced to Rs. 15-7.

Eng. Bar Gold 27.
Shield Sovereign 17.
Dragon 15-7.
Silver Ready Ex-duty. 91-3.
Silver 1st Sett. Ex-duty 91-2.
Silver 2nd Sett. Ex-duty 91-8.

EXCHANGE.

Money was comparatively easy this week and the deposit rate is now from 4½ to 5½ per cent.

Exchange is unchanged and bills of National importance were given full preference over bills for other commodities.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 7/32.
Bank Demand Drafts 1/4 9/32.
3 Months' Sight Credits 1/4 19/32.
Bank Demand on France Fr. 185¼.
3 Months' Sight Francs. Fr. 192.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 178.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 275½.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 151.
60 Days' Sight Japan Rs. 148.
D. D. on New York Rs. 310½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.
Cum Warrant 95.
Warrant 3 per cent.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 86.
4 per cent. Conversion Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent. Small pieces 66.
3 per cent. Small pieces 57.
4 per cent. Port Trust bond guaranteed redeemable.
3 Months' notice 78.
4 per cent Port Trust Long dated 75.
Municipal Long dated 74.
Municipal Short dated 76.
City Improvement Trust 60 Years Jan.-July 73½.
5 per cent Municipal Tansa 90.
Sanitary 93.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES

During the week that the share market was open this week, there were good fluctuations in the prices and the volume of business put through was fairly good. The decline was chiefly due to profit taking and the market closed steady with a good undertone.

Standards were placed at prices varying from 1,740 to 1,765, Madhavjees from 2,040 to 2,090, Fazulbhoys from 745 to 770, Indore Malwas from 400 to 410, Indian Bleechings, from 300 to 307/8, Crescents from 223/12 to 231/4, Pearls from 540 to 550, Currimbhoys from 335 to 345, Simplex from 722/8 to 727/8, Swadeshis from 1,790 to 1,820, Nagpurs from 2,440 to 2455.

Kasturchand improved to 1,230, Bombay Dyeing to 935, Bombay Uniteds to 7230, Century to 332/8, Colaba to 1,160, Shivrajpurs to 42, and Central India Mining to 43.

Tata Iron ordinary shares were placed between 247/8, and 260, and closed at 255, deferreds from 1,060 to 1,080 and closed at 1,070, Katni ordinaries were placed between 235 and 245, and deferreds were quoted at 925.

Alcock Ashdown improved to 900, Bombay Tramway to 340, Bombay Burma to 1,000, and Tata Hydro to 1,175.

In Railway shares there was nothing doing.

SUGAR.

(From our correspondent.)

Bomaby, July 6.

We have good improvement to report in our market which ruled firmer during the week with good demand and better advices from Home Java and other Indian Markets and prices both for ready and forward have been increased by 8 to 12 annas per cwt. all round. The chief cause of rise is the report of scarcity of freight from Java to Bombay and as the importers have declined to sell any sugar for shipment before September, ready and near positions have gone up considerably. A large business has been done in White and Brown Javas for August-October shipment at 20s. to 20s. 10d. and 17s. 3d. to 17s. 9d. and last night with further enquiry prices have gone up 3d. further. Karachi and Calcutta markets have also advanced considerably with good business passing. Java market is firm and it is reported that a syndicate has been formed in Java and no sugar will be sold at less than fixed price. The s.s. Risaldar has arrived with the first shipment of Java New Crop Sugar of 20,000 bags.

The following are the bazaar rates and stocks:—

T M O Old Rs. 17-8-0 equal to 21s. 6d. F. B. H. stocks 65,000 bags.

T M O New Rs. 18-2-0 equal to 21s. 6d. F. B. H. stocks 65,000 bags.

Brown Rs. 15-8-0 equal to 18s. F. B. H. stocks 25,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 18-0-0 equal to 21s. 4d. F. B. H. stocks 3,000 bags.

Mauritius Rs. 16 to 17-0-0 F. B. H. stocks 55,000 bags.

Japan S K Rs. 19-8-0 F. B. H. stocks 4,000 bags.

Formosan no stocks.

Arrivals:

S. S. Risaldar with 20,000 bags Java Sugar.

PIECE-GOODS.

A firmer tone has prevailed in the Cloth Market during the past week, and values of most of the cloths have advanced further. Several lots in small quantities have changed hands in the bazaar amongst the dealers. As stocks are light and arrivals are restricted and as fresh business is quite impracticable, at present, some dealers have thought it advisable to purchase goods from the local market. Rather more encouraging advices have been received with regard to the course of the monsoon, but the up-country demand has been far from satisfactory. The retail inquiry is also curtailed owing to the high level of prices that are now ruling. Holders are still firm in their ideas in spite of the moderate offtake. Telegrams have been received here by some Importing Firms to the effect that another steamer bound for this port and having on board over eight thousand packages has been sunk. The replacing cost of these goods is considerably higher and as no buyer will venture to repurchase these cloths, the result will be that the stock will be further reduced. The Manchester Market has been irregular. Some makers of Grey Shirtings being in want of work have been rather easier to deal with, and some fresh business has resulted during the week. Buyers are not at all disposed to purchase very far ahead. Most of the bids have been a long way out. Large quantities of goods have accumulated, at the packing houses and considerable delays in shipping are occurring. But on the other hand the output of the Lancashire Cotton Mills has been affected by labour and other difficulties such as the decrease in the imports of raw cotton. New Crop prospects have not been bright so far, but it is left to be seen whether the future will make amends for the bad start.

Cloths made at the local Mills have been in better demand. A well-known Mill Agent has sold 6,000 bales of Grey Cloth of three different Mills, about half the quantity at Rs. 1-0-6 per lb. and the rest at Rs. 1-1-6 per lb. Other Mills are quoting high prices for their qualities.

GREYS.

The position of Grey cloths has been rather firm on account of short supplies and scant arrivals. Values of Grey Shirtings have appreciated a good deal. Some activity has been noticeable in 37/38 inches Red End Grey Shirtings, which have changed hands several times. Grey Shirtings Nos. 2437, 2537 and 2637 of a well-known firm which were sold six weeks ago at Rs. 7-6, Rs. 7-9 and Rs. 7-12-6 per piece have now fetched Rs. 9-4, Rs. 9-7 and Rs. 9-10-6 per piece respectively, which shew an advance of nearly two rupees per piece. Old lots of several styles are now finding favour with buyers. 45 inches Grey Shirtings under fancy headings worth from Rs. 11 to Rs. 13 are out of stock. 45 inches Red End Shirtings 16 by 12 and higher counts continue to be in request at better rates. Some stocks of 33 inches Shirtings fetch good value. Grey Jaconets have met with a good demand from Madras and prices have advanced further by six annas per piece. Grey Drills have been generally slow of sale and rates have been nominally steady. Some Importing Firms have made purchases of Grey Jaconets and Shirtings from the market on speculative account.

WHITES.

The tone of White goods has been steady. No further improvement has been noticeable in 26/27 inches Nainsooks, as stocks are sufficient for the requirements. A sight advance has been registered in Tape Bordered Nainsooks, as also in 34 and 36 inches by 15 yds. superior class of Nainsooks. There has been a fair enquiry for 40, 45, 50 and 55 inches by 20 yards blue and gold heading White Mulls, but stocks of these are scarce. Sacharilla heading Mulls in various chops have changed hands in the bazaar and the rates of these have now come up to the level of those ruling for standard cloths. 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have been in better request and the price has advanced to Rs. 6-8 per piece, but the replacing cost is Rs. 2 per piece higher in Manchester. Owing to the dispute between a Marwari buyer and a White Goods merchant in the bazaar, regarding the interest charged on the account due from the buyer, the Marwaries had resolved amongst themselves not to purchase goods from that merchant. This merchant complained to the White Piece-goods Merchants' Association and the matter was referred to the Bombay Merchants' Association, which has given a satisfactory decision. This has resolved that cash before delivery should be insisted upon and therefore strong sentiment prevails on both sides, but it is expected that the Marwaries will have to pay higher prices by delaying, as values are increasing daily. On the other hand those dealers, who are rather anxious to sell, have been deprived of the main support which they had from these buyers.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

Grey Shirtings—	Ins.	Yds.	Rs. a. D.
Ralli's Fari" No. 2000	39×37½/8		10 4 0
" " 100000	45×37½/8		11 10 0
Fleming's No. 1905	48×38		12 8 0
Bates' No. 12-83	41×37½/8		15 0 0
Dewhurst's Rupee" No. 5	39×38½		12 0 0
" "BBB"	88×38½		14 4 0
Grey Jaconets—			
Ralli's No. 18	45×29		6 8 0
Grey Drills—			
Pepperell "Dragon"	29×40		17 12 0
Ralli's 'Musfid,' No. 425	26×40		11 2 0
White Shirtings—			
Liepman's No. 1500	32×42		16 10 0
H. B. T. C. 40000"	36×40		19 4 0
White Nainsooks—			
Ralli's Nos. 7070/9090	27×18	

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Jewish: 16th of Thamas, 5677.
Hindu: 3rd Vad of Ashad, 1973.
Mahomedan: 16th of Ramjan, 1335.
Parsi: 30th of Deh, 1286.
Sunrise: 6h. 5m. **Sunset:** 7h. 20m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Mails for the Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force, Henjam, Muscat, Fao, Bushire, Koweit, Linga, Bunderabas, Mohammereah and Busra will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 1 p.m. Registered letters and parcels will be accepted up to 12 noon.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manilla and Hongkong via Nigapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 10-0 a.m.

SUNDAY, July 8.

Agarkar Day: Public Meeting at Muzeferabad Hall, Grant Road, 6 p.m. Cosmopolitan Dinner, 8 p.m.

Mr. K. S. Thackeray's Public Lecture on "The Mission of Ramdas," Dadar English School Hall, 5 p.m.

Muslim Students' Union, Annual General Meeting, Chowpatty, 5 p.m.

Chung Ling Soo opens at the Excelsior at 6 p.m. and 9-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, July 11.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan will be closed at the General Post Office at 11 a.m. on Wednesday General Post Office at 11 a.m. Parcel mail for China closes at 9-30.

FRIDAY, July 13th.

Prof. Burnett-Hurst's lecture on "The Organisation of a Statistical Inquiry," Sydenham College, 6 p.m.

DAILY.

Royal Opera House: 6-45 and 10-0 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: 6-30 and 10 p.m.—Battle of the Alps.
Empire Cinema: 4-30, 6-30, 8-30 and 10-0 p.m. "Who is Guilty Series?"
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10-0 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10-0 p.m. Every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday. Show every Sunday at 6-30 p.m. at Edwardes.
West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.
New Alhambra Cinema Sandhurst Road. 7-15, 9, 10-45.
Anglo-American Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 8-30 and 10-30.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

On the 5th July, at Meherbai Cursetji Edalji Ghaswala, the beloved wife of Mr. Bomonji Nowroji Khambata, I.S.O., Head Clerk, S. and T. Corps (retired), aged 45. Deeply regretted. Will friends who so kindly sent messages of sympathy to Mr. Bomonji in his sad bereavement, accept his grateful thanks.

IN MEMORIAM.

In respectful memory of our late lamented friend and master William Howe Middleton (late District Traffic Superintendent and Major, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, Commanding A Coy.), who died at Bombay, on the 8th July, 1894, away from home and relation, but among friends and admirers. His memory will ever be revered and cherished by us.

TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT,
Bombay District.

BOMBAY LIGHT HOUSE.

July 7.

Drills for the week ending Saturday, July 14:—

Monday, 9th.—7-15 a.m. Troop Drill A, B. and D. Troops Churchgate.
6-45 a.m. Troop Drill, C Troop Juhu Sands.
8-15 p m. Musketry and Sword Exercise for all Troops. Volunteer Club.
Tuesday, 10th.—7 a.m. Sword Class for Corporals, Volunteer Club.
7-15 a.m. Riding School.
8-15 p.m. Musketry and Sword Exercise for all Troops. Volunteer Club.
Wednesday, 11th.—7 a.m., Musketry Class, Volunteer Club.
7-15 a.m. Riding School.
6-45 a.m. Musketry Class, Pali Hill Golf Links.
Thursday, 12th.—7 a.m. Inspection by Inspector of Cavalry, Gymkhana Maidan.
4-30 p.m. Range Practice, Colaba.
Friday, 13th.—7 a.m. Sword Class for Corporals, Volunteer Club.
7-15 a.m. Riding School and Sword exercise.
Saturday, 14th.—7 a.m. Musketry Class, Volunteer Club.
4-30 p.m. Range Practice, Colaba Range.

NOTICE.

Attendance at General's Inspection is compulsory. No leave except on medical certificate will be granted.
Members attending Musketry Classes or Range Practices must wear bandoliers.

E. G. PEARSON, Lieut & Adjutant,
Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

July 7.

PERIODICAL TRAINING.

No. 139. All officers and men who have completed their Preliminary Training as laid down in Regulations shall thereafter undergo the following Periodical Training, which in the case of those who were Volunteers last season will commence on July 1st:
1. For Officers and men in Active and Cadet Companies.—
(a) 4 hours drill per week
(b) Attendance for at least 6 complete days at a Training Camp
(c) Annual Course of Musketry
2. For Officers and men in Reserve Companies:—
(a) One hour's drill per week
(b) Annual Course of Musketry

Instructions will shortly issue as to nature of drills etc. to be performed during Periodical Training, but pending issue, Officers Commanding Companies will devote to their parades to Platoon drill, Extended Order Drill, Physical Training, Bayonet Fighting and Elementary Musketry.

No. 140. Recruits.—Drills are held daily at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m. and 6-30 p.m. except on Saturday afternoons and Sundays. Recruits who have drawn uniform must wear it on morning parades.

No. 141. Leave.—All applications for leave must be submitted as follows:—
1. By Volunteers of last season to officers Commanding Companies.
2. By Recruits (pending their dismissal from Recruits Course) to Adjutant.

Applications for leave must be submitted at least four days before date from which leave is required.

No. 142. Quarter-Master's Stores.—are open for the issue of clothes on week days from 8-15 to 9 a.m. and from 5-45 to 7 p.m. except on Saturday afternoons.

No. 143. Cooking Course.—This will be held at the Volunteer Club at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Thursdays during July. All men detailed by Officers Commanding Companies must attend, attendance counts towards Periodical Training drills.

No. 144. Musketry Refresher Course.—Brigade Order No. 71 of July 4th is republished for information:—

Major and Adjutant, C. N. Moberly.

Staff Sergeant Instructor Henshall, and Officiating Staff Sergt. Instructor Hume, will attend a Refresher Course of Musketry at Satara from 11th to 18th July.

Staff:—Reference above Captain H J Dibbs will perform the duties of Acting Adjutant from the 5th July 1917.

No. 145. Reversions.—No. 3750 Sergeant. P. C. Guidera F Company reverts to the ranks at his own request.

No. 146. Transfers.—No. 5750 Pte. P. C. Guidera is transferred from F Coy. Reserve to B Company.

No. 147. Staff.—In accordance with Dy. Asst. Adjutant General's No. 7438/2 A. G.—1 dated 23rd June 1917 No. 1028 Sergt. Drummer P. Galletly 1st Seaforth Highlanders has been transferred to the India Unattached List and promoted Sergeant for employment as Staff Sergeant Instr. to the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, Indian Defence Force with effect from the 14th April 1917.

No. 148. Extract from the Bombay Government Gazette, dated 26th June 1917, Part 1, page 1536 is republished for information:—

No. 4416. The following appointment has been made on the Personal Staff of his Excellency the Governor, with effect from the 22nd June 1917:—

Captain Nigel F. Paton to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

No. 149. Attachments.—Second-Lieut W. R. Botterill is temporarily attached to D Company pending further orders.

No. 150. Sick Parade.—It is notified for information that members of this Unit wishing to report Sick must first obtain duplicate Sick Reports at the Battalion Orderly Room and then report at the Victoria War Hospital at 9-30 a.m. on any week day. They must not report at any other Hospital.

No. 151. Conveyance.—Those recruits who apply to the Adjutant after being dismissed from Recruits Course, will be refunded the amount of Tram fares expended in attending drills. Claims cannot be paid except when submitted as above.

No. 152. Musketry Course.—1 Officer is to be detailed to arrive at Satara on the 24th July, and 1 N. C. Officer to arrive at Pachmarhi on the 23rd July to attend the 5th Musketry Courses commencing on 25th July. Names to be submitted to Adjutant immediately.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major.

NOTICE.

Prize Essay Competition.—Details of this United Service Institution of India Competition which is open to all ranks of the Indian Defence Force can be obtained on application in Orderly Room. Subject "The Improvement and further development of the I. D. F."

BOMBAY ARTILLERY.

Parades for the week commencing Monday, 9th July, 1917.

No parades are held on Thursday and Saturday evenings or on Sundays unless specially ordered.

Compulsory parades will be held on Monday and Wednesday mornings at Headquarters for all Companies except No. 2 General Service Company which will parade at Mahaluxmi Battery. On Friday morning a compulsory parade will be held at Headquarters for all Companies except Engineer General Service and Engineer Reserve Companies.

Instructional parades (non-compulsory) on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday evenings and Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings.

Nos. 1, 5, and Engineer Companies and No. 1 and Engineer Reserve Coys. at Headquarters. No. 2 General Service Company at Mahaluxmi Battery.

Engineer General Service Coy. Compulcory parades on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Defence Light Section Workshops, Colaba.

Engineer Reserve Coy. Compulsory parades on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Defence Light Section Workshops, Colaba.

Except Friday Nos. 1 and 2 General Service Companies will be trained in Guard Mounting Duty and Ceremonial.

A lecture (which counts as a parade) will be given on Friday evening at Headquarters at 6-45 p.m. by Lieut. Morgan, R. A. Subject:—Ammunition. Men attending must be punctual.

Engineer Company's lecture on Wednesday at Headquarters at 6-45 p.m. by E. M. S. Sergt. Bower, R. E. Subject:—Wiring of a Defence Light Station.

All Artillery ranks desirous of attending Engineer Company's lecture may do so.

DUTIES FOR THE WEEK.

Company on Actual Military Duty for week commencing Wednesday 11th July, 1917:—
No. 1 General Service Company.
Orderly Officer:—Officer Commanding No. 1 Coy. will please detail.
Company Orderly No. 1 General Service Company:—C. S. M. will detail.
Company Orderly No. 2 General Service Company:—C. S. M. will detail.
Company Orderly No. 5 General Service Company:—A/Br. J. S. Hopper.
Company Orderly No. 1 Reserve Company C. S. M. will detail.
Company Orderly Engineer Company C. S. M. will detail.

(Sd.) P. H. RETALLACK, Capt.,
Adjutant, Bombay Artillery, I.D.F.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Rifles, will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Gentlemen of the Common Jury are required to attend at the High Court this (Saturday) morning at 11-30 o'clock.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

The annual general meeting of the Union will be held in the Union Hall to-morrow at 5 p.m. (S.T.) The Hon. Mr. Jinnah will preside.

ARYA SAMAJ.

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi, Girgaum, to-morrow at 6 p.m. (B.T.) when Pandit Balkrishna Sharma will deliver a lecture on "Grihasthashram."

MARATHI CLASS IN ECONOMICS.

This class will meet as usual to-morrow at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum. It will be conducted by Mr. C. S. Deole, Member, Servants of India Society.

MARWADI VIDYALAYA.

The annual prize distribution ceremony of the Marwari Vidyalaya will come off to-morrow at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) in the school hall near Sandhurst Road. The Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas will preside.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

The junior Sunday Class of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood will be held to-morrow at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the headquarters, when Dr. P. N. Daruwala, will expound Macnaghten's "Common Thoughts on Serious Subjects." The class is open to all students.

HOME RULE STUDY CLASS.

Dr. Babasaheb Paranjype will conduct the Home Rule Study Class to-morrow at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the Rooms of the League at 735, Girgaum Road. The class is open to the public. The subject will be "Responsible Self-Government."

PUBLIC LECTURE AT DADAR.

Under the auspices of the Students' Social Union, Dadar, a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. K. S. Thackeray on "The Mission of Ramdas" in Marathi on Sunday next at 5 p.m. in the Hall of the Dadar English School.

ANNUAL THANKS GIVING MASS.

The annual thanksgiving Mass of the employees of the Bombay Gas Co., Ltd., will take place to-morrow, Sunday 8th instant at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at Gloria Chluch, Byculla with Exposition, Sermon and Benediction. Rev. Fr. D'Sa, Vicar of Matheran will preach.

LECTURE BY PROF. BURNETT HURST.

The Hon. Sir Dinshaw Wacha will preside on Friday the 13th instant, at a lecture on "The Organisation of a Statistical Inquiry" to be given at Sydenham College at 6 p.m. by Prof A. R. Burnett-Hurst. The usual Tuesday evening lecture will not take place.

A. E. SOCIETY'S OLD BOY'S UNION.

The monthly conversational meeting for the month of July which was adjourned in honour of the late Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji will be held to-morrow, at 5 p.m., when Mr. Y. W. Bapat, will read a paper on "Manners and Customs." All members and sympathisers are cordially invited to attend.

STUDENTS' PROGRESSIVE UNION.

The Agarkar Day wil be celebrated on Sunday in New English School, C. P. Tank, Bombay at 3 p.m. (S.T.) under the auspices of the Union, when Mr. N. M. Joshi of the Servants of India Society will preside. The public. Special arrangements will be made for ladies.

FIRST AID CLASS.

The examination of the First Aid Class conducted by Dr. D. B. Naik-Dandekar under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League will be held to-day (7th inst.) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the dispensary of Dr. F. N. Kapadia, Princess Street. Students attending the class are requested to be present there.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

Prof D. K. Karve, will deliver a public lecture to-morrow, the 8th instant, under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League, at 9 a.m. (S. T.), upon "Indian University for Women" in Dr. Kelkar's Hall (old building of Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya) Girgaum. Special seats will be kept for ladies.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A VICTORIA.

An employee of the Bombay Gas Company, named D. B. Lobo, came in front of a victoria and was knocked down by the horse while going in the direction of Sandhurst Bridge. The carriage was, however, stopped before it could pass over him. As Lobo fell on his face he was rendered unconscious and he was taken to the J. J. Hospital for treatment where he has been detained.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Five attacks and five deaths occurred from plague on Friday, Khara Talao and Khetwadi reporting one attack each, Fanaswadi, one attack and one death, Parel, two attacks and two deaths and Hospitals, two deaths. There were two attacks from small-pox and cholera was absent. The total mortality from all causes was 62 as compared with 65 of the corresponding day of last year and 67 of 1915.

BOMBAY BEAMAN' CHESS CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Bombay Beaman Chess Club for 1916-1917 was held on Thursday when after the adoption of the Annual Report, the Managing Committee for the ensuing year was formed consisting of the Hon. Justice Sir F. C. O. Beaman (President); Messrs. Patwardhan and Cursetji (Hon. Secretaries); Mr. P. Dantra; (Hon. Treasurer); and Messrs. Wadia, Mandlik, Love, Bamji, Paori, Dhodusti, Waradia and Dadysett (Members).

SEQUEL TO A DRINKING BOUT.

SERIOUS FRACAS ON HAINES ROAD.

A rather serious *fracas* took place on Haines Road on Thursday, as a result of which Kasam Kadar, a Mahomedan aged 26, was removed to the J. J. Hospital suffering from a wound in the lung. It was stated that a party of Mahomedans, including Kasam and another, Nasarali Din Mahomed, were freely indulging in toddy at Haines Road, and when the party dispersed both these persons went in the direction of Panakpakdi, Madanpura. Naser was then seen by one Mahomed Ismail running towards De Lisle Road, and Kasam was lying wounded on the road. Kasam was removed to the hospital by a policeman, and Naser was chased on a bicycle and arrested. Naser again tried to run away from custody but was subsequently caught in a tea shop.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Thursday, the 5th instant, should be regarded as a full weather working day for vessels in the Prince's, Victoria and Alexandra Docks.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

This popular picture palace offers a very fine programme consisting of a strong drama in three acts and the last episode of the tremendously successful serial "The Shielding Shadow." The drama entitled "Duty Before Love" deals with the story of a young French girl who unfortunately fell in the hands of the German spies, and how at the end she successfully resisted their threats and brought about the capture of the culprits. The last episode of the "Shielding Shadow" needless to say contains the explanations of all the mysteries which have baffled the audience so long, and is as thrilling as ever. Specially noteworthy is the scene in which the hero fights a huge Octopus at the bottom of the sea.

There is also the "Pathe Gazette" and a small comic on the programme.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

There is a very novel plot in the big picture of the new programme at the Royal Opera House this week. A rich man who finds life a tremendous bore is told by a fortune-teller that he has only three months to live. For four and a half reels the drama becomes intense, and at the final moment anti-climax brings relief and laughter. A cruel hoax, one may say, but such depths of despondency need drastic treatment, and the cure was perfect. This film will be greatly appreciated.

The new comic is also on original lines. A tramp impersonates an election candidate who is fighting in the cause of temperance. In a three minutes' speech he does more harm to the real candidate's propaganda than a lifetime of steady drinking. It is a most amusing story, well acted.

NEW ALEXANDRA CINEMA.

From this evening a wonderful patriotic film entitled "For The Honour of France" is to be screened at the New Alexandra. In referring to the film as patriotic, we do not mean to infer that it belongs wholly and solely to the genus war subject, or that it is one of those pictures which rely chiefly for their appeal upon the stirring events of the moment. "For The Honour of France" is something far more than that. Indeed, except for the last reel, we do not get a glimpse of war or warlike conditions; yet throughout the whole five reels the spirit of fervid patriotism is always apparent. The central figures are an inventor, his daughter, and a flight-commander. Father and daughter are going along placidly, but an unforeseen enemy threatens the welfare of the country, and the effect is electrical. At the crucial moment, the daughter rises superior, everything is consumed in the flame of patriotism, France is in danger, that is enough, naught else matters, her country has drawn her out of herself, ennobling, strengthening and purifying her for any sacrifice. There will be no lack of appreciation of the splendid acting of Mlle. Andree Pascal, who takes the leading part in the play as Germaine Aubry, the inventor's brave daughter. The programme also includes a two reel screaming comic featuring the well known comedians Billy Merson and Lupino Lane. As usual, the New Alexandra has the pleasure of presenting these comedians to the Bombay Public for the first time in India on the screen.

EMPIRE.

Almost every phase of Cinematography, will be represented in this week's Empire programme embracing Science, Problem Drama, Comedy and the latest idea in Cinema Cartoons. For the "Who's Guilty"? episode will be shown a drama appropriate to the times dealing with American Army life entitled "A Trial of Souls." In this film Tom Moore is shown as a Cadet in a large Military College and gives us an insight into the training of the Embryo American Army Officer. Moore has done Military service in the New York Guards and naturally appears to advantage in the Military scenes and is smart and soldierlike. A film that will undoubtedly interest patrons of all tastes will be a scientific one issued by the famous. "Overland" Company showing how a modern car is made from the time the heavy parts are forged to the finish product being driven from the factory by a pretty girl Chauffeur. A remarkable point of this film is that it shows how a thousand cars are turned out in a day in the short space of 30 minutes a whole car is put together before the spectators. Some exceeding ingenious animated sketches wind up the engineering part and gives the artist a chance of seeing the rapid contraction of a medium car in a fantastic light, making it do most extraordinary things. This is not only the latest idea in Cinematography but quite the funniest. A New "Wiffles" Comedy a French Comedy Drama and a "Lonesome Luke" knockabout Comedy will complete a programme of "such infinite variety." It should keep the Empire as usual well filled. In connection with the "Overland" film Messrs. A Hyland Ld. have invited large numbers of our Wounded Soldiers to the Empire on various nights.

PROPOSED CINEMA DEALERS' ASSOCIATION.

Under the new management, the Universal Film Manufacturing Company celebrated "The Liberty" Day "on the 4th instant. Their latest serial "Liberty" having had a most successful run and the three theatres that were running it were every night filled to overflowing.

Almost all the leading Cinema film merchants of Bombay were present on this occasion and they warmly congratulated the new management on the success of their patriotic serial in Bombay and wished it the same success everywhere.

Mr. Chunilal, the manager of the Universal Film Mfg. Company, after thanking all present for the good wishes proposed to form an association of Cinema Film Dealers of Bombay with a view to co-operate in business and guard their mutual regard and interests. Mr. Ardeshir, of Messrs. B. Ardeshir and Co., warmly supporting this proposal said that such a body was badly needed and thanked Mr. Chunilal for giving shape to his wishes. Mr. A. V. Row, of the Royal Cinema de Paris, Rangoon supported Mr. Ardeshir and Mr. M. C. Patel following suit the subscription List was immediately set going. Every one present subscribed willingly to the preliminary requirements of the new institution and Mr. Kishan Das, of Messrs. K. D. and Bros, headed the list.

DEATH FROM OPIUM-POISONING.

The Coroner, Dr. W. Nunan held an inquest on the body of a Hindu labourer, Sakharam Naiku, aged about 35. The deceased lived at Khetwadi with one Kondibai and used to come home drunk and quarrel with her. He beat her on Saturday last, whereupon Kondibai left him. He was found breathing heavily on Wednesday last and it was found in the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he had been taken, that he was suffering from opium poisoning. He died in the hospital subsequently. The jury returned a verdict that the death was due to opium poisoning, but there was no evidence to show whether the opium was taken with the intention of committing suicide.

KEMP & CO. LTD.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to the letter appearing in your issue of the 5th instant over the signature of Mr. R. E. Bharucha on the subject of the affairs of the above Company.

I do not propose to offer any remarks on matters referred to by Mr. Bharucha which though they may possibly be thought by some to have been irregular have been duly placed before the Shareholders of the Company in the General Meeting and approved and sanctioned by them.

The question of the valuation of the stock of the Company is, however, an important one and Mr. Bharucha would appear deliberately to charge the Directorate with having improperly valued the stock so as to increase the assets of the Company and lead the shareholders to believe that the Company had earned a greater profit than it had in fact earned.

This is entirely untrue, and I think that the following figures substantiate that fact.

During the financial years 1914-15 and 1915-16 the Company paid away in Dividends the sum of Rs. 49,500 and placed to Reserve Fund a sum of Rs. 20,000 representing a total distribution for the two years of Rs. 69,500 in hard cash. For the financial year 1916-17, it is proposed to pay away in Dividends the sum of Rs. 32,000 and to place to Reserve Fund the sum of Rs. 10,000.

In the course of three years, therefore, the Company will have paid away in Dividends the sum of Rs. 85,500 and will have carried to Reserve Fund the sum of Rs. 30,000, making a total distribution of Rs. 1,11,500.

The whole of this amount will have been provided out of profits actually earned by the Company, as the books of the Company will show, and it must be obvious to the least intelligent, that paper entries and manipulation of stock values as alleged by Mr. Bharucha, cannot produce hard cash.

I have myself valued the stock carefully, and I believe correctly, at the request of the Directors, and in order to save the Company the cost of an independent valuation, but the Directors, and myself in particular, as the valuation entails an enormous amount of extra work which I would gladly be spared, would welcome and indeed invite, an independent valuation of the stock, if the shareholders are willing to incur the cost of it.—Yours, etc.

G. FRASER
General Manager, Kemp and Co., Ld.
Charni Road, 6th July 1917.

CRUEL GERMAN SLAVERS.

MR. BRAND WHITLOCK ON INFAMY OF BELGIAN DEPORTATIONS.

"One of the foulest deeds that history records" is how Mr. Brand Whitlock, American Minister to Belgium, in a dispatch to his Government, written on January 1, describes the deportations of Belgian civilians by the Germans.

On the roll of the Belgian relief organisation, he says, were some 700,000 unemployed, the dole providing them with the means of livelihood, and at the same time preventing their working for the Germans. When Hindenburg was appointed to the supreme command he decided to make these men work, and the prophecy of a German official, that Belgium would now be subjected to a more terrible regime and would learn what war was has been vindicated.

"One interesting result of the deportations remains to be noted," he writes, "a result that once more places in relief the German capacity for blundering, almost as great as the German capacity for cruelty.

"They have dealt a mortal blow to any prospect they may ever have had of being tolerated by the population of Flanders. In tearing away from nearly every humble home in the land a husband and a father, or a son and brother, they have lighted a fire of hatred that will never go out: they have brought home to every heart in the land, in a way that will impress its horror indelibly on the memory of three generations, a realisation of what German methods mean, not, as with the early atrocities in the heat of passion and the first lust of war, but by one of those deeds that make one despair of the future of the human race, a deed coldly planned, studiously matured, and deliberately and systematically executed, a deed so cruel that German soldiers are said to have wept in its execution, and so monstrous that even German officers are now said to be ashamed.—The "Daily Chronicle."

THE LATE DADABHAI NAOROJI.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—We are told that Dadabhai Naoroji had admirers among the Indians and Europeans alike. No wonder. His sturdy personality, and specially his activities in the sphere of politics, could not fail to strike the imagination of the true Britisher. But the wonder of wonders is that not a single European gentleman, save one honourable exception, was present at his funeral. Successive Viceroys and Governors and their wives did not consider it below their dignity to pay the G. O. M. visits. Whereas the local European community from the highest to the lowest, the official and the non-official to a man, was conspicuous by its absence at the funeral. Surely, the European High Court Judges and members of the Bar, members of the Legislative Councils and heads of the great mercantile houses would have honoured themselves by paying their last respects to such a man. But no, the European community in India would not make common cause with their Indian fellow subjects even on a memorable occasion like this. They take a peculiar pride in such aloofness. Little they know, in their vain-glory, how much nearer they could approach the hearts of the Indians by such simple acts of courtesy and fraternity as sharing with them their national bereavements. It may be recorded with deep regret, in which all India joins, that no floral wreaths were sent by their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon or by other high dignitaries and European friends of the deceased, as is customary on such occasions. This was despite the fact that their Excellencies are reputed to be very friendly towards the Indians and that Dadabhai Naoroji had numerous admirers among the Anglo Indians.—Yours, etc.,

NAOROJI ADERJI.

72, Apollo Street,
July 4.

ITALIAN WOMEN AND THE WAR.

THE CALL OF DUTY.

The old Roman "Domi mansit, lanam fecit," with the necessary modifications, is still held in honour in Italy, writes a correspondent in "The Times." The Italian woman is before all else a woman. She has that power which made Cato the Censor rightly say:—"Women govern us, and we govern men." Here and there an exceptional woman may qualify for the LL.D.; and last November a girl of 17 was awarded the Master's (foreign going) certificate—the first one granted to a woman in an Italian nautical school. But these accomplishments are something of a portent.

At the outbreak of war Italian women responded to the call of the country in a most commendable spirit. Quietly and without fuss, they came forward, expecting neither reward nor glorification. To serve the country to the best of their ability without ostentation, to help husband, son, or brother to win the war, and return home, have been their aims. They are content to do any humble work. After only two months of war women conductors were to be seen on many of the trams in Rome, and women scavengers in the streets.

Women clerks soon followed, for in the banks and in firms, where staffs were depleted by the calling to the Colours of all men between 20 and 39, there was no alternative but to substitute women for them. The clerks also in Government service were in some Departments largely replaced by women, with pay from 16s. to 24s. a week. Though not so well trained as the men, the women have not proved inefficient. They are versatile and quick, and the same versatility and quickness have made the women in agricultural Italy—who knew very little about factories and mills—at once fit for a new task. Out of 500,000 persons engaged at the beginning of this year in the 2,200 munition factories, 100,000 were women, against only 1,760 in August, 1914, and 60,000 in October, 1916. They work 11 hours a day and are paid from three to about five shillings a day. Their work has been officially pronounced to be intelligent and diligent. Equally intelligent and diligent is the work of their sisters who have taken to making soldiers' uniforms and all articles of clothing. Indeed all soldiers' clothing in Italy is now made by women; and women work in military bakeries and laundries.

IN HOSPITALS.

Hospital nursing in Italy has never been so extensive as in England. Some English trained nurses have been for the last few years in the Polyclinic in Rome instructing the Italians in their methods. But the Italian Red Cross has now more than 6,000 nurses of its own—a great number for Italy. Not fewer than 20,000 cooks and orderlies in the military hospitals are to be set free for other military duties and replaced by women; and last November the first Italian woman Army surgeon was appointed for service at the front. Other women are in the war zone. Several thousands help the military engineers. They work from six to 12 hours a day, Sundays included, and are paid about 3d. per hour, night work being remunerated with a 10 per cent. increase. Meals and lodgings in huts or tents are provided.

The Italian woman who bears her part in the food production of the country is not a novelty. Weeding, sowing, haymaking, hoeing, harvesting, milking, growing and marketing vegetables, vintaging, and sometimes, especially in the South, even digging, are her tasks. The girl helps her mother in looking after her smaller brothers and sisters, and when entering her teens begins either to work on the same farm or to go to work by day on another. But though many Italian women are given up to agriculture, they are not as serfs attached to the land; far from it. They are partly the result of the smallholdings system, and of the way in which marriage is looked upon in Italy, where the wife is, first and foremost, her husband's real helper, besides his comforter and adviser. She shares his work with him; she gives her spare time to farm work, if she is married to a peasant, or else to dressmaking, millinery, or some other kind of occupation. Even if well off, "she looketh well to the ways of her household, and eateth not the bread of idleness." She does not trust her house entirely to the maids. She knows the exact amount and cost of foodstuffs brought into the home, and sees at once whether she has exceeded her allowance or kept within it. From her religion the Italian mother derives great strength and unlimited comfort. She brings up her children in fear of God. Very few mothers have let their sons leave for the front without giving them a sacred medallion to wear round their necks—a medallion which is for the recipient a constant and tangible remembrance of his mother's love, and for the donor an invisible power of protection.

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Green Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

W. I. T. C. WAR LOTTERY.

THE WIND UP.

MADRAS AND KARACHI BAG TWO BIG PRIZES.

The great War Loan Lottery of Rs. 36,45,538 which the W. I. T. C. successfully organized and carried out, came to an end yeterday evening with the final drawing at the Town Hall. The prizes numbered 1,000, and included 1 prize of Rs. 7,28,420 which is the exclusive property of Mr. Nissim who is well-known in Bombay as a cousin of Mr. Meyer Nissim of Messrs. David Sassoon & Co., 1 prize of Rs. 3,64,210, 1 prize of Rs. 1,82,105, five prizes of Rs. 72,845 each, ten prizes of Rs. 36,425 each, twenty-five prizes of Rs. 7,285 each, one hundred prizes of Rs. 3,645 each, two hundred prizes of Rs. 1,825 each and 657 prizes of Rs. 835 each. A great many of these prizes have dropped in Bombay and a betrayal of their ownership will, of course, occur later on. Those who have been disappointed need only bottle up their sentiments. The War Lottery has had national significance since over a lakh from Rs. 26,45,534 are to be devoted to War Funds. The wonderful peace and security which India enjoys at present should inspire all those who have been supremely lucky in the lottery to contribute a considerable proportion of their lottery wealth to War Funds. Mr. Nissim is already a craesus and if he were to assist the War Fund to a substantial extent from his stroke of luck at the War Loan Lottery his name will not improbably be included in next years Honours List. The two Bombay Heaven-borns who drew the second and third prizes have a similar object lesson to revere. There are many who have boldly affirmed that should they strike luck at the lottery, their wives or sweethearts would have occasion to rejoice. But it would be infinitely more divine to consider the object for which the lottery was started. It was started with the sanction of the Government of India to stimulate loyalty by way of investment in tickets and if any ticket has knocked up a fat prize, it is the duty of the owner to remember that the War Funds are entitled to a fair proportion of the prize won.

From to-day, and for a fortnight or more, the top-notch question in Bombay will not be: "Have you used Pears' Soap?" But, "Have you won a prize in War Loan Lottery?" The answer may be demonstrated by some in sundry sea-priced drinks It will be no form of guilt as long as the War Funds are assisted. The W. I. T. C., or rather its acting Secretary and Committee, have undoubtedly submitted to hard labour to promote the interests of War Funds. They are entitled to 5 per cent. on the sale of 3,64,209 tickets for working expenses. But they too would be able to assert a claim to divinity on earth if they placed a healthy restriction on their expenditure in connection with lottery and devoted as much as possible to War Funds. The Institute which provided eight blind boys to the drawing cannot escape benevolence on the part of the Turf Club, nor the Police nor the Ladies who willingly did duty to support a national cause.

Yesterday's proceedings at the Town Hall were not devoid of interest. The Hall for the third time, resembled a monster hive which buzzed to an almost alarming extnt as the small numbers and big prizes were declared. Ticket Nos. 42,950 and 98,952 respectively raked in Rs. 72,845 which were the biggest prizes of the day. One of these prizes went to Karachi, the other to Madras. Ticket No. 276713 was a haul of Rs. 36,425 to a Surti butler in Bombay who, it is alleged, was first kicked by his master for delaying the production of a drink at sunrise, and then awarded a ten-rupee note for investment in the lottery. Two other 36,425 wallahs were drawn in the afternoon with tickets No. 280089 and 135345. Both have travelled up-country, and will doubtless be applied to the extension of agricultural enterprise.

All's well that ends well, and as Mr. Lance has escaped slaughter at the hands of discontents, it is to be hoped he will be recommended for a Rao Bahadurship by a Congress of prize-winners for his able conduct of the W. I. T. C. War Lottery which has marked an epoch in the annals of the Bombay High Court as well as in the annals of Bombay's financial elevation.

PRIZE NO.	TICKET NO.	VALUE RS.
298	49749	1,825
200	8331	1,825
963	128276	835
734	153974	835
637	176854	835
511	332507	835
996	362540	835
457	255335	835
89	285321	3645
632	315454	835
550	126276	835
793	357867	835
624	127966	835
159	319201	1825
92	141265	3,645
547	339524	835
620	123120	835
138	22590	3,645
760	236960	835
728	92755	835
152	227359	1,825
443	106937	835
876	328818	835
106	28700	3,645
144	61499	1,825
94	218152	3645
507	168189	835
118	6591	3,645
712	9582	835
809	304117	835
181	267092	1,825
858	30171	835
405	158349	835
784	86409	835
31	315514	3,645
413	885632	835
164	273248	1,825
927	141490	835
560	168236	835
237	233180	1,825
343	192539	1,825
265	156001	1,825
555	320727	835
392	21732	835
122	86480	3,645
220	310663	1,825
80	43851	3,645
751	354052	835
403	22564	835
178	211748	1,825
772	307236	835
378	201754	835
186	36213	1,825
287	64129	1,825
446	143404	835
101	64219	3,645
129	221585	3,645
678	168494	835
727	148298	835
39	31738	7,285
965	178817	835
409	54730	835
934	107671	835
720	341732	835
704	99758	835
86	82298	3,645
954	132651	835
610	125195	835
353	286433	835
297	209028	1,825
847	107763	835
458	344901	835
463	186980	835
682	101015	835
539	366430	835
412	133471	835
886	277485	835
256	354989	1,825
313	175039	1,825
368	77106	835
165	119822	1,825
115	307320	3,645
261	178717	1,825
565	271478	835
15	276713	36,425
894	169878	835
37	126073	7,285
417	129611	835
785	157220	835
828	98177	1,825
763	276184	835
465	315673	835
305	295829	1,825
262	54802	1,825
846	141670	835
340	4456	835
99	239273	3,645
895	270084	835
661	1302	835
518	221492	835
552	14583	835
535	136667	835
552	83744	835
230	255820	1,825
125	6126	3,645
121	355918	3,645
238	283134	1,825
988	141062	835
929	233141	835
739	137208	835
466	67574	835
779	350180	835
980	99391	835
69	135635	3,645
270	247145	1,825
827	267109	835
672	104448	835
694	307831	835
650	162437	835
880	55186	835
706	279446	835
140	326479	3,645
676	272842	835
72	27372	3,645
486	73228	835
452	30000	835
909	228915	835
852	309930	835
595	91025	835
582	64911	835
917	3332	835
243	6236	1,825
370	319190	835
365	225809	835
41	266273	7,285
52	365315	3,645
125	103278	3,645
95	184443	3,645
214	24354	1,825
922	253687	1,825
306	317557	1,825
766	294830	835
50	41806	835
288	255108	1,825
114	262940	3,645
430	12585	835
557	33323	835
471	297945	835
342	11526	1,825
959	49088	835
294	155881	1,825
912	137422	835
247	167953	1,825
743	213086	835
131	16620	3,645
161	240519	1,825
677	141932	835
447	38394	835
411	292392	835
407	325175	835
783	122460	835
568	176837	835
435	207766	835
496	130067	835
838	50774	835
134	148803	3,645
534	195604	835
216	364066	1,825
354	118297	835
812	190536	833
4	42950	72,845
408	301656	835
994	247235	835
817	327839	835
127	45209	3,645
643	50797	835
837	263661	835
314	3628	1,825
432	151461	835
63	309791	3,645
416	220015	835
631	347998	835
7	98953	72,845
301	22198	1,865
421	342068	835
619	113374	835
487	170844	835
780	223632	835
252	7118	1,825
819	143343	835
724	285608	835
31	100719	7,285
105	328828	3,645
832	25630	835
918	143818	835
236	8234	1,825
813	242016	835
930	342990	835
517	191210	835
864	191881	835
44	269967	3,645
972	70951	835
225	217795	1,825
732	287087	835
208	78704	1,825
333	136179	1,825
62	55442	3,645
695	255090	835
594	169579	835
318	140296	1,825
350	130223	835
444	339806	835
47	82394	3,645
633	169665	835
753	283030	835
1000	240273	835
83	247920	3,645
987	179926	835
742	200790	835
928	218656	835
915	13817	835
14	135395	36,425
307	338937	1,825
414	234945	835
451	310817	835
71	250318	3,645
302	209907	1,825
737	318841	835
218	158076	1,825
254	250489	1,825
57	26270	3,645
482	157361	835
621	14572	835
477	21479	835
592	271007	835
406	350601	835
436	39629	835
369	74679	835
857	282753	835
878	17410	835
937	263054	835
755	347904	835
992	46730	835
168	330830	1,825
215	262063	1,825
839	278056	835
842	210938	835
898	311813	835
320	36136	1,825
53	45155	3,645
877	147841	835
357	352646	835
323	57218	1,825
201	330017	1,825
347	101976	835
971	222839	835
681	87502	835
516	154405	835
731	212719	835
88	244459	3,645
149	49065	1,825
234	35587	1,825
910	326768	835
280	103995	1,825
338	180051	1,825
351	251335	835
902	366300	835
503	131079	835
907	170194	835
777	373	835
765	58334	835
939	70371	835
335	301240	1,825
60	123198	3,645
844	266505	835
289	284157	1,825
629	245610	835
799	328418	835
279	146931	1,825
11	230039	36,425
110	134349	3,645
356	282715	835
170	283599	1,825
668	211372	835
65	331959	3,645
583	359424	835
730	309322	835
311	153146	1,825
231	14739	1,825
715	277769	835
175	37203	1,825
756	302649	835
348	212288	835
504	144842	835
870	296052	835
921	324572	835
474	233457	835
410	128112	835
148	183462	1,825
786	215256	835
20	289946	7,285
577	87188	835
542	211252	835
989	357231	835
300	350995	1,825
868	274389	835
426	198406	835
960	122189	835
182	163330	1,825
162	311167	1,825
232	292517	1,825
374	317053	835
288	187765	1,825
933	105056	835
804	331235	835
956	107048	835
520	324965	835
341	173433	1,825
600	77398	835
548	69473	835
96	106517	3,645
29	25276	7,285
567	245466	835
523	69052	835
112	124664	3,645
233	28396	1,825
967	212284	835
418	1189	835
210	160037	1,825
962	117330	835
473	357274	835
158	56457	1,825
890	134038	835
637	310516	835
82	271234	3,645
999	296794	835
291	289037	1,825
217	298320	1,825
441	321579	835
791	96311	835
282	100173	1,825
339	162913	1,825
460	352497	835
75	40987	3,645
745	159050	835
219	303520	1,825
702	361298	835

INSUFFICIENT MEDICAL PROVISION.

INDIAN ARMY BADLY EQUIPPED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, July 6.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—

The Mesopotamia Commissioners find that Surgeon-General Hathaway made a misleading report on the condition of the wounded, Sir William Babtie, Director-General of the Medical Services up to June 1915, is described as an officer of ability and knowledge, but he did not bring these qualities to bear upon his task and accepted obviously insufficient medical provision without protest and without any adequate effort to improve it. His successor Surgeon-General Macneece, although he is found to have despatched from Mesopotamia, when sent there to report in January, a very inadequate representation of what had taken place, is described as thoroughly desirous of fulfilling his duties. But he was a man of advancing years and diminishing strength and proved unequal to his position.

The report states elsewhere that while the conditions of the campaign in Mesopotamia required a standard of preparation above the ordinary, the Indian army on the outbreak of war was below the ordinary standard owing to the campaign of military economy pursued for many years by an agreement between the Home and Indian Governments. The supply of Artillery had been cut down both in quantity and quality, while the army equipped only for Frontier warfare against savage tribes as regards mechanical equipment, guns, etc., was in a less favourable position to confront modern troops than in the time of the South African war, and the reserves of booth personnel and materiel had been reduced to a very low ebb.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

	On 6-7-17 Rs.	Up to Date. Rs.
War Loan	....	2,17,400
War Bonds ..	4 300	7 78.150
Cash Certificates..	10,237-12	14,73,850-4
Rs. ..	14 537-12	24,69,400

CHINESE IMBROGLIO.

REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE AT SHANGHAI.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SHANGHAI, July 6.
Recd. 5-50 p.m., July 6.

A conference, including Admiral Cheripinkwang, Minister of the Navy, Admiral Sahchenping, leading military officers as well as Tongshaoket, Sunyatsen, Sug.ghungyi and other prominent men, has passed a resolution in favour of the transfer of the central Republican Government to Shanghai.

Republicans have invited the ex-premier, Liyuanhung, to proceed forthwith to Shanghai. If Liyuanhung comes, the situation will immediately assume a far more serious aspect.

SITUATION IN CHINA.

PRO-REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT GROWING STRONGER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SHANGHAI, July 5.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 6.

The Vice-President of the Republic has issued an appeal to all Governors denouncing the Imperial military leader and the restoration of the ex-Emperor. Meanwhile the President of the Republic is taking shelter in the Japanese Legation. The pro-Republican movement is daily growing stronger.

MANCHU RESTORATION.

THREATENED WITH COLLAPSE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 8-25 p.m., July 6.

A telegram from Tientsin states that the Manchu restoration is threatened with collapse. Fifty thousand republican troops are converging on Peking, commanded by the new premier Tuanchijui, who is supported by fifteen provinces. Tuanchijui has sent an ultimatum to Changhsun's three thousand troops promising leniency if they surrender.

ALLOTMENT IN RACING.

28 DAYS AT NEWMARKET AND 12 ELSEWHERE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 6.

The Jockey Club has decided to allot twenty-eight days to racing at Newmarket and twelve elsewhere.

THE AIR-RAIDS.

NO EVIDENCE REGARDING INFORMATION TO ENEMY

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

Mr. Bonar Law stated that the Government had no evidence that enemy agents here supplied information enabling the enemy to choose the time and place for the recent air-raids on England.

REPARATION FROM NEUTRALS.

ARGENTINE EMBARGO ON EXPORT OF WHEAT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

In the House of Commons, to-day, Lord Robert Cecil stated that the Government had every intention of obtaining adequate reparation from any neutral which could be proved to have permitted a mine-laying ship bearing a neutral flag to leave its ports.

He also stated that Government had made every effort to secure the removal of the Argentine embargo on the export of wheat, hitherto unsuccessfully.

RECRUITING IN AUSTRALIA.

SIR SAMUEL MACCAUGHEY'S EFFORTS AT STIMULATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SYDNEY, July 5.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. July 6.

With the object of stimulating recruiting Sir Samuel Mccaughey offers to insure five hundred soldiers for a total of one hundred thousand, involving an outlay of approximately ten thousand annually.

MESSRS MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. July 6.

Messrs. Montagu's report says a good undertone was revealed by the recovery of price to 39 7/8. The market is so sensitive that any considerable special demand is immediately felt. Shanghai exchange has fallen back during the week. The movement does not appear to be connected with the restoration of the Emperor. Indian Treasury's holding of silver is now over twenty crores.

PETROGRAD WOMEN'S CONTINGENT.

THE CEREMONY OF BLESSING ITS COLOURS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

A picturesque and significant spectacle was witnessed in the Square of the St. Isaac Cathedral, when the colours of the Petrograd Women's Contingent were blessed. The first detachment consists of over two hundred women and girls with hair cropped carrying rifles and in full men's uniform.

AN IMPOSING CEREMONY.

FURTHER DETAILS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PETROGRAD, July 5.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 6.

At the blessing of the colours of the Petrograd Women's Contingent the Don Cossacks' cavalry and specially selected sailors acted as the Guard-of-Honour. On the opposite side of the Square there was massed the Battalion of Death composed of wounded convalescent soldiers while the veterans of the Turkish war also gathered to pay a tribute to the new outburst of patriotism which is thrilling those who throughout the revolution maintained that "Russia is all Right."

SIX FOOT WOMEN NAVAL GUARD.

There were also numerous other Women Volunteers Corps present, including the six foot women of the naval guard. The Cossacks stood up in their saddles carrying the banners inscribed. Among the Cossacks there are no deserters' and the women's banners included such inscriptions as "Death is better than shame" and also. "Don't marry traitors."

MADAME BOTCHKEREVA IN COMMAND.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the contingent marched off led by the commander, Madame Botchkereva, who has

RUSSIAN MINES AND MINERAL DEPOSITS.

SCHEME FOR TRANSFER TO AMERICAN HANDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, July 6.
Recd. 5-50 p.m., July 6.

The Petr[illegible] Associated [illegible] "The Sp[illegible] Russian M[illegible] to recomm[illegible] hands of t[illegible] mineral de[illegible] of Mining [illegible] the Comm[illegible] offer of the island of Sakhalien, to Amer[illegible]can capitalists for working petroleum and coal deposits and a similar transfer of several districts in Siberia, also gold mines in Altai, copper mines in the Caucasus and railroads in the Urals. M. Paltchinski, Assistant Minister of Commerce, supported the scheme.

The Committee resolved to recommend M. Maliavkin's plan on condition that America undertook to employ Russian labour and technical assistants as far as possible.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY REORGANISATION.

The American commission investigating Russian railways has made a report advising purchase of larger cars and locomotives. The Commission with the approval of the Provisional Government has already ordered in the United States rolling stock at a cost of 750 million roubles."

DANGER OF HANDLING GERMAN BOMBS.

A DOCTOR'S WARNING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 6.

A physician at a London hospital utters a warning against handling powder from German bombs. He says that on June 2nd he treated fourteen cases of severe dermatitis, some already septic, due to handling material impregnated with dust from explosives.

U. S. AVIATION BILL.

IMMEDIATE CONSTRUCTION OF 22625 AEROPLANES CONTEMPLATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

The Government Aviation Bill provides for the immediate construction of 22,625 aeroplanes at a cost of 639 million dollars.

DISTURBANCES IN HOLLAND.

PROFITEERING A CONSIDERABLE FACTOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 6.

It is authoritatively stated that profiteering is a considerable factor in the disturbances in Holland.

ENORMOUS PROFITS TO SHIPOWNERS.

MR. BONAR LAW'S REPLY IN THE COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. July 6.

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to the complaints in the Commons that the Government was ruining the shipowners, said it was absolutely disgraceful that any class in war time should be able to make such profits as he was about to disclose. He invested 8,110 sterling in fifteen companies, all tramp steamers, and received 3,623 interest in 1915 and 3,847 in 1916, exclusive of excess profits. One steamer had been sold or sunk. He had invested two hundred in that ship and besides handsome dividends, received a further thousand.

HINDENBURG AND LUDENDORFF.

ARRIVE AT AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, July 4.
Recd. 0-20 a.m. July 7.

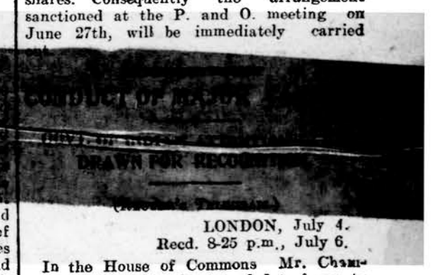
It is announced from Berlin that Hindenburg and Ludendorff have arrived at the Austrian Headquarters and have had audience of the Emperor. Simultaneously the Austrian and German papers publish a statement inspired by Hindenburg and obviously designed for Austrian consumption, in which he says, "Victory is ours if we hold out till submarines have done their work. They will soon force our enemies to make peace. The latter know this, hence they continue to make hopeless attacks." He concludes that Germany's alliance with Austria is unshakeable.

P. & O. DEFERRED STOCK TO BE ISSUED.

EXCHANGEABLE FOR UNION CO.'S SHARES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

The Treasury has sanctioned the issue of half a million Peninsular and Oriental deferred stock, exhangeable for the Union Steamship Company of New Zealand shares. Consequently the arrangement sanctioned at the P. and O. meeting on June 27th, will be immediately carried



LONDON, July 4.
Recd. 8-25 p.m., July 6.

In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain stated that he intended to bring to the notice of the Government of India the conduct of Major Carter, who exposed the medical defects in Mesopotamia, with a view to his receiving suitable recognition. (Cheers.)

KING OF SPAIN.

DISMISSES HIS AIDES-DE-CAMP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MADRID, July 5.
Recd. 8-25 p.m., July 6.

The King has dismissed Aides-de-Camp constituting the military household, including General Aminar.

MR. EDWIN MONTAGU.

TO BECOME MINISTER OF RECONSTRUCTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 8-25 p.m., July 6.

The "Daily Chronicle" states that Mr. Edwin Montagu will shortly join the Government as Minister of Reconstruction.

DELAYS OF INDIAN LITIGATION.

"A REPROACH UPON OUR ADMINISTRATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 8-25 p.m., July 6.

In the Privy Council, Lord Buckmaster delivering judgment in the dispute between the Government of India and certain landowners about the proprietorship of certain alluvial lands in the valley of the Ganges, pointed out that the litigation began in 1902. It was deplorable that even now their Lordships had not the materials necessary to dispose, finally, of the case, which must therefore be remitted to a subordinate judge. It was now seventy years since Lord Macaulay pointed out that the delay in Indian litigation constituted a reproach upon our administration and their Lordships regretfully felt that the reproach had still to be removed.

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BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, July 7, 1917.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES!

Lord Ronaldshay has now made a pronouncement on the Indian demand for Self-Government. Apparently certain bodies, in presenting addresses to his Excellency at Dacca, voiced the demand,—though no details are given by the Associated Press which sends the telegram,—and this gave the Governor of Bengal the opportunity to repeat the admonition, slightly different in phraseology but not in substance, already addressed by the Governor of Madras and the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab to their Legislative Councils. Indians are not to think, of such a thing as the grant of a measure of self-government. Lord Ronaldshay says a "greater measure of self-government" but, since there is *no* measure of self-government at present, we have to take it that Lord Ronaldshay means the good men of Dacca to understand that "during my rule" there will not be even a definite step on the road to self-government. And he proceeds to emphasise that the goal is a dreary long way off. He commends his audience to the speech of Sir S. P. Sinha two years ago, —the "informed and considered opinion" of the then President of the National Congress, that "the path is long and devious" and that "we shall have to tread long and weary steps before we come to the promised land." All these phrases, however, are to be judged in a comparative sense. We prefer to rest on Sir S. P. Sinha's informed and considered opinion as to what is immediately practical as a step on the long and devious journey. That informed and considered opinion was expressed in the Resolution of the Congress of which Sir S. P. Sinha was the President. It is not honest to drag in these phrases from Sir S. P. Sinha's speech and to ignore the resolution which he helped to draft, which he approved and which he put from the Presidential chair. That Resolution, which represents the policy to which Sir S. P. Sinha committed himself, demanded that the Legislative Councils should be truly and adequately representative of all sections of the people and that *they should have an effective control over the acts of the Executive Government.* We do not know whether Lord Ronaldshay has referred to that resolution, but he must at least have read the expressions of the informed and considered opinion of Sir S. P. Sinha as published within the last few weeks on two occasions, when he insisted that there should be a transfer of power from the hands of the bureaucracy to the hands of the people, if India was to be satisfied. Sir S. P. Sinha's informed and considered opinion is thus totally at variance with the attitude taken up by Lord Ronaldshay.

It is impossible now to avoid the assumption that these gubernatorial pronouncements represent the considered, if we cannot say the informed, opinions and policy of the Government of India which must have been communicated to the Local Governments in terms analagous to the identical features of the three pronouncements of Lahore, Madras and Dacca. It seems to us that the country, to say nothing of the Empire at large, are entitled to know whose policy this is. Is it the policy of Lord Chelmsford? Is it the policy of Lord Chelmsford and his council, that is to say, of the Governor-General in Council? Is it the policy of either, with the sanction of the Secretary of State or is it the policy imposed on the Government of India by the Secretary of State? Assuming that the latter is not the case, has it ever been formally submitted to the Secretary of State for his sanction or is it one of the things done in anticipation of his approval? Has it been referred to the Cabinet of statesmen who are continually reiterating the essential need of the establishment of self-government among all the peoples of the world? It is necessary to ask these questions because, in the first place, Lord Ronaldshay, no more than Lord Pentland or Sir Michael O'Dwyer, has no authority to lay down a policy for India. Whence do they derive their authority to lay it down that Indians must put out of their minds all thoughts of the early grant of a measure of self-government. They have not been sent here to formulate great questions of policy of this magnitude but to administer the country. By what right do they arrogate to themselves this function? The whole thing would be ridiculous if it were not tragic. The mandate as to what reforms shall or shall not be carried out in this country must come from the Imperial Government, who, in their turn, must receive their mandate from the British electorate and act in accordance with the wishes of Parliament. It is amazing that, at a time like this, when the rottenness of the system of administration in this country is the theme of comment in every paper in England and great organs of public opinion are loudly and insistently demanding radical reform, we have Provincial Governors taking it upon themselves to anticipate the decision of their masters, the electors of the United Kingdom, as to what shall be the nature of that reform.

We would earnestly entreat those who are rushing this country headlong into a state of political turmoil by these reactionary declarations and acts, and those who are inspiring them, to read the signs of the times. The system of government in this country is undergoing a process of exposure in the eyes of the British public and, slightly as the curtain has been raised, the shock has evidently been considerable. For years past Indian politicians have been protesting against the exodus of the Governments to the hills. The bureaucracy and succesive Viceroys and Governors, hypnotised by their sophistry, have treated the protest with contempt, Lord Ronaldshay being one of the latest to do so. The moment the dangers and absurdity of this monstrous practice are revealed to the British public by a practical exposure of its effects in working, we have leading organs of public opinion like "The Times" and the "Daily Telegraph" demanding its abolition with immediate realisation of its essential badness. That is only one thing. The Mesopotamia Report of which Reuter has vouchsafed us such an inadequate account, has obviously opened the eyes of the public in England to something more than the mere inefficency and failure of the military administration. It has shown them the extent to which power is concentrated in the hands of a few officials and that the whole system on which the administration works is an anachronism. Indians must have a further share in the control of their affairs, says "The Times," under the misapprehension that they have any control at all under the present system. Everyone knows that the proposal is being seriously discussed in London by the Cabinet and other leading statesmen of appointing a joint committee of both Houses of Parliament to consider the whole question of the reform of the system of government in India? Who is Lord Ronaldshay, who is Lord Pentland, and who in all conscience is Sir Michael O'Dwyer to anticipate this enquiry and to tell us that Indians are not to have a "greater measure of self-government," that is a further share in the control of their own affairs? Let them, we repeat, and those who inspire them read the signs of the times, which are pretty clearly indicated in the telegrams of to-day. If the headlong course of repression upon which the authorities in this country have embarked continues to be pursued, we do not envy those responsible for it, when it has worked its full mischief and the British public are regaled with further revelations of the way in which the power concentrated in the hands of a few men is used and comes to realise that what Mr. Chamberlain describes as "destroying the credit of British Administration" is no more than the healthy criticism to which the administration in India is being subjected at the present moment by the leading newspapers of the United Kingdom. The only difference is that critics in this country have the whole administration, provincial and imperial, to attend to in its everyday working. The British public have as yet seen but a glimpse of its inefficiency and irresponsibility.

Notes of the Day.

Bombay and the Internments.

Several correspondents have written to us enquiring as to why the date of the public meeting to protest against the Madras Internments, which is to be held under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Association, has not yet been announced. We understand that the question is under consideration as to whether the meeting should be deferred until after the joint conference of the All-India Congress Committee and the Council of the All-India Moslem League, which is to take place in Bombay on the 22nd instant, when the whole situation and the action to be taken will be considered.

Lahore and Delhi.

We referred a day or two ago to the lack of unity observable in the "programme and methods,"—to borrow Mr. Chamberlain's phrase,—of the various Local Governments in India. Madras, Bombay and Bengal, for instance, cannot agree on the precise degree of coercion that should be exercised upon the students of their respective jurisdictions. Evidence is also available from other parts of India of similar chaotic counsels. Sir Michael O'Dwyer omitted, through unwonted magnanimity or mere aberration, to stop protest meetings being held against Lord Pentland's attack on the Home Rule movement and the orders of internment passed against Mrs. Besant and Messrs. Arundale and Wadia. A public meeting was accordingly held at Lahore on June 28. The Chief Commissioner of Lahore, evidently anxious to atone for the laxity of his official superior, thereupon sought to do the next best thing by prohibiting the publication of the proceedings of the meeting in the newspapers! Sir Michael O'Dwyer, however felt that this was rather too outrageous a proceeding and had the wisdom to cancel the order. Meanwhile Mr. W. M. Hailey of Delhi fame has added a fresh feather to his cap by prohibiting the holding of a protest meeting which had been organised by some of the leading citizens of Delhi. Mr. M. Asaf Ali's able letter which we published the other day throws a flood of light on the state of affairs in Delhi. Meanwhile is there no one who can deal with Mr. Hailey's order as did Sir M. O'Dwyer with that of the Lahore Commissioner?

The Immortal Forty.

Thus the "Patrika":

The division in our own camp has ever been the ruin of India. About forty Zemindars of Madras have issued a manifesto repudiating the Hon'ble Mr. K. V. Rangaswami Iyengar as their representative in the Imperial Legislative Council. And why? Because he is an ardent supporter of the Home Rule movement! But what is the harm if he is one such? The wise forty do not care to explain it. Their further grievance is that Mr. Rangaswami in one of his speeches in the Supreme Council suggested that they were not against Home Rule. Soban Alla! If he said so, he only did them an honour. Why do they then come down on him? Surely, they have some grain of [illegible] in them. The matter is so plain that it needs no elucidation. It is now universally known that the Madras Government is dead against the Home Rule League and, in order to emphasise that fact, has condemned Mrs. Besant to internment. They, however, counted without their host. They thought this bold action on their part would strike such terror in the country that the race of Home Rlers would vanish in no time. The result was, however, most disappointing. The drastic measure, instead of killing the Home Rule movement, gave it an unprecedented impetus. The Government felt humiliated. They made mighty efforts to rally round their standard a number of selfish and weak-minded men whose happiness in this world and the next consists in basking in the sunshine of official favour. The outcome is the band of immortal forty!

Against Home Rule.

"It is no good criticising their conduct," continues our contemporary, "for they are so foolish, that they are not ashamed of declaring publicly that they are against the Home Rule movement which is the salvation of their mother-country. It is, however, a great relief to learn from Mr. Rangaswami's reply that out of one hundred and thirty Zemindars who elected him, only forty have been led astray by official influence. Their behaviour, we dare say, will evoke contempt everywhere in India. They have also repudiated their representative in the local Council, the Hon. Mr. Krishna Rao Pantulu, for the same reason. Of coure the Government will try to make capital of the support of these brainless renegades, but the patriots should go on doing their duty manfully, utterly ignoring the attitude and acts of the authorities and their pitiable tools. We offer our sincere regard for Mr. Rangaswamy and Mr. Krishna Rao for the valuable services they have done to the country by their bold stand in the cause of Home Rule or Self-Government."

Women Home Rulers.

Of the hundreds of meetings that have been held all over the country to protest against the Madras internments, special interest attaches to the public meeting of the ladies of Allahabad which was held on Saturday last under the presidentship of Mrs. Malaviya. According to the report it was a crowded and enthusiastic demonstration. Apart from the excellent and patriotic speeches that were delivered in support of the resolutions condemning the action of the Madras Government, the occasion was made notable by the proposal, put forward by Mrs. Shamlal Nehru, for the formation of a ladies' section of the Allahabad Home Rule League. In Bombay we have already a number of duly enrolled women Home Rulers, and there is no reason why the example of Allahabad should not give a distinct impetus to further recruitment. Bombay, indeed, we may point out, is specially fitted to lead in this matter for no other city in India can boast of such a large number of enlightened and emancipated women among all sections of the community. We trust the idea will be taken up.

Home Industries.

The opening of the Bengal Home Industries Depot whose object is to promote and develop home and cottage industries and art and crafts in Bengal, will be welcomed as a step in the right direction to assist in the industrial advancement of the country. Much useful work can be turned out by women and the exigencies created by the war have shown how women in England and elsewhere can be employed in an almost unlimited variety of useful ways. A general adoption of this scheme in all parts of India would prove very beneficial and besides being a source of income to the needy would create in women of all classes a regard for labour for its own sake. Encouragement ought, therefore, to be afforded to the further extension of the movement in other parts of the country.

Federal Reserve Banks.

The Federal Reserve Board, a complete account of the constitution and functions of which was given in these columns some months ago have proposed certain amendments which two years' practical experience has made manifest. The following is a summary of the proposals. The Federal Reserve Board would have authority to do the following:—

1. Call upon national banks at any time to increase their balances maintained at the Reserve banks.
2. Extend to non-member state banks and trust companies the clearing and collection facilities of the Federal Reserve system.
3. Receive mutual savings banks into the system as associate members.
4. Permit national banks to accept up to 100 per cent. of their capital and surplus in transactions involving exports and imports.

Beyond the above these three permissive regulations, namely, to issue notes against gold and gold certificates, issue notes against deposits of ~~gold and then count that gold~~ as part of the reserve required against new note issues and to open Federal Reserve Bank notes against deposits of United States 3 per cent. one year notes. All these fresh amendments are calculated vastly to facilitate financial convenience to the banking and trading classes. As such they are sure to be welcome to the general public. If at any time, after the war, a Central State Bank comes to be established in India, though the vested interests will resist it tooth and nail, the Government cannot do better than adopt the broad principles which govern the Federal reserve banks and which underlie the constitution of the Federal Reserve Board. Of course, there are no national banks in the American acceptation of the term. But whatever the State can do to develop and foster banking facilities, suited to the economic conditions of India would, in our opinion, prove vastly beneficial to the future material prosperity of the people.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies hunted on Thursday morning and visited the Convalescent Depot in the afternoon.

The following are staying at Government House, Ganeshkhind, for this week-end:—Mrs. Palmer, Sir Frank Beaman, Sir Jamsetjee and Lady Jeejeebhoy, Mr. and Mrs. Beyts, Mr. and Mrs. Rendall, Mr. and Mrs. Aitken, Miss Aitken, Captain MacIlwaine and Mr. J. A. Lord.

It is understood there will be no meeting of the Punjab Provincial Legislative Council at Simla this year.

NEW MEMBERS OF HOME RULE LEAGUE

Mr. Sorabji Edulji Patel; Mr. Vaikuntrai Ambalal Desai, B.A.; Mr. Wadilal Gopaldas; Mr. Dharamdas Bhagwandas; Mr. Manilal Mathuradas; Mr. Jiwanlal Ramji; Mr. Mangaldas Motilal Javeri; Mr. Mohomed Alladinbhoy Somjee, M.A., LL.B.; Mr. Kuverji N. Wadia, M.A., LL.B.; Mr. Fakirchand Pratapchand Zaveri, Pearl Merchant; Mr. Hiralal Runchoddas Munim, Secretary G. T. Charities; Dr. Manchershaw Jamsherji Batliwala (Dubash), L. M & S. About 40 members from cloth merchants. In addition about 50 more members.

The following gentlemen have joined the Indian Home Rule League:—

Messrs. Chhotalal Jekisondas, B.A. LL.B.; Framji Fardunji Colah, Landed Proprietor; D. S. Babarekar, B.A.; K. W. Abhyankar; Ranchhodlal C. Desai, Merchant; Chhaganlal Khemchand, Contractor; Mahashankar Revashankar Joshi; Jehangir Edulji Mehta; Adi Kekobad Javeri; Balvant G. Rahurkar, Photographer; Bhagvanjee Pragjee and Wasudeo S. Pendse.

FIERCE FIGHTING NEAR CHEMIN-DES-DAMES.

MESOPOTAMIA COMMISSION REPORT.

LORD HARDINGE'S STATEMENT.

FIRM FRENCH STAND.

DETERMINED ATTACK ON CHEMIN-DES-DAMES.

A RUSE THAT FAILED.

ENEMY MOST BLOODILY REPULSED.

SEVERAL THOUSANDS KILLED AND WOUNDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters in a message dated July 4th says:—Yesterday's attack on Chemin-des-Dames was the most powerful effort the enemy has made on the French Front since the beginning of his offensive. It covered seventeen kilometres and persisted far into the night. Several divisions were employed. They were preceded by shock-troops who, on this occasion, suffered heavily; for although they failed to attain their objective, the attack was pressed home with extraordinary obstinacy despite repeated bloody failures.

SURPRISE ATTACK THAT FAILED.

The enemy after his unsuccessful preliminary attacks during the past week on a small front evidently counted on surprising the French by the unexpected weight of his onslaught and the unwonted lateness of the hour. Had the attack succeeded, the enemy would have regained at a single blow two-thirds of the coveted Observatory Crest but, as it turned out, he gained nothing, taking neither ground nor prisoners but leaving heaps of dead in front of his trenches. Hence the enemy's hope of achieving a notable success to offset the Russian victory and the appearance of the American troops in France has been signally cheated. Several thousand killed and wounded including the best of his shock-troops are all the German commander has to show for the latest and the most weighty attempt to recover the Chemin-des-Dames. The attack was the heaviest in the eastern sector between Cerny and the California Plateau where a crest held by the French is barely one hundred yards wide at places and nowhere more than a kilometre. A very slight gain would have given the enemy all he needed, for victories are measured by yards along that narrow shell-pocketed ridge overlooking Ailette, but the Germans although they paid the full price, were not given a single yard.

ARTILLERY FIRING ON FRENCH FRONT.

AN ENEMY AEROPLANE BROUGHT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 7 a.m., July 6.

This afternoon's French communiqué reports fairly considerable reciprocal artillery firing in the regions of Moronvillers, Preanay and Hill 304.

An enemy aeroplane was brought down by machine-gun fire.

ARTILLERY CONTESTS IN VARIOUS SECTORS.

500 SHELLS FELL IN RHEIMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 6.

Last night's French communiqué reported artillery contests in various sectors. Five hundred shells fell in Rheims.

U. S. BUILDING SUBMARINE-CHASERS.

SPYING IN AMERICA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, July 5.
Recd. 7 a.m., July 6.

The Navy Department is greatly increasing submarine chasers and building these on the standardised principle. Hundreds are at present in the course of construction and orders have just been issued doubling the supply. Trial experiments with chasers show that they will be of great value in the fight against submarinism.

The submarines' attack on the transports containing the American Expeditionary Force is expected to lead to further steps to combat the insidious spy system resulting in even more stringent measures to cloak the movements of military forces from the enemy. Relief and gratification at the safe arrival of the contingents are tempered with indignation that the German Admiralty should be able to plan an attack on the transports before they had reached the zone regarded as most dangerous. There are indications that the department of Justice will be asked to investigate.

It is significant that Senator Chamberlain of the Senate Military Committee expresses the opinion that spies in various governmental departments are furnishing information to Germany by means of wireless stations in Central and South America. When these spies are discovered, he says they ought to be shot or hanged. That there are spies I have not the slightest doubt.

FIGHTING EAST OF BRZEZANY.

RUSSIAN REPULSE ALL ATTACKS.

ENEMY RESISTANCE NEAR PENDJVIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says:—We repulsed attacks east of Brzezany and east of Lipitzadolnaia. The enemy is offering stubborn resistance on the heights west and south of Pendjvin.

BRITISH ATTACK ON BRZEZANY HEIGHTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 6.

A telegram from Moscow says that two British armoured cars opened an attack on the Brzezany Heights.

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES.

UNPRECEDENTED CONCENTRATION OF ARTILLERY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 5.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cables says:—

The Amsterdam correspondent of the "Central News" says, that a despatch received in Vienna from the front attributes the Russian success to the most comprehensive preparation and an unprecedented concentration of artillery.

RUMOURS OF GERMAN OFFENSIVE REVIVE.

Rumours have revived to the effect that the Germans are about to attempt a big offensive against the Riga front including a great naval operation against the gulf.

RUSSIAN OBJECTIVE.

DIFFICULT LINE OF APPROACH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 5.

A "Pioneer" special cable says:—

If, as is generally believed, the objective of the Russian Offensive is Lemberg, they have chosen a difficult line of approach. When General Bothmer retreated from the Strypa in 1916, he halted on a carefully chosen line as did the Germans in France after the battle of the Marne, and he holds commanding positions before Brozezany, while the Zlota Lipa itself is a formidable obstacle running through a deep defile. It was anticipated in 1916 after the capture of Brody that the Russians would advance thence towards Lemberg, the distance being practically equal and the ground lower.

FOUNDATION OF HINDENBURG'S PLANS SHATTERED.

The "Morning Post's" military correspondent anticipates that the Russian activity will speedily influence the situation in France and Italy. He points out how the strongholds chosen as pivots for the German retreat, have failed to resist the Anglo-French assaults.

The enemy is still making desperate efforts to recover that on the Chemin des Dames, but the Vimy ridge has long since gone beyond recall. After its fall they rested their left on Bullecourt and their right on Lens. The former has been taken, while the latter is in the process of reduction, and the collapse of the line through Oppy is only a question of time. Nearly all General Hindenburg's available reserves have been involved in these failures and now the Russian offensive has shattered the foundation of all his plans which was the belief that he could count on inactivity in the east.

BAVARIANS HOSTILE TO PRUSSIANS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 5.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable says:—

Reuter's correspondent at the front says that a Bavarian unit after refusing to take part in an attack on the Arras front was sent to garrison duty in Germany. The Bavarians and Prussians are openly hostile to each other.

BREWING OF ADDITIONAL BEER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

Mr. Bonar Law announced that the Government had decided to permit brewing of additional thirty-three per cent. of beer for the September quarter to meet the needs of munitions and agricultural workers during the hot weather.

INDIAN ADMINISTRATION.

A SCHEME OF REFORM.

INDIANS TO HAVE FURTHER SHARE IN CONTROL.

"THE TIMES" ON SIMLA HEIGHTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 2.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 6.

The "Daily Telegraph" to-day says:—In consequence of the Mesopotamia report the Government is preparing a scheme of administration reform in India especially in the Military department. The Cabinet assisted by experts is closely considering the whole matter.

"The Times" assumes that the Government contemplates an eventual change in the Indian administration in three main directions and says the most pressing need of the moment is the revision of the Kitchener system of army control but the views of Sir Charles Monro on that will probably be awaited.

The next necessity is the further modification of the present centralised method of executive administration which concentrates too much detailed authority in the hands of officials of the Indian Government and allots too little power to provincial governments. But this question is associated with the excessively minute control exercised by the India Office a problem which has never yet been tackled.

FURTHER SHARE OF CONTROL TO INDIANS.

The third change will doubtless allot to Indians a further share in the control of their own affairs but here again much careful preliminary investigation is required. Presumably, however, the Government will begin with certain defects explained in the Mesopotamia Report which ought to be capable of rapid adjustment. "The Times" does not agree with the Commission in exonerating the members of councils from all blame, but maintains that they should never have submitted so weakly to be shorn of their attributes. This relates more particularly to the members of the Indian Government who tacitly, abdicated their functions in wartime, ignored their collective responsibility and thought they were doing their duty if they looked after their own departments.

Referring on the Commission's strictures on the attempt to run the campaign from Simla, "The Times" says that the Government must descend to the plains. If the bulk of Englishmen in India do not find it necessary to dwell aloof in mountain eyries there is no reason why the Secretariats should stay in the clouds.

PROPOSED DEDUCTION IN BRITISH INCOME TAX.

REJECTED IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 6.

During the Committee Stage of the Finance Bill in the House of Commons to-day, a proposal was made that a deduction should be made from the British incometax where the Dominions incometax had been paid, equivalent to the amount of that tax but not exceeding three shillings and sixpence in the pound.

Dr. Page Croft and other speakers urged that the incometax for the Dominions was mainly a wartax and was the last tax that should be doubled here.

Mr. Wilson Fox strongly supported the proposal as a simple act of justice. Referring to the statements that the double incometax caused the removal of the head offices of companies from England to the Dominions, he emphasised the importance to trade and revenue of Great Britain of having the head offices here.

Sir George Reid strongly pressed the matter upon the Chancellor's consideration.

Mr. Bonar Law said that while he felt as strongly as anybody upon the Imperial side of the question he could not accept the proposal. The question was not whether or not some readjustment should be made but whether it should be made in wartime and in the present financial situation. He pointed out that the effect of the proposal would be that if the Dominion proposed the incometax of 3/6 in the pound the Dominion would get the whole of it and the Imperial Government nothing.

The proposal was finally rejected by 142 votes to 86.

BEER FOR AGRICULTURAL AND MUNITIONS WORKERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., July 6.

During the further debate in the House of Commons on the additional brewing of thirty-three per cent. of beer, Sir George Cave said that thirteen per cent. would be a low-gravity brew for agricultural and munitions workers.

LORD RONALDSHAY AS "CANDID FRIEND."

INDIAN DEMAND FOR HOME RULE.

HOPES NOT DESTINED TO BE FULFILLED.

"IMMENSE PRACTICAL DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 6.

Replying to the welcome addresses presented to the Governor at Dacca yesterday, his Excellency, referring to Self-Government, said:—

With regard to a greater measure of Self-Government to which you look forward, I think it only right that I should utter a word of caution lest you be encouraged to cherish hopes which are not destined to be fufilled. I should, indeed, be a false friend to you, if I were even to seem to give consent by my silence to the belief which some of you express that this aspiration can possibly be realised within the brief period of my rule. Those who seriously hold any such belief, if, indeed, there be any such, can have given no thought at all to the immense practical difficulties which stand in the way. I would commend to their attention the informed and considered opinion of the President of the Indian National Congress, held in Bombay two years ago, that the path is long and devious and that, we shall have to tread weary steps before we go to the promised land. Self-Government within the Empire will some day be achieved, but it will come as the crown of much patient and sustained endeavour and by no conceivable possibility can it be brought about by a mere stroke of the pen. That is not to say that a steady advance towards the goal will not be made. I hope, nay, I assure that I am firmly convinced that no jerry-built edifice will stand and that what is required is a solid structure, raised with thought and care upon a firm and well-laid foundation, and in all your efforts directed towards that end, you may count upon my warm encouragement and my sympathetic support.

GERMAN PRESS ATTACKS ON MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 5.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable says:—

The German press is bitterly attacking Mr. Lloyd George.

The "Koelnische Volkszeitung" says, that, without her colonies, Germany would lose her world position while the principle of self-government of nationalities involves the downfall of Austria-Hungary.

The "Koelnische Zeitung" says, that the English premier admits that England is carrying on the war for robbery and conquest.

All papers declare that the submarines will answer the speech and General Angeiger contradicts the rumours that submarines are not giving the expected results.

TWO MORE V.C'S.

APPRECIATION OF GALLANTRY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 6.

The "London Gazette" announces the award of the following Victoria Crosses:—

Second-Lieut Arthur Henderson, already a holder of the Military Cross, Argyll and Sutherlands, for most conspicuous bravery He led an attack through an enemy front-line and captured and consolidated the objective. He was subsequently killed.

Private J. Readitt, South Lancashires. When working down a deep water-course he advanced five times despite close range machine gun fire. On each occasion he was the sole survivor of these advances. He drove the enemy back 300 yards and subsequently on his own initiative organised and carried out several more advances and held out for a long period despite counter-attacks, saving the left flank of his battalion.

SPYING IN PENNSYLVANIA.

ARREST OF JOSEPH GRABER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Recd. 7 a.m., July 6.

SCRANTON (Pennsylvania), July 5.

Joseph Graber, the organiser of Industrial Workers of the World, has been arrested and charged with being a spy in the employment of Germany.

The Federal authorities state that German money has poured into the anthracite coal districts where there have recently been a dozen strikes.

MESOPOTAMIA REPORT.

OVER-CENTRALISED BUREAUCRACY AT SIMLA.

OLD POWERS OF COUNCILS.

INDIA GOVERNMENT'S ERROR OF JUDGMENT.

MILITARY SYSTEM CUMBROUS AND INEPT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 27.
Recd. 12 noon, July 6.

The Report of the Mesopotamia Commission as summarised in the newspapers occupies eleven columns. The actual findings of the Commission take the chief place, but the recommendations and the general observations are largely quoted.

MILITARY REFORM UNDER FOUR HEADS.

Among the latter are recommendations concerning military reform under four heads.

In the first place, the existing military organisation is over-centralised at its head.

Secondly, the aim of administrative reform in India should be devolution of responsibilities and duties from the over-centralised bureaucracy of the Supreme Government at Simla.

Thirdly, changes should be made in Indian military administration enabling the Commander-in-Chief adequately to perform his duties as such.

Fourthly, the Secretary of State should inquire into the system of promotion of British officers in India, the system of reserves for native troops and certain other questions which had been brought before the Commission.

DEPARTMENTAL DISPUTES.

The Report deals stringently with disputes between the Indian and the Home Governments, especially regarding reinforcements, which was only ended by the latter's definitely ordering the former to send reinforcements, thus relieving the Viceroy of the responsibility for denuding India.

The Commission concludes:—If the Councils of the Secretary of State and the Viceroy are to be dispossessed of their old powers such change should be effected openly by an Act of Parliament. The Commission differentiates between the Indian Government's error of judgment in advocating the advance on Bagdad which might have happened in any campaign and their failure adequately to minister to the wants of the forces in Mesopotamia.

MILITARY SYSTEM CENSURED.

They ought to have known and with proper touch with the Expedition could have known what were its wants and requirements. It is true that their military system was cumbrous and inept. It was, however, within the power of the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief to have established a more effective procedure and a closer touch with the Expedition itself.

IRISH CONVENTION.

RT. HON. CAMPBELL SUGGESTED AS CHAIRMAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

The Rt. Hon. J. H. M. Campbell, the Irish Lord Chief Justice, is now suggested as the Chairman of the Irish Convention

GLUT OF POTATOES AT HOME.

HOME CROPS BEING WELL SUPPLEMENTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., July 6.

There is almost a glut of potatoes at Covent Garden. Home crops are unusually good and they have been supplemented by consignments from South Africa, Jersey, Holland and Spain. Prices are tumbling.

already won two St. George's Crosses for bravery at the front, where she led several desperate enterprises. Mrs. Pankhurst regards her as the most remarkable character for simple-minded determination and innate courage. Cheering crowds lined the streets. The anarchists were not present.

SWEDISH TRAWLERS SUNK.

BY GERMAN SUBMARINES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

COPENHAGEN, July 4.
Recd. 0-20 a.m. July 7.

Several Swedish trawlers have been sunk by German submarines.

LORD HARDINGE'S STATEMENT.

GOVT. OF INDIA'S EFFORTS.

"INDIA BLED WHITE."

THE ULTIMATE JUDGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 11-40 p.m., July 6.

Lord Hardinge made his statement to-day, on the Report of the Mesopotamia Commission. Lord Hardinge sat on cross benches and when he rose to speak there was a large attendance of Peers while Peeresses and Members of the Commons thronged the galleries.

Lord Hardinge regretted that the Commission had not included an eminent lawyer accustomed to sift and weigh evidence with technical knowledge and experience, also that the whole of the evidence taken before the Commission could not be published. He believed that if it had been possible to publish it, a different impression regarding at least some points that had attracted public attention would have been created. As it was, the impression that must have been conveyed to the ordinary reader was that India had practically made no serious effort in the war and such effort as had been made had been made grudgingly and under pressure from Home. That such was not the case must be well known to their Lordships, but he feared that the publication of the report in India might create the impression that the efforts and sacrifices of India had been inadequately appreciated at Home. The Report scarcely referred to the greatest military effort in the history of India in the despatch of expeditions to France, Egypt and East Africa before the expedition to Mesopotamia had even been contemplated, nor was any account taken of the fact that, owing to the readiness of India to assist by giving with an open hand all she had in the initial stages of these three expeditions, her military resources and reserves of equipment and stores of all kinds were almost exhausted before even the inception of the idea of the campaign in Mesopotamia.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S GREAT EFFORTS.

Lord Hardinge proceeded to show that the Government of India had greatly exceeded the limts fixed by the Nicholson Committee, both in regard to raising troops and to military expenditure. He pointed out that the Commission admitted that there was no proof that the Finance Department of the Government of India had refused any urgent military demand.

Lord Hardinge recalled India's efforts in other theatres of war. He stated that, approximately, eighty thousand British and 210,000 Indian troops, all fully trained and equipped, had been sent overseas, compared with eighteen thousand, which was the previous record of an oversea expedition from India.

"INDIA BLED WHITE."

He emphasised that for some weeks before the arrival of the Territorials, the British garrison in India was only fifteen thousand, thus the safety of India had been imperilled in the interests of the whole Empire. He took the risk confidently because he trusted the people of India and he was proud to say that they had fully justified his confidence.

Lord Hardinge emphasised that from the moment of the outbreak of the war it had been the steady policy of the Government of India to give readily to the Imperial Government of everything it possessed, both in troops and war material. It was no exaggeration to say that India was bled absolutely white during the first weeks of the war. There was then no question of an expedition to Mesopotamia, the Government of India's sole preoccupation being to make every possible sacrifice in order to secure, the successful prosecution of the war in France. After the commencement of operations in Mesopotamia, India's own needs became pressing and the results of her previous sacrifices began to be severely felt. It was then India's turn to make repeated and insistent demands of the War Office, most of which were either refused, or given sparingly owing to what was held to be the even greater need of the British forces in France.

THE FIRST ADVANCE ON BAGDAD.

After dwelling on the frontier and the internal difficulties of India in 1914 and 1915, Lord Hardinge dealt with the question of first advance on Bagdad, in which connection he read an extract from a telegram from the Government of India to Mr. Chamberlain, dated October 6th 1915, which had not appeared in the Mesopotamia report showing that the Government of India had declined to allow General Nixon to go beyond Kut unless another Indian division were sent from France. He also quoted a private telegram which Lord Hardinge had sent to Mr. Chamberlain on the same date and only part of which had appeared in the report, in which Lord Hardinge, after emphasising the importance of the capture of Bagdad concluded by saying,

"I put forward these considerations to be weighed by Mr. Chamberlain and the Imperial Government, for I fully realise that it is for Imperial Government to decide where and how our forces can be used to best effect."

A private telegram sent on the following day stated that Sir Beauchamp Duff shar-

(Continued on page 10).

LATEST CABLES.

RESULTS OF THE BRITISH OFFENSIVE.

METTLE OF THE NEW ARMY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 2-10 a.m., July 7.

Mr. Perry, Robinson, wiring from Headquarters, surveying the results of the year's British offensive, says it can now be confessed that there were doubts regarding the new Armies, but disquietude has vanished. The new men have proved not once but hundreds of times that they are superior to the Germans. We are confident to-day that the New Armies are stronger and made of better men and are better commanded than the enemy's armies.

Mr. Robinson recounts instances of heroism of English, Scottish, Welsh, Irish, Australian, Canadian and South African troops and says not the least remarkable has been the performance of some of the latest drafts. Several times officers expressed misgivings on the subject, but always misgivings were falsified and seemed ludicrous after the event.

Behind this quality of the men is the enormous development of machine power? We have learned to strike with the fist more heavily mailed than the Germans have ever known how to use it. Whether the job be long or short the Army has perfect confidence that it is stronger than the enemy and that only one end is possible.

SITUATION IN WEST FLANDERS.

GERMANS VERY APPREHENSIVE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 2-10 a.m., July 7.

The Naval correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle" says, the Germans are very apprehensive of the situation in West Flanders. They fear that Mr. Churchill's purpose of digging rats out may be attempted in some other form. They have seen the British line extended from France to the cost and the possibility of a conjoint operation is regarded with alarm. "It is recognised here," he says, "that the necessity for ending the German activity on the coast has become insistent. The Germans are aware of this and are beginning to feel the precariousness of their hold".

BRITISH PLAN OF GREATER ACTIONS.

WAR MINISTER'S STATEMENT IN REICHSTAG.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, July 5.
Recd. 1-50 a.m., July 7.

In the Reichstag the War Minister said that the British had presumably planned greater actions north of Arras. He asserted that the French were exhausted, but admitted that the Russian offensive was energetic.

He declared that the abandonment of Salonika enterprise was improbable.

Zimmerman stated that the nullification of Brazil's neutrality did not mean declaration of war.

NEED FOR STRATEGISTS IN ADMIRALTY.

EXPRESSED BY SUBMARINE LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m., July 7.

The "Daily Mail" in a editorial article says Mr. Lloyd George in his recent visit to the Grand Fleet doubtless learned the opinion of the most active and progresive officers and is now in a position to decide upon our naval policy. It is necessary to bring strategists to the Admiralty and place them in charge of the Operations Department. The need of such action is expressed by continuous submarine losses.

AMERICANS IN FRANCE.

MOVE FROM BASE TO INSTRUCTION CAMPS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m., July 7.

A telegram from Paris says the Americans have already begun to move from the base to instruction camps behind the fighting line.

STRIKE IN RHENISH AND WESTPHALIAN DISTRICTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m., July 7.

A telegram from the Hague says a strike has occurred throughout whole Rhenish and Westphalian industrial districts, including Essen.

SCENE IN SAXON DIET.

GOVERNMENT WARNED OF UNREST IN SAXON ARMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m., July 7.

The "Berliner Tageblatt" reports a scene in the Saxon Diet when two National Liberals warned the Government of unrest in the Saxon army which was no longer animated by loyalty to the King. The Diet passed a resolution urging Bundesrath to liberalise the administration of the Empire.

LORD HARDING'S STATEMENT.

(Continued from page 9.)

ed these views. Lord Hardinge declared that the omission of these telegrams from the Report required an explanation.

A VITAL TELEGRAM.

Lord Hardinge continued that the expedition would have remained at Kut but for the fact that on October 8th Mr. Chamberlain telegraphed to Sir John Nixon asking what additional force he would need to hold Bagdad. He also privately telegraphed to Lord Hardinge stating that the Cabinet were so impressed by the great political and military advantages of the occupation of Bagdad that they would make every effort to supply the necessary force, and asking whether Lord Hardinge was satisfied that one division would suffice. Sir John Nixon's reply was such that there was practically no alternative to the advance. Having private information that the Gallipoli expedition was not going well and bearing in mind the views of the Cabinet, Sir Beauchamp Duff and Lord Hardinge concluded that to veto the advance would be a case of civilian interference with military plans. At the same time they exphasised the necessity for reinforcing Sir John Nixon by a division which should reach Bagdad within a month of its capture.

Referring to a private telegram from Mr. Chamberlain regarding the conceivable concentration of sixty thousand Turks in Bagdad which had not been transmitted to Sir John Nixon, Lord Hardinge stated that if the warning had been so serious as the Report implies the General Staff in London ought to have conveyed it officially to Sir John Nixon.

THE MEDICAL SITUATION.

Dealing with the Commission's statement that his action in regard to medical arrangements was insufficiently strenuous and peremptory, Lord Hardinge said it was not easy to know what further action he could have taken without exposing himself to the charge of excessive civilian interference in military matters. Private rumour said that things were going sadly but the official report said things were going well. It was his first duty to ascertain the truth, but even before the despatch of the Vincent mission he took every possible measure to improve the medical situation.

Lord Hardinge emphasised the difficulties of the Viceroy personally supervising the medical arrangements on a river three thousand miles away amidst the other heavy labours of governing a country bigger than Europe, with over three hundred million inhabitants. Referring to a sharp telegram from Duff to Cowper, Lord Hardinge explained that it was sent because Cowper telegraphed under Nixon's name and without Nixon's knowledge. Lord Hardinge did not remember seeing the telegram before it was published in the report. He would not either have instigated or sent such a telegram.

THE VICEROY AND HIS COUNCIL.

Regarding the question of the Viceroy's Executive Council, Lord Hardinge denied that the procedure was unconstitutional. Referring to private messages beween the Secretary of State, and the Viceroy, Lord Hardinge said he inherited the system which he saw no reason to change, because it was convenient and expeditious.

Alluding to Commander Wedgwood's Minority Report attacking himself, Lord Hardinge drew attention to Commander Wedgwood's admission that he was not present when Lord Hardinge was examined.

THE ULTIMATE JUDGES.

Lord Hardinge concluded by recalling that he had thirty-seven years of honourable service of the Crown. He had held two of the highest offices in the State and had prolonged his viceroyalty at the request of the Government purely out of a sense of public duty and in spite of personal inclination. He had throughout constantly endeavoured to do his duty with a single purpose during a period of exceptional strain and in the face of abnormal difficulties. "I may have failed in my endeavour, but such a verdict should only be given in the light of India's military effort taken as a whole and the internal situation of that vast Empire and it should be endorsed not only by my countrymen here, but by my fellow-subjects in India, to whose continued confidence and good opinion I attach the highest value. It is in the light of this wider outlook that my administration should be judged."

MR. CHAMBERLAIN NOT TO MAKE A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 0-20 a.m., July 7.

In the House of Lords Lord Curzon said the House had listened to Lord Hardinge's statement with the respect due to his character and position, and asked the House not to proceed further with the matter to-day in view of the likelihood of a general discussion in both Houses in the course of a week. The House agreed.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law stated that Lord Hardinge had not resigned. He gave an assurance that pending the discussion on the Mesopotamia report no person censured by the Commissioners would be promoted.

Mr. Bonar Law hoped to be able on Thursday to name a day for the discussion.

Mr. MacCullum Scott suggested that the Indian estimates might be brought in as many other matters arising from the reported could be discussed the.

Mr. Bonar Law promised to consider the suggestion.

In reply to Mr. Devlin Mr. Bonar Law said he was sure Mr. Chamberlain did not intend to make a personal explanation. He believed that Mr. Chamberlain considered, as he did, that such an explanation was unnecessary.

Whatever line Mr. Chamberlain took, he would take it in the debate.

ENGLISH PRESS COMMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 3.
Recd. 1-10 a.m. July 7.

The "Times" says well-filled benches in the Lords no less than crowded galleries showed the depth of feeling aroused by the Mesopotamia Report. Although Lord Hardinge's statement brought to light few new facts, it was accepted as an important addition to the material on which the public, and eventually both the Houses of Parliament, will pronounce the final judgment. Debates for which the Government has promised facilities can hardly be delayed beyond the next week. It is true that the Government has not yet decided the nature of their disciplinary measures, but when it gets Law Officers' opinions and precedents before them the decision cannot be long postponed. Some Members of the Commons demand the publication of evidence, but this is an obvious impossibility during the war.

The "Times" says that the essential part of Lord Hardinge's statement was his reminder of India's unprecedented contribution to the war, and incidentally of the relatively small part Mesopotamia played in the sum total of his own responsibilities. Lord Hardinge's contention that he had to invade Mesopotamia after he had lavished his crack troops and the bulk of military resources on other fronts carries weight and obviously impressed the Lords. Equally admissible was his narrative of internal difficulties. It is the importance of remembering India's total effort in the war which justifies Lord Hardinge's statement in circumstances of privilege denied to his colleagues. At the same time we cannot agree with him for a moment that the Commission was at fault, because it dismisses these considerations in a few lines. Its business was Mesopotamia. Lord Hardinge at no point, indeed, made any impression on the general accuracy of the majority report, but he knocked the bottom out of Mr. Wedgwood's far too violent Minority Report, when he pointed out that it was framed without the slightest effort to examine its principal scapegoat.

The "Times" says that Lord Hardinge's closing words deserve respect, for, in effect, he claimed to be judged not only by his own countrymen, but by the hundreds of millions over whom he ruled with acknowledged success for a period which was extended, not by his own desire, beyond the ordinary term of viceroyalty. It is common knowledge that he enjoyed the esteem of the people of India to an unusual degree. He governed them during the most critical time we have ever known in India, with one exception, and never lost their goodwill even in the most trying moments, and on his return home the most favourable verdicts were rightly passed on his internal administration. These things should not be forgotten. Too many critics who are foremost in clamouring for Lord Hardinge's head are either those who are constantly imploring us to trust the soldiers, which is exactly what he did with most unfortunate results, or they are those who last year were beslavering him with excessive praise for the sympathy he had shown to Indian aspirations.

More consistency and a better memory, "The Times" adds, "will be required when the time comes for the final verdict. Our own view is that Lord Hardinge's statement yesterday does not shake the conclusions of the Mesopotamia Commission, or dispose of his share in the general condemnation, but that it will restore a sense of perspective to the public judgment of India's effort under his rule.

The "Daily Telegraph" refrains from criticising Lord Hardinge for forestalling the general debate, because no moment could be too soon for insisting on the magnitude of India's contribution to the war. The Journal points out that Lord Hardinge was silent on one matter which general common sense has seized upon as the most deporably weak and unbusinesslike of all administrative futilities with which the Commissioners dealt with, namely the practice of govering the Indian Empire, to say nothing of conducting a military effort of unparalleled magnitude, from a hilltop in the Himalayas.

The journal says that thorough reform of higher command and administration of India, which is a proved and pressing necessity, should firstly include the removal of this strange institution.

PREMIER OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

REMARKABLE ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m. July 7.

Mr. Holman, Premier of New South Wales, had a remarkable escape from death while visiting the front in France. A heavy shell exploded a few yards away and Mr. Holman was knocked down, bruised and his clothes torn. He was taken to Headquarters suffering from severe shock, but did not go into the hospital. It is hoped that he will completely recover.

ARGENTINE NOTE TO GERMANY.

DEMANDS APOLOGY FOR SINKING VESSELS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m. July 7.

A telegram from Buenos Aires states that an Argentine Note has been despatched to Germany demanding an immediate apology and indemnity for the sinking of the Orana and Toro also a guarantee that the Argentine flag shall be respected. Rupture is imminent.

ALLIED ARMY AT SOLONIKA.

GREEK CABINET TO SUPPLY 15,000 TONS OF THESSALIAN WHEAT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, July 6.
Recd. 8-25 p.m., July 6.

The Cabinet has decided to supply fifteen thousand tons of Thessalian wheat to the Allied army at Salonika.

KING GEORGE'S FUND FOR SAILORS

INAUGURATED AT MANSION HOUSE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 6.
Recd. 1-50 a.m. July 7.

King George's fund for sailors was inaugurated at Mansion House to-day. It was announced that Prince Albert was the President. The object of the fund is to secure more efficient aid for marine benevolent institutions.

The list of subscriptions was headed by P. & O. with £3,000, Lord Inchcape £1,000 and several shipping companies £1,000 each. The total hitherto exceeds thirty thousand.

Sir John Jellicoe in a speech dwelt on the difficult tasks of the Mercantile Marine and the Navy against the enemy's methods of despair. He described the wonderful acts of bravery of merchant seamen, including those of the drifter Gowanlee, which was armed with one six-pounder. Three Austrian cruisers ordered her to surrender, but the drifter's captain replied by calling for three cheers and firing six-pounder. The drifter escaped.

Sir John Jellicoe added that that was the spirit which would win the war and win it quickly.

DISTURBANCES IN GERMANY.

MANY TRADES JOIN 24 HOURS STRIKE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, July 5.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. July 6.

Many trades have joined the twenty-four hours strike. The police and cavalry charged the mob, scuffling with the strikers and non-strikers and wounding a number.

Shops damaged in Tuesday's disturbances included an English bootshop.

KIDNAPPING OR RECRUITING?

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In all parts of India recruiting of labour on a large scale is being done for the purposes of the War, and recruiting agents are employed for the same. Nobody can have anything to say to this as long as it is done fairly and by the consent of people who are willing to go out for such labour. But when things are done by methods which are neither fair nor legal and when minors are enticed by all possible means it is time that such methods should be known to the public and also to the Government, under whose orders the recruiting agents are working. I relate to you sir, the story of a lad of my acquaintance who has thus been entrapped into the hands of merciless recruiting agents.

On the 26th June 1917, Naran Kuber, age 16 years, left his village of Degam in Nadiad Taluka, Kaira District, for Ahmedabad, to buy a few things for his father. As soon as he alighted from the railway train he was confronted by a recruiting agent, who offered to procure him a service in a Hotel. Naran being in poor circumstances accepted the offer that came to him unasked and received an advance of a few rupees. Naran was taken to the agent's office near the railway station and before he could realize what he was doing was made to sign an agreement, which was perhaps for service in some unknown place abroad and was hustled into a place where many others like him were kept, isolated from the outside world. Fortunately, he could pass word through a window by a Brahman boy who was his companion and who took his message to his father in his village of his being thus entrapped.

I, in company with the boy's father and the elder brother, came from Degam to Ahmedabad on the 29th June 1917, and went to the place where Naran was confined. But we were not allowed to see him, much less to talk with him. We thereafter went to the District Magistrate with a petition praying that Naran should be released. But the District Magistrate did not come to his office that day, so at about 4 p.m. we went to another Magistrate and approached him through a pleader for issuing a search warrant. The Magistrate would not first accept the petition, but after much arguing accepted it and said he would give the warrant the next day after consulting the Collector. The next day, the search warrant was given but the recruiting agent and all his victims had left for Bombay the same evening, perhaps having got a scent of the search warrant. Thus unsuccessful in our attempts at getting at the boy in Ahmedabad we followed him to Bombay. I was given facility by the officer at Dadar to see if the boy could be found anywhere in the Labour Depot there, but he was not to be found there. We went to the Wadi Bunder Depot of the recruiting agent where I have reason to believe the boy is confined, but were not allowed to go in and were given evasive replies. I consulted a pleader who said that ordinary legal methods will not be effective in such cases according to his experience. And in the last resource therefore, I have come to you, Mr. Editor, in the hope that the attention of the authorities will be attracted to this case and similar cases which I believe are numerous.

I am a priest, a Sanyasi, living in Degam and well knew the boy who is now missing. As I could not see the lamentations of the boy's father, brothers and the women of his family I accompanied them to Bombay to assist them in the search, which has proved so far unsuccessful. To crown the whole thing the boy is a minor i.e., below the age of 18, and thus not able to make a contract. But whoever goes once into the hands of, or really into the solitary rooms of, a recruiting agent is lost for good, whether he be a major or a minor. Who is responsible in the eyes of God for this bereavement of the old father of the boy, the recruiting agent, the Magistrate at Ahmedabad or the Government under whose orders both are working?—Yours etc.,

BABA KRISHNANANDAN.

C/o Moolji P. Parekh,
7th Lane, Khetwadi,
Bombay, 6th July, 1917.

INSIST ON HAVING
STATE MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAYS
Sir Guildford L. Molesworth (Consulting Engineer to the Government of India on State Railways) says :—
"The reversal of Lord Lawrence's railway policy of State construction and management has been disadvantageous, and the continuance of such reversal is, in the interests of India generally, to be strongly deprecated."

MRS. BESANT'S INTERNMENT.

BRITISH THEOSOPHISTS' PROTEST.

Mr. C. Jinarajadasa of Adyar, Madras, notifies us that he has received the following cables from England:

1. "The Executive Committee of the Theosophical Society in England and Wales at a meeting of the London members of the same send their warmest love to their President with expression of complete confidence. They are doing their utmost to get orders imposing silence on her and her colleagues cancelled as to all non-political matters. Baillie Weaver, Secretary."

2. From Lady Emily Lutyens, daughter of the late Earl of Lytton, Viceroy of India: "Following cable sent to Viceroy and Governor of Madras at crowded meeting of the Order of the Star in the East to-day: 'Following resolution unanimously passed that this meeting protests against the Government of Madras in prohibiting its Protector, Mrs. Besant, from carrying on the religious and educational work, particularly as it applies to the Order of the Star, and calls upon his Excellency the Viceroy to overrule this arbitrary and unnecessary act of injustice.—Emily Lutyens.'"

3. "Eastbourne Lodge of the Theosophical Society, England, will work unceasingly for Mrs. Besant's freedom.—Secretary, Florence Taylor."

LAHORE PROTEST MEETING!

TEST OF CABLEGRAM TO ENGLAND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, July 4.

The following is the full text of the cablegram which was sent by Mr. Harkishen Lal on the 29th June to the Secretary of State and to the Prime Minister:—"Public meeting of the citizens of Lahore held yesterday evening in Bradlaugh Hall requested me as chairman of the meeting to wire to you, first, their unhesitating affirmation of the Reform Scheme propounded last December by the Indian National Congress and the Muslim League, and second, their unequivocal belief that the policy of repression was deterimntal to the best interests of the Empire, and thirdly, their firm but respectful protest against the recent Madras internments and the misapplication of the Act passed for the Defence of India only."

MR CHAMBERLAIN'S STATEMENT ON HOME RULE.

PANDIT MOTILAL NEHRU'S CABLE TO PRIME MINISTER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, July 6.

The Hon. Pundit Motilal Nehru, President, Home Rule League, Allahabad, has sent a cablegram to the Prime Minister stating that the League has read with regret and disappointment the statements of the Secretary of State on the recent internments and on the Home Rule movement. The League denies that the agitation in which the three interned persons were engaged was mischievous or dangerous or that any improper methods were employed. The League affirms there is not the slightest likelihood of any untoward development, if left free to pursue its activities, while any unjustifiable interference with its work, and measures of repression will produce an unwholesome excitement on the public mind. The League notices with regret the Secretary of State has been making his statements in Parliament without giving due weight to the representations made to him by public bodies in this country.

The League has passed a resolution protesting against the order of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi stopping the proposed public meeting in connection with the recent internments.

PARTIAL LIBERTY TO MOULVI ZEFFAR ALIKHAN.

PERMISSION TO START A DAILY PAPERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, July 4.

The "Punjabee" writes:—"In a letter addressed to the vernacular Press, Moulvi Zeffar Ali Khan, late Editor of the "Zemindar," states that he has been set at liberty as regards the area lying on the other side of the Ravi and that as regards the area bordering on the Lahore side of the river his motesion of the Government. He also announces that he has been allowed to start a daily newspaper, which he hopes to bring out from the 1st October next.

TILAK V. CHIROL.

We hear that in the suit filed by Mr. B. G. Tilak against Sir Valentine Chirol for defamation in the High Court of England, the Government of Bombay with the approval of the Hon. the Chief Justice here appointed Mr. Dorab N. D. Khandalavala, B.A., LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, Deputy Registrar, to be Special Commissioner for recording the evidence of a large number of witnesses. The Commission will sit from the 11th of this month in the High Court.

LATE DR. DADABHAI NAOROJI

THIS BIRTHPLACE.

NAVSARI CITIZENS' SORROW.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
NAVSARI July 5.

The news of the sad demise of the late Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji was received with great grief at Navsari. Navsari claims the proud privilege of being the home of this great patriot, as well as such notabilities as the late Mr. Jamshedji Tata, and the first Indian Baronet Sir Jamshedji Jijibhai. Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji belonged to the ancient *Dordi* family of Navsari priests. As a token of the meritorious services rendered to the Moghul Empire of Delhi, one of Dr. Dadabhai's ancestors received a Jagir of about 100 acres and the title of "Mulla Jamasp" from the Emperor Jehangir as far back as 1619 A.D. Another ancester was popularly known as "Hafiz" on account of his great scholarship. This ancient family has kept up its glorious traditions even now in Navsari.

A meeting of the public was held here in the Laxman Hall and resolutions were passed expressing grief at the sad death of Mr. Dadabhai and sent condolence to the bereaved family. All bazar and public institutions were closed in honour of the deceased.

A LUCKNOW TRIBUTE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LUCKNOW, July 6.

At a meeting of the Rifah-I-Am Association held on Thursday evening the following resolution was passed:—

Resolved that the members of the Rifah-I-Am Association, Lucknow, do hereby place on record their deep sorrow on the demise of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, the foremost among Indian politicians, who worked selflessly and most zealously for the cause of his country for over a period of sixty years and the sacred memory of whose saintly life will always be enshrined in the grateful hearts of his countrymen and whose lifelong sacrifice for the cause of his country will for ever prove a source of spiritual inspiration to the present and future generations of his countrymen and convey their most heartfelt condolence to the family of the deceased on their sad bereavement. The resolution has been communicated to the family of the deceased through Sir Dinshaw Wacha.

KHANDWA CITIZENS' CONDOLENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)
KHANDWA, July 6.

A crowded public meeting of Khandwa citizens of all classes and creeds was held at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening to mourn the loss of Dr. Dadabhai Nowroji. Babu Pijarelal Ganguli, pleader, presided. Several speakers dwelt on the invaluable services rendered by Dr. Dadabhai to India. Shops and bazaars were closed that day as a mark of respect to the memory of the Grand Old Man of India. Condolence resolutions were sent to Sir Dinsha Wacha.

FURTHER CONDOLENCE MESSAGES.

Further messages of condolence have been received by the relations of the late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji.

H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar (Ootacamund): "We deeply regret death of Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji and wish you convey our sincerest sympathy to family in your sad bereavement."

H. H. the Maharaja of Bhavnagar: "We are extremely grieved to learn sad news of demise of Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji. India loses in him a true patriot and a loyal and devoted leader. Please accept you all the Maharani's and my heartfelt condolences."

Messages of condolence have also been received from the following: The Chairman of the Balabhai Club, Patan, Gujerat; The Principal, staff and students of the Kanya Mahavidyalaya, Jullundur; The Secretary, All-India Temperance Council, Madras; The Chairman of the Transvaal Tamil Benefit Society, Johannesburg; The Parsi Anjuman, Allahabad; The Chairman of the Public meeting held at Bhaonagar; The Cawnpore Gujrati Sabha; The Bombay Presidency Hindu Association, Durban; The Transvaal British India Association, Johannesburg. The Anavil Vidyrathi Ashram, Surat; Ghat Koper Students' Union.

CONDOLENCE MEETING AT GAYA

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
GAYA, July 6.

A meeting of the citizens of Gaya to mourn the loss of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji was held in the theosophical hall on the 5th instant Babu Dasrathlal, pleader presiding, when a resolution of condolence was passed.

It was further resolved to send a copy of the resolution to Mrs. Dadina, Mr. Dadabhai's daughter and Mr. Jal Naoroji, his grandson and the press.

A public meeting was held at Allahabad on Friday evening to mourn the loss of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji with the Hon. Dr. Sapru in the chair.

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HIGH COURT.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

CHARGE OF CAUSING MISCARRIAGE.

SENTENCE ON A WOMAN.

(Before Justice Kajiji and a Common Jury)

King-Emperor v. Tulsibai.

The accused was charged under section 312 and section 114 of the Indian Penal Code for causing herself to miscarry.

The facts alleged by the prosecution were these:—Tulsibai, the accused, a young Hindu woman, was married some years ago when she was quite a child. About a year ago she had a quarrel with her husband owing to his getting on intimate terms with another woman. They separated, the husband going out of Bombay and she lived with one Bala Tukaram. In course of time she became pregnant and when she was advanced about five months in that state both she and her mother Magalabai got ashamed of her condition and with a view to conceal the disgrace they consulted one Savlia and he advised her to take Tulsi to a woman named Chandribai, who would relieve her of this state of pregnancy. She was thereupon taken to Chandribai and another woman Sahibai and there some arrangements were made. Evidently more than one visit was paid by Tulsi to these women. There some measures were taken by Chandribai and Sahibai the result of which was that within 24 hours afterwards the accused was delivered of a still-born child. The child was put into a chutty and buried in a spot behind the hut. The police were informed and after making some inquiries, they arrested the accused and placed her before the Magistrate who committed her to the Sessions.

ACCUSED PLEADS FOR MERCY.

The accused's statement before the Magistrate was then read out to the jury. In that statement the accused said that she became intimate with one Bala Tukaram and became pregnant by him. She caused herself to miscarry by one Sahibai. This she did to hide her shame. She was very sorry for what she had done and prayed for mercy.

Asked by his Lordship whether she had any statement to make the accused said that she had no intention of causing miscarriage. She felt pains and got herself treated by Chandrabai. If she was let off, she promised never to do such a thing again.

The Court was her "ma bap" and she threw herself on the mercy of the Court.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict of guilty and recommended her to mercy.

His Lordship sentenced the accused to two months' simple imprisonment.

SAHIBAI AND CHANDRABAI BOTH ACQUITTED.

The first accused was charged under section 312 of the Indian Penal Code of causing Tulsibai to miscarry and the second accused was charged with aiding and abetting her in commission of the offence.

Mr. Balfour appeared for the Crown.

Mr. H. P. Dastoor instructed by Mr. H. T. Nariman, pleader appeared for the second accused.

Against the first accused the jury returned an unanimous verdict that abortion had been caused but that there was no direct evidence before the Court to show by whom it had been caused.

The second accused was found "not guilty" unanimously.

His Lordship acquitted and discharged both the accused.

SIX YEARS FOR A HANDERCHIEF.

King-Emperor v. Gangaram Bapu

The accused Gangaram Bapu was charged with theft of a handkerchief containing Rs. 4 belonging to one Mahomed Abdul, the complainant in the case.

Mr. K. F. Patel appeared for the Crown.

The complainant was walking along Masjid Bunder Road on 19th May last at 2 p.m. The accused came up from behind, put one hand on his shoulder and the other into his pocket and removed the handkerchief in which complainant had tied up four rupees. The complainant arrested him immediately and handed him over to the police.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict of guilty and added that if he had previous convictions he ought to be awarded the maximum penalty laid down by law.

His Lordship taking into consideration the previous convictions sentenced him to 6 years' rigorous imprisonment.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 7TH OF JULY, 1917.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUMMARY SUIT FOR DISPOSAL IN CHAMBERS.

548-17.—Daphtary F & D. Vithaldas Dwarkadas v. Popatlal P Kandolia & Co., a firm.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST A ATTORNEYS.

1337-14.—Sabnis & Gore, Purshotam Krishna Vete v. Pandurang Yishwant Vete & ors, 6-3-17.

440-15.—Subnis & Gore, Kanji Ladha a firm v. Pandurang Yeshwant Vete & ors, 6-3-17.

Appeal No. 816-570-91.—Wadia G & Co., Devidas Harivalabhdas v. Narrandas Calliandas & ors, 12-6-17.

In Re Correspondence and Conveyanve and Re Costs and Charges of Messrs. Chitnis M & K, Chitnis M & K, M R Bodas Clitnt v. Messrs. Chitnis Motilal & Kanga, Applicants, 18-6-17.

114-7-16.—Purnanand & Co., Narotam Jethabhai Desai v. Sunderji Walji & ors, 26-6-17.

23-12.—Captain & Vaidya, Radhabai widow v. Luxuman Jairam, 28-6-17.

368-14.—Captain & Vaidya, Khatizabai v. Ebraihm Mahomed Bhann & ors, 28-6-17.

In Re Hormusji Muncherji Cama Charity Fund, Khambatta & Co., William Edward Rice, Client v. Messrs. Khambatta & Co., Applicants, 2-7-17.

468-16.—Surveyor & Co., Mangoolbai widow v. Laxman Moghaji Patel & anr., 2-7-17.

489-14.—Jehangir M & Somji, Vernon & Co. a firm v. Krishnarao Ganpatrao Gaikwar, Notice 23-6-17.

931-14.—Shamrao M & H, The Pioneer Bank Ltd (In Liquidation) v. Dayashanker Motiram Jain Bhai R & Gir, Dubash & Co., Notice 10-11-16.

C C 343-17.—Patell & Ezekiel, Meghji Vallabhdas v. David Sassoon & Co. Ltd. a firm, Wadia G & Co., 30-3-17.

453-16.—Mirza Mirza & M, Damodhar Anandji a firm v. Dhirajlal Bhanbhai & anr, Madhowji K & Ch, 18-6-17.

124-16.—Daphtary F & D. Foolcorebai widow v. Rai Saheb Kishrisingh Rajmal & anr, Payne & Co., 26-6-17.

443-17.—Judah & Solomon, Jugjiwan Vallabhdas Padamsey & Co., a firm v. The Chanda Coal Prospecting Syndicate Ltd & anr, Soonderdas & Co., 26-6-17.

1066-16.—Patell & Ezekiel, Maganlal Motiji v. Lallubhai Ramchand & ors, Purnanand & Co., 28-6-17.

O S 586-17.—Rustomji & Gir, Dinsha Muncherji Davar v. Cawasji Muncherji Davar & anr, Rustomji & Gir, Maneck Dastur & Co., 21-6-17.

LIST B COUNSEL.

In Re G & Wards Act VIII of 1890.—Captain & Vaidya, In Re Hanifabai & ors, Minors v. Haji Ismail Haji Ahmed Petitioner, Unwalla P & P, Notice 5-6-17.

966-14.—Payne & Co., The Indian Specie Bank Ltd, (in Liquidation) v. Sir Vithaldas Damodhar Thakersey, Kt., & ors, Captain & Vaidya, For review of taxation.

1362-14.—Motichand & D, Fulchand Gulabchand & ors v. Jagdish Sakarchand & anr, Amin & D, Purnanand & Co., To consider claim.

558-03.—Rustomji & Gir, Jamnabai widow v. Fazalbhai Heptulla & ors Maneck Dastur & Co., 8-6-17.

231-13.—Amin & Desai, Jamnabai widow v. Tejpal Nursey & anr, Dastur & Co., Tyabji D & Co., 18-6-17.

276-17.—Matubhai J & M, Girdharlal Bhagwandas v. Dandigulu Kishavala & anr, Purnanand & Co., 25-6-17.

O S 606-17.—Madhowji K & Ch, Gamtivala widow v. Bai Navivahu widow & ors, Bhai & Gir, 25-6-17.

ALLEGED ABDUCTIONS.

A WRESTLER AND A BROTHEL-KEEPER CHARGED.

COMPULSION TO LEAD AN IMMORAL LIFE.

At the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. B. N. Athavle, yesterday, Rao Saheb Raghunathrao Tawde of the C. I.D. charged Bandu Ibrahim, a wrestler residing in the Kolhapur State, and Bayoo, a woman, keeper of a brothel in Kamatipura, with abducting Vithibai Kunbi, a Maratha woman, and Sundribai, a "mang" woman, for the purpose of compelling them to lead an immoral life, and with wrongfully confining them, and with abetment. Mr M. K. Azad and Mr. Chhatrapati defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that Vithibai was brought to Bombay from Kolhapur last October by Bandu on false representations. He then took her to Bayoo's brothel at Kamatipura. Bayoo took her to a Marwari from whom she obtained a loan of about Rs. 125 by giving a thumb impression of Vithibai. A portion of this money was paid to Bandu, who went back to Kolhapur, leaving Vithibai in Bayoo's brothel, where Vithibai was, it is further alleged, compelled to lead an immoral life. Vithibai alleged that her earnings were taken by Bayoo. Subsequently Vithibai felt disgusted with the life she was compelled to live and the treatment she received, and she related her story and grievances to visitors. One of these took pity on her and got a typewritten application prepared to take her thumb mark. With this he went to the brothel and took her to a room where he took her thumb impression. He sent the application to the Commissioner of Police, who sent it to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, C. I. D. Bandu was arrested, and it was then discovered that Bandu had also abducted one Sundri and two more women, who had also been brought and left by him in the same brothel under circumstances similar to those mentioned above.

The further hearing was adjourned.

RECKLESS MOTOR DRIVING.

TWO VICTORIAS BADLY DAMAGED.

CAR REMAINS UNDETECTED.

While hack-Victoria No. 325 was driving towards Colaba along Wodehouse Road on Thursday night and was at the end of Cuffe Parade, a motor car, also going in the same direction, ran into the right rear wheel of the Victoria and completely smashed it. One of the head lamps of the car was also broken, but the car did not stop and the number also could not be seen. The same car which was going at a reckless speed again ran into another Victoria, which contained the baggage of the Rev. Mr. C. I. D. Mason and which was going to the Colaba Station. The result of the collision was that a suit case in the Victoria was completely smashed and other sundry articles damaged. The motor car has not yet been traced.

LADY MOTORIST FINED.

FOR TURNING CAR WITHOUT WARNING

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Frank Olivera, Inspector Copping charged Miss Palz with turning motor car No. 855 without giving necessary warning by holding out the right hand. It was alleged that Miss Palz's car came out of Mathew Road to proceed in the direction of New Queen's Road and after turning round the three lights proceeded in the direction of Sandhurst Road and then she suddenly turned her car to the right without giving necessary warning by holding out her right hand. This resulted in a collision. She also failed to produce her driving license when called upon to do so. She pleaded not guilty The Magistrate held that she turned her car without giving due warning by holding out her hand, and fined her Rs. 10.

MOTOR LORRY COLLIDES WITH TRAMCAR.

DRIVER OF LORRY FINED RS. 75.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court Deputy Inspector Fitzgerald charged a Mahomedan motor lorry driver, Hussein Jan Mahomed, with driving his lorry in so rash and negligent a manner as to collide with a tramcar. The prosecution case was that the accused drove his lorry on the morning of the 23rd June from the Mint Road to Colaba in a very rash and negligent manner, and collided in front of the Government Central Press with the front portion of tram car No. 36, also going in the direction of Colaba, as a result of which the front portion of the tram was completely smashed and the tram car driver received injuries. The accused tried to take his lorry in front of the tram and a collision occurred.

The accused was found guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 75, in default to undergo three weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Solomon defended the accused.

ALLEGED DISPOSAL OF A MINOR GIRL.

CHARGE AGAINST A HINDU WOMAN AND A MAHOMEDAN.

AN AMAZING STORY.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Inspector Copping charged Bhagoobai, a Hindu woman and Dawoodkhan Jamaludin, a Mahomedan, with disposing of Shewantibai, a minor under the age of sixteen years, for immoral purposes and with aiding and abetting. Superintendent Williamson conducted the prosecution, while Mr. D. Billimoria defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that Shewantibai, who lived with her husband at Poona, used to go to her aunt Bhagoobai. When she went to see her about three months ago, Bhagoobai asked her to stay with her for some days. She kept Shevantibai in her houe for seven days and on the eight day she told her that her (the accused's) daughter who was in Bombay, wanted to see her (Shevantibai). She took her to the railway station, purchased a ticket for her, gave her eight annas and gave her daughter's address written on a post card. Shevantibai arrived in Bombay at 7 a.m., and told a gharrywala to take her to the address written on the post card. She found the firt accused's daughter Kondibai in a house at Kamatipura. She lived with Kondibai for a month and there was another woman named Baijubai. Bhagoobai then came to Bombay and she and Shevantibai lived in the same house for a month. Shevantibai then had a quarel with Kondibai and went to Baijubai and asked her to get some work for her. Dawoodkhan the second accused used to come to his brothel on the first floor of the building. He knew that Baigubai was looking out for some work for Shevantibai but he thought Baigubai had taken her to a rival brothel. He quarrelled with Bhagoobai and Kondibai for letting Shevantibai go. He ordered Shevantibai to get out of the house where she had gone to work. Bhagoobai (accused) then took her to her house and said Dawoodkhan would take her (Shevantibai) to Poona. He sent for a gharry and Bhagoobai and Shevantibai got into it. As they drove on in the gharry, Dawoodkhan went after them in another gharry. He took Shevantibai to a house at Girgaon and when the latter asked him why he did not take her to the station he said he wanted her to meet her sister. He took her upstairs and Bhagoobai followed. There were some women in that house but they were asleep. Dawoodkhan woke up a man and said "I have brought a good girl; you may look at her." He asked that man for Rs. 20 and said he would hand Shevantibai over to him. The man promised to pay the money four days after. He said he would pay the money if Shevantibai consented to live in his house. Dawoodkhan told him Bhagoobai was that Shevantibai's mother. Shevantibai earned much money there. The second accused used to go there repeatedly and demand money from Shevantibai. Once she said she could not give so much and he threatened to throw her down stairs. For fear of her life she ran away the next morning, and met a policeman who took her to the Inspector, who heard her story and sent for the second accused who came for a moment and seeing her, disappeared but was arrested by the Police.

The further hearing was adjourned.

RAID ON A GAMBLING DEN.

FOURTEEN PERSONS FINED

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court, Inspector Histed charged Usman Isak and thirteen others with gambling in Parsigalli on the 5th instant. On information being received, Inspector Histed and Sub-Inspector Chimanlal raided the place about 2 p.m., and the accused were arrested while gambling. Rs. 27-3 were found on the floor and Rs. 205 were found on their person. The first accused was fined Rs. 30 and the rest Rs. 20 each.

ACID STOMACHS ARE DANGEROUS

NINE-TENTHS OF ALL STOMACH TROUBLE SAID TO BE DUE TO ACIDITY.

A PHYSICIAN'S ADVICE ON CAUSE AND CURE.

A famous physician, whose successful researches into the cause and cure of stomach and intestinal diseases have earned for him an international reputation, said in the course of a recent lecture that nearly all intestinal troubles, as well as many diseases of the vital organs, were directly traceable to a deranged condition of the stomach, which in turn was due nine times out of ten to excessive acidity, which not only irritated and inflamed the delicate lining of the stomach, but also set up gastritis and stomach ulcers. It is interesting to note that he condemns the use of patent medicines as well as of medical treatment for the stomach, stating that he and his colleagues have secured remarkable results by the use of ordinary *bisurated* magnesia, which, by neutralising the acidity of the food, removes the source of the trouble. He contends that it is as foolish to treat the stomach itself as it would be for a man who stepped on a tack to rub liniment on the foot without first removing the tack. Remove the tack and the foot will heal itself—neutralise the acid and stomach troubles will disappear. Irritating medicines and medical treatments are useless, so long as the contents of the stomach remain acid; remove the acidity, and there will be no need for medicine—the inflamed lining of the stomach will then heal itself. Sufferers from acidity should get a small bottle of *bisurated* magnesia from their chemist, and take half a teaspoonful in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after meals, repeating in fifteen minutes, if necessary, this being the dose which the doctor has found most efficacious in all cases. 8796

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[S. K. N.]

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BOMBAY WOMEN TEACHERS' GUILD.

APPEAL TO ALL LADY TEACHERS.

A preliminary meeting for the purpose of organising a Women Teachers' Guild will be held at the Y. W. C. A., Mayo Road, Fort, on Saturday the 7th instant at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) This meeting has been called at the request of many teachers, and the need and objects of such a Guild have been earnestly discussed by the undersigned Preliminary Committee.

The object of the Guild is to make better teachers through friendly intercourse, lectures and classes. The direct methods used will be:—Lectures, concerts, socials, physical drill classes, groups for debating, round table talks on the present world situation, social service, musical club, and Bible study. Certificates will be given for regular attendance and work accomplished.

The fee for the membership in the Guild:—Minimum 8 annas per annum, maximum Rs. 10 per annum.

The Guild will be carried on in three branches, viz:—Gujarati, Marathi and English. Lecture courses and classes in these languages will be organised in conveninent centres for the teachers.

The following preliminary committee has been appointed:—Chairman: Miss Burnett Hurst; Representatives for English Teachers: Mrs. Newland, Mrs. Thomas, Miss McDonald, Miss Wilson, Mrs. Stewart and Miss Sutherland; Representatives for Gujarati Teachers: Miss Nanabhai and Miss Bahdurji; Representatives for Marathi Teachers: Mrs. Paul, Mrs. Vaidya and Mrs. Moghi.

CONVICTION UNDER ARMS ACT.

SENTENCE ENHANCED ON APPEAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, July 5.

At the High Court to-day Justices Teunon and Huda disposed of an application made by the Government of Bengal for enhancement of the sentence passed on Mr. Kumudbandhu Bannerjee.

During the house search the police found two pistols and 32 cartridges in the possession of the accused, who was convicted under the Arms Act by the Magistrate of Alipore, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment, which sentence was considered inadequate.

Their Lordships held that, in these sinister times, in the interest of the public and that of the officers who carry their lives in their hands in carrying on investigation, it was essential that the sentence should be deterrent. They enhanced the sentence to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY AT DINAJPUR.

CASE ADJOURNED TILL 19TH INST.

(From our Correspondent.)
DINAJPUR, July 5.

The case under section 110 Criminal Procedure Code against political suspects Manohar Pain and four others was resumed before the District Magistrate for cross-examination but witness Jatis Lahire, who had to be examined being absent could not be examined and Mr. Harendra Serker, Assistant Surgeon being ill and bed ridden at Rajshahi, it has been arranged to examine him by Commission. The case was therefore adjourned till the 19th July.

PSYCHIST FINED.

A CLAIM TO SUPERNATURAL QUALITIE

At Marlborough-street Police Court on May 22, before Mr. Denman, Mary Davies, 50, who described herself as an authoress and preacher, was fined £40, with 10 guineas costs, for professing to tell fortunes.

It was stated that when the police raided her premises in Regent-street they found the prisoner seated on a throne chair, wearing the regalia of a Worshipful Master of the Freemasons. There were 10 other persons in the room, five men and five women, and they were wearing masonic aprons. Detective-Inspector Curry stated he understood that the persons assembled claimed they belonged to the "Order of the Temple of the Orient."

On being recalled, Detective-Inspector Curry said he believed the letters "M. M. M." exhibited on the door on the third floor related to a lodge with which the accused was associated. Among the papers found in the place were letters which showed that the accused had been in touch with persons in high positions.

Bertha Brondle, a married woman, said that on consulting the prisoner about a fictitious child which was said to be suffering from heart disease, the prisoner instructed her to sit down with her baby every day at 12 o'clock, and place her right hand over its heart for about 10 minutes, and during that time the prisoner's spirit would meet with the spirit of the witness to cure the child and throw out the disease. Prisoner also promised to send witness a piece of magnetized blotting paper to magnetize the child. The witness gave Davies 10s. 6d.

After other witnesses had been heard for the prosecution, the prisoner, in evidence, said she was the wife of William Robert Davies, a pensioner from the Royal Navy, and had a son who was serving in the Forces, who had been mentioned in dispatches. She was a preacher, an authoress, and a medium.

Mr. Denman.—By which of these do you get your living?

The witness replied by all of them. She advised people in trouble in the same way as clergymen. She possessed supernormal gifts or qualities, and by holding an article belonging to anyone who interviewed her she could see a picture of the thought of the person.

The prisoner, in cross-examination, said she never told fortunes. She got her living as a public worker, and had never indulged in crystal gazing.—"The Times."

EDUCATIONAL OFFICERS AND EXEMPTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In the "Chronicle" of 4th instant appears a letter by "P. A." under the heading of "Educational Officers and Exemption." To any person, interested in the Commercial Education in India, it will be an eye-opener. There are two points in that letter, which demand our serious attention.

"P. A." says in the para marked (2) that the professor in question (Mr. A. R. Burnett-Hurst) has been preparing for new courses during the last vacation. Very vague, sir, is it not? The subject, that he is supposed to have mastered in three months, will carry three hundred marks out of a total of one thousand. Students will have to specialize in it. It deals with the "entire" cotton industry. Can any one conscientiously assert that this vast subject can be mastered in three months, however hard-working and diligent the student may be? Is this another case of specialisation?

But sir, if it were only this trouble, one may rest content with a mere sigh. The subject is not yet sanctioned by the University! It has not been even proposed to include it in the curriculum. How then has Mr. Anstey allowed his students to take that subject? The University may reject such a resolution, if at all it is brought before the Senate; or the resolution may not be passed for a term or two, and the subject may be included in the curriculum for the future batches of students. There are so many chances against the subject being prescribed for the new second year students, that it seems to me that Mr. Anstey has undertaken a grave responsibility. Supposing that he is unable to carry through his resolution.—which by the way, he has not yet put before the Senate,—what will be the condition of the students? They will have to take another subject, which has already been prescribed by the University. They will have to make up the work of one term (or perhaps two). Of course, one cannot expect the professors of other voluntary subjects to go over the work done during the previous term, and thus waste the time of so many other students.

I well know that the "Chronicle" can ill afford to publish any correspondence about such petty things at this momentous time. But, sir, where the welfare of about a dozen students is concerned, you are certain to stretch a point.—Yours, etc.,

DESPAIR.

4th July, 1917.

P.S.—I forgot to remind "P.A." that "their Professor of Statistics" is not delivering lectures on Statistics to the students of the College, "during the college hours."

PARSIS AND THE INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I beg to announce the following first subscriptions to the fund raised for helping such Parsi recruits as require assistance during the period of their absence from Bombay, while training:—

	Rs.
Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart. ..,	500
Messrs. Cavasji Dinshaw & Bros...	1,000
The Hon. Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna ...	500
Mr. Cavasji Dadabhoy Dubash ...	500
Mr. Jamshedji D. Mahalaxmiwalla	500
Mr. Dhunjibhoy Bomanji	500
Mr. J. M. Framjee Patel	100
Mr. Rustom S. Powvalla	100
Mr. K. S. Powvalla	100
Mr. R. D. Tata (every month, so long as required)	100
	Rs. 3,900

It is hoped the community will give liberal support to the movement, and that large employers of labour will follow the example of the "Times of India" management, and will allow their employees leave of absence on full pay, when the recruits are taken out of Bombay for training. May I repeat what I said in the letter you were good enough to publish recently, that every effort must be made to give a response to the call for service and sacrifice such as would be worthy of the proud traditions of the community?—Yours, etc.,

H. P. MODY.

Cumbala Hill, July 5th.

PATHAN TERRORISM.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It will not be a matter of surprise to many of your readers that the Pathan has been carrying on his reign of terror with impunity. Last week an attempt was made to carry off a young girl of about 14, when she came out of the Municipal Girls' School in Kamatipura during the afternoon recess. A Pathan put his arm round her and tried to run away with her. Other inmates of the school who were with her, raised such a row as to frighten the budmash. He let go the girl and succeeded in escaping. That such an attempt should be made in the heart of the locality in open day-light shows the daring and the insolence of the Pathan. The place where this occurred is surrounded by various municipal establishments. There is the "Kutchra-Patti" stable, a Municipal Boys' School and the Ellapa Balaram Charitable Dispensary.

Dr. Sukhia has been fighting an up-hill battle to bring to the notice of the Government the slave traffic carried on by the horde of Pathans. That academic resolution passed by the Corporation, what value I say will it have in the end? The Duncan Road murder case—what does it teach us? The Pathan murderer had amassed something like thirty-five thousand rupees in the course of some seven or eight years. Report runs that at one time, he had something like forty women or better "slaves" under his keeping. Is any man with the least common sense, prepared to say that the police were ignorant of a brothel, run on such an extensive line? The Pathan is always ready with his lathi, when a poor debtor is unable to satisfy his demands.

Since the advent of plague, Kamatipura and other localities inhabited by mechanical or industrial class of people, have not been freely patronized by the marwaree or danawalla money-lender. The latter do not find their business a paying one. The residents of these places therefore, fall an easy prey to the Pathan money-lender. The Pathan knows no law.

A large number of these Pathans have turned these localities into regular warrens where they burrow and browse to their heart's content.

They know from long experience that the police—to say the least—are ciphers.

This attempt to kidnap a young girl has been reported to the police. Well, I hope that they will report progress and not say with amiable fatuity that their attempts in unearthing the Pathan are unfruitful. I hope not!—Yours, etc.,

A PARENT.

EARTHQUAKE IN RANGOON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
RANGOON, July 5.

There were two earthquake shocks felt in Rangoon about a quarter to five, one quickly following the other. The shock was from north to south. So far no damage is reported. The earthquake took place while the moon was in total eclipse.

round-table talks on the present world

BOMBAY CHURCHES.

(5th Sunday after Trinity: 8th July, 1917.)

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral, St. Thomas, the Apostle, Church Gate Street, Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham; Archdeacon, 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral—Agutter in G. Hymns—272, 166, 315, 273; 5-30 p.m., Children's Service. 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon Canticles—Chants. Hymns—537, 218, 211. Collections for Choir Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesday, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m. War Litany at 7 p.m.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba—Chaplain Rev. R. L. Wormald, 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass, 8 a.m., Morning Prayer. 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher Rev. J. B. Glass.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy: English.—Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A. (Incumbent). Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, M.A., Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, M.A.; Marathi.—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A.; Gujarati.—Rev. L. Hari. English Service 8-0 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service. 9 a.m., Gujarati Service, 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S.P.G.), Foras Road —7 a.m., Matins; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain Rev. W. A. Sawtell. 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Matins (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church, opposite Prince's Dock —Chaplain (Vacant), 9-15 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 a.m., Evensong and Sermon.—Week days: 9 p.m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—Clergy Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter)—Clergy Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe). 6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Marathi); 9 a.m. Matins (Gujarati); 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's, Mazagon 6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist: 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-0 a.m. Choral Eucharist; 10-30 a.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort.—Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B.D. 9-30 a.m. Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray. 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church 5-0 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher Rev. R. M. Gray.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens —9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher Rev. F. Hart; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; Preacher Rev. T. H. Sheriff; 5 p.m. Sunday Sschool and Morning Service: Preacher Rev. T H Sheriff; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; Preacher Rev. Frank Hart; Sunday School at 3 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission (Minister Rev. Rahatey)—8-15 a.m., Byculla; 4-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road Parel; 6-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel (Tamil and Telagu Service.)

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum, Back Road.—Minister Rev. M. B. Nicambe, English Service, 8-30 a.m.; Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. W E Bancroft. 8-30 a.m. Sunday School; 9-15 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor Rev H Ingham, 9-45 a.m. Sunday School; 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. A cordial welcome to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church, Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. John Malelu, 9 a.m., Sunday School; 10 a.m., Sunday School Teachers' Class; 3-45 p.m. Gospel Sreading Society; 5 p.m. Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m., Agripada; 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m. Afternoon Service.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opp. Post Office), Middle Colaba.—Minister Rev. E. P. Blackaby.—9 o'clock morning and 6-30 o'clock evening the Pastor will preach. Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m. All seats free. A cordial welcome to all.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Service; Sunday 6-30 p.m., Saturday 6-30 p.m., 5-15 Sabbath School; Wednesday 6-30 p.m. Bible Study and Prayer Meeting. Pastors: G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi. —Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. de Monte, 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6 a.m., 8 a.m. and 9 a.m. Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. Masses 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., and 8-30 a.m., Evening 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon. —Masses; 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., and 8-30 a.m. Evening Service 6 p.m.

Caval Church (Our Lady of Health)—Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa. Masses 7 and 8-30.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul. (Burrow's Lane) Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho. 5-30, 6-30, 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Theresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios 6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Chapel of Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—Chaplain: Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes. Masses at 6 and 8 a.m. with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's, Colaba.—8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Sermon and Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Acting Vicar Rev. J. J. Dias. Sunday Service: Low Masses at 5-30 and 9 a.m., Evening Service 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses 6-30 and 8 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra. —9-30 a.m. Mass.

The "Pioneer" writes:—Among the politicians who are endeavouring to create the impression that public opinion is deeply stirred over the Madras internments are several members of the Imperial Legislative Council. The opportunity will present itself for these gentlemen to raise this question in the Council when that body meets in the autumn, and we sincerely hope that they will not fail to avail themselves of it. It is one thing to indulge in platform rhetoric at public meetings and quite another to put forward allegations where declamation can be met by facts.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 22.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieut W N Goddard, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut R Grant, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J G Bribben, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut C G R Halliday, Engineers.
Second-Lieut E D Rees, Welsh Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut A M Buchanan, Trenchmortar Battery.
Second-Lieut G O Knowles, Yorkshires.
Major A O Wraith, Engineers.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Captain F Hands, Engineers.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut E L Allen, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut G Allsop, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut W E W Bamberger, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut A Bardsley, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut H Birch, Labour Corps.
Second-Lieut H H Brewer, Durhams.
Second-Lieut W A Bromley, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut W E Brown, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut B Burr, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut A Carruthers, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H Chapman, Lancasters.
Capain C Collins, Lincolns.
Lieut A L Cowper, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut E A Curtler, Somersets.
Captain J M Dickson, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut R I Dines, Londons.
Second-Lieut C H P Dudley, Welsh Regt.
Captain G Fitzsimmons, Welsh Regt.
Major E H W Foot, Engineers.
Second-Lieut F Grove, Engineers.
Second-Lieut G Hall, Londons.
Second-Lieut P S Hodgkinson, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut E A Ingmire, Lancasters.
Major J C Jack, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E R Jones, Warwicks.
Captain L H Lewis, East Lancashires.
Captain J F Miller, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C V Montgomery, Field Artillery.
Lieut R A B Pope, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut D Robertson, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut W Ryad, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A M Scott, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut T C Shafto, Liverpools.
Lieut-Col J D Sherer, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G L Shiel, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Simpson, West Yorkshires.
Captain R P Smith, Medicals.
Lieut A E Stanners, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J C Stevenson, Irish Rifles.
Captain R H Studdert, Field Artillery.
Captain A C Tayler, Sussex.
Second-Lieut H D White, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut D W Williams, Shropshires.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED.

Lieut T R Conning, Welsh Fusiliers.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut H E Jackson, West Yorkshires.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW MISSING.

Lieut T G Anderson, Machine Gun Corps.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut S H L Douglas-Compton, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut O C Gillott, Engineers.
Captain E N Lambert, Yorkshires.
Captain S P J Mcdonald, Worcesters.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut A E J Dobson, Flying Corps.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut J Allan, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut R Armitage, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut W Buckle, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut R V Drought, Irish Rifles.
Captain W R Gamble, Yorkshires.
Captain A F Gulland, East Kents.
Second-Lieut J T Half, Yorkshire L I.
Captain F W L May, Irish Rifles.
Captain G H Morris, Trenchmortar Battery.
Lieut J E Raphael, King, Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut T V Scattergoo, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut G M Stothert, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut J E Underwood, Field Artillery.

DIED.

Captain J Neligan, Medicals.

WOUNDED.

Lieut J L Armstrong, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut T Bainbridge, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J M Clarke, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut D Cook, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut A T Dubley, Yorkshires.
Rev. G M Evans, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut W G Haddock, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut N F V Hamilton, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut L Hughes, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut M F Loxley, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut B H Ludlow-Hewitt, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut J Martin, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut E Morris, Welsh Regt.
Captain C A P Murison, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut T Phillipson, Cheshires.
Lieut J G Ritchie, Horse Artillery.
Captain A F Robson, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut J Smith, Yorkshires.
Captain F N Stringfield, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut F J Vann, Field Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Lieut W H Foulks, Garrison Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW NOT MISSING.

Lieut G D Pike, Lancashire Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED KILLED NOW PRISONERS.

Captain O Illingworth, West Yorkshires.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW PRISONER.

Second-Lieut B W Gregory, Lincolns.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut G K Greenaway, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut E E Rawlings, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut M Warren, Royal Scots.

LONDON, June 23.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain J A J Baylis, South Lancs.
Captain H M Ferguson, South Staffs.
Second-Lieut F H Gosling, Royal Fusiliers.
Lieut H C V Hall, Durhame.
Second-Lieut C C Harris, North Staffs.
Lieut A E Hodge, North Staffs.
Captain E J Jones, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J B Lane-Mullins, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut P H Taylor, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut O C Thorburn, Gordons.
Second-Lieut W J Weldon, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Y Wilson, Gordons.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED MISSING, NOW KILLED.

Captain H V Walters, Sherwoods.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING BELIEVED KILLED, NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut H E Woods, Northumberlands.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut E J Batersby, Londons.
Second-Lieut A J E Hawks, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut P McMahon, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut W M Masterton, Royal Scots.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut G Allen, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut G R Ayton, Durhams.
Second-Lieut E C Becher, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut B Campbell, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut P P G Chambers, South Staffs.
Lieut J Clarke, Field Artillery.
Lieut H T Clarke, Horse Artillery.
Captain L H Croxford, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut J S Dunne, Durhams.
Second-Lieut F C H Edwardson, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain V. Frampton, Engineers.
Lieut A J Fraser, Machine Gun Corps.
Lieut-Colonel G H Gater, Lincolns.
Lieut D B Gill, West Yorks.
Major H Hall-Morgan, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain G L C Hudson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W N D Hull, Field Artillery.
Major R H Isacke, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut S B Kington, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut C O Kitchener, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C S Mclean, North Lancs.
Second-Lieut L J Maegher, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut R Metcalf, Border Regt.
Second-Lieut T Moffatt, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut T C Morgan, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut J M Moubray, Engineers.
Second-Lieut W E Moulder, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H Newton-Jones, North Lancs.
Captain E E Orford, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut C Owen, Liverpools.
Captain W J Page, East Lancs.
Captain A E B Plummer, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut G M Rowland, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut J Russell, Gordons.
Second-Lieut W D Sharp, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut L F Short, Yorkshire L I.
Second-Lieut F Southam, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut F C Thorn, Lincolns.
Major J V Verschoyle-Campbell, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut A D Wakely, South Lancs.
Captain R F Walker, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G B Warren, Field Artillery.
Captain G W Watson, Medicals.
Second-Lieut A A White, Gordons.

MISSING.

Captain S F H Mackay, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut A Pearson, Yorkshire L I.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW PRISONER.

Lieut O D Maxted, East Kents.

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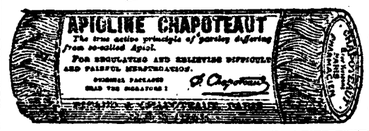

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FIGHTING FOR VIMY RIDGE.

COLUMBIANS' GREAT ACHIEVEMENT.

A PROUD BURIAL PLACE.

The special correspondent of "The Times" writing from the War correspondents' Headquarters on May 21, says:—

In the middle of the waste on the summit of the Vimy Ridge there is a little group of white-painted wooden crosses marking the graves of the Seaforth Highlanders of Canada who fell there in the capture of the Ridge.

These Canadian Seaforths were mostly British Columbians, and it is a long, long way from the moist, pine-clad slopes of the Pacific North-West to this dreadful tableland, where no green thing is, baking in the hot sun. A long, long way they came to die, the long-limbed sons of Victoria and Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo. And some came even farther, for they were in camp on the far-off slopes of the Peak Mountains or the upper waters of the Fraser River when they heard the call. A long, long way, but many other feet will tread the same journey after them, the feet of pilgrims who, through generations yet to be born, will come here as to a shrine. The little graveyard in the waste will be as a flame and an inspiration to the heart of Canada in ages of which we do not yet dream, for there has been nothing finer done in war than the achievement of those Western men up there on the Ridge.

The great bulk of the Ridge to south and west was already ours, taken in the first irresistible rush of the morning of April 9. How the Canadians ever went up the top of the slope and over the edge to the flat above it is impossible now to understand when one sees the ground. But they had done it, and our line ran unevenly somewhere from north-west to south-east across the summit, which is here, perhaps, a mile and a half or two miles wide. Then came the second operation, when, swinging on their left, the Canadian Seaforths took the line on over the open, which was swept with rifle and machine-gun fire, and, by merely refusing to be stopped, thrust the enemy from trench and shell-hole and emplacement down the forked slopes beyond. It is difficult to realize it now, but it was done in the bitter cold and in rain and driving snow.

The only thing that made it possible was the fact that the level ground is never level now. There is no yard of all this tableland where a man can find the original surface of the earth, but everywhere is ridge and shell-hole and hardly distinguishable remnants of old German trenches, the thin covering of soil being all churned up with the white chalk below till all is greyish white. It is so that readers in Canada must think of the place where their sons rest.

THE BATTLEFIELD FROM THE SUMMIT.

To come to it you scale a slope all seamed with jagged trench lines, with mouths of tunnels and dug-outs everywhere. On the crest, as you face eastward, the plateau is narrow immediately before you, dropping abruptly to the ragged slabs of grey masonry which are the ruins of what was once the village of Givenchy-en-Gohelle. To the left, or north, it also falls away, though less suddenly, to a plain swept and shell-torn, beyond which, but still quite close to you, lie the ruins of the industrial suburbs of Lens—the Cite d'Abattoir and Cite de Garennes—the remnants of the buildings all red brick. Farther to the right lies the similar, but less ruined, mass of Avion, with some of the tall chimneys above the red buildings still intact, some broken halfway, none emitting any smoke. On the left, half behind you, is Lievin, and between them Lens itself. German shells are dropping along this edge of Avion, and Lens is half-hidden in clouds of drifting smoke thickening the summer dust and haze.

Nearer on your right front, the high ground, like a lesser ridge, with its further side still fairly wooded, is "The Pimple," and that dark patch is the Bois d' Hirondelle. The straight line which cuts across the plain below was once a railway, and that sudden white mark is the embankment where it goes by La Coulotte. So near is it that without the aid of glasses, the wandering white line of our present front-line trench is almost plain enough to let you see a man moving against it, if any man could move there, and that angry growl was a German machine-gun in the other white line beyond.

A little to the south of east you have the full width of the Ridge, nearly two miles here, before you, and farther south, that is, to your right hand, it stretches away, rising slightly till it touches Hill 145, then dipping again till it gets near to Thelus. But you must not think of getting a wide view of the level plateau. You can see no farther than you would if you stood on a raft in the middle of a rough sea. Wave beyond wave, hollow beyond hollow, tumbled, tossed, criss-crossed in all directions, it is one grey-white waste of ridge and shell-hole and crater.

In crossing the waste, nowhere can you walk two yards in a straight line, except at the cost of plunging into shell-holes and clambering over obstacles of every kind. You can only thread your way, making for some higher point—some seventh wave—ahead of you, along the edge of craters and wherever there is foothold, along the rims of shell holes and across trench fragments of which it is difficult now to tell where the trench ran and which was parapet, which parados.

Mixed with the churned and pounded soil are all the conceivable *debris* of battle. Standing at an accidental spot in the open, I took the trouble to note down the articles which lay within a radius of, perhaps, two yards of my feet. They included one of the iron uprights on which the Germans string their wire; some odd bits of the wire itself; a German french helmet with a bullet hole in it; a few inches of cloth, presumably uniform; an object which kicked up with my toe, proved to be a pair of woollen socks rolled up; a buckle with an inch or leather, evidently part of a belt, apparently British, attached; the head of a German entrenching shovel; a splinter of shell came five inches long; an unexploded German hand-grenade; a table fork; two sandbags, trodden into the earth and barely visible; and a splinter of squared timber, about three inches square, presumably part of some German defensive work. Most of these things were only half visible, with one end projecting above ground and all were coated with dust.

So is the whole area. There are unexploded shells of every size, from great 9-inch things down to field-gun shells and hand-bombs; butts or barrels of rifles; larger or smaller pieces of uniform, up to whole but tattered coats; German caps, belts, dented tin cups, broken water bottles, torn playing cards, scraps of paper printed in German, and all manner of unrecognizable bits of wood and cloth and metal. The surface of the earth is no longer soil, but a compost of mixed soil and articles of human use.

And this region, it must be remembered, has now been "cleaned up." Everything that I have mentioned is broken and trodden underfoot and useless. All things worth saving have been saved by the Salvage Corps, and the dead have been buried by burial parties. Not all, however; for one finds among the chaos dreadful bits of humanity, and horrid things are floating in the water in some of the larger shell holes. Also one knows that there were dug-outs everywhere which were broken in by our guns, and from the sickening smell that leaks up through services one knows that there were Germans in the dugouts when the ruin came.

It may be, perhaps, a mile from where one mounted the Ridge to where the little graveyard is, on a level stretch, rather lower than the highest point, so that from that highest point one looks down over it to where the burial parties are still at work beyond. The hot sun beats down on it, and shells, of course, sing over the place both ways; and overhead aeroplanes drone and circle, now and again followed by bursting shells from anti-aircraft guns which make little fleecy dabs of black or white against the blue. A hideous place; but there could be no prouder burial place for these men than this centre of the summit of the Ridge which they won so splendidly.

CANADIAN SEAFORTHS' HOMELAND.

When I first knew British Columbia, Victoria was a little English country town embowered in gardens, with the sea on one side and the great woods on the other. The city of Vancouver was not, but on the future site of it the great forest came down unbroken to the water's edge. The creeks and inlets of the coast belonged to the ospreys and the black-and-white kingfishers. On mainland an island deer came down to the forest's edge to look at the boat as it passed by, and hair seal rolled and wallowed in the sea. Three years later the Canadian Pacific Railway "came through," and all the coast sprang into life and the woods were cleared to make room for the city of Vancouver. I have seen it many times since, and know the enormous and splendid energy with which the whole country is alert—from the electric-lighted clangour of the wide streets of Vancouver itself to the huge lumber camps of the interior of "the Island," and all the multitudinous life that has sprung up along the indented coast and into the recesses of the mountains.

One knows where these men came from and what kind of men they were at home. But, looking at these graves, it is the old British Columbia that leaps to mind, the great reaches of unbroken forest, with the fish-hawks and the deer and seals, and it is surely one of the great miracles of the world that, in so few years that one man can have looked on both, these virgin solitudes should have become peopled with a race which could send such sons back to the Old World to die so for such a cause.

If I had my way I would plant this Vimy Ridge with trees brought here from Canada and let these men, when the present wooden crosses have been replaced by a noble and permanent monument, rest in the shadow of a grove of their own pines and firs and cedars.

DUTIES OF "C" CLASS MEN.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will any of your readers point out if there is any way to represent my case to the military authorities? I registered my name in the I. D Force and when called upon for medical examination was about to be made unfit when I requested the examining doctor if I could not be of any use to my country in any other capacity. He thereupon classed me "C" and gave me to understand that I would have to do edentary duty. Moreover he explained to me that I would be unable to keep on marching and undergoing physical drill. I am now attached to the G. I. P. Corps here as there is no other company. In the railway weekly notices of the 4th May, it was stated in the army orders that the preliminary and periodical training of the "C" and "D" Class men was to put in an hour's drill once a week. The word "hour's drill" was further defined as instructions etc., which should not include the performance of fatigues or guard duties. These orders were posted outside the armoury. Today I have been told that the "C" Class men have now to undergo the same preliminary training as the "A" and "B" Class, for these are the orders received by the Sergeant Instructor from the Adjutant of the Corps. If a "C" Class man is capable of undergoing the same training as the "A" and "B" Class, then what need, was there for all this fuss about medical examination and classification when those concerned wish to go against medical opinion? My own family doctor tells me that I am unfit for military service. It would have been better for me if I had kept quiet and was classed "E" (unfit) but due to patriotism I asked to be classed "C" and now I am out of the frying pan into the fire. There may be many others who are similarly placed. Is there no remedy for such unfortunate like myself?—Yours etc.

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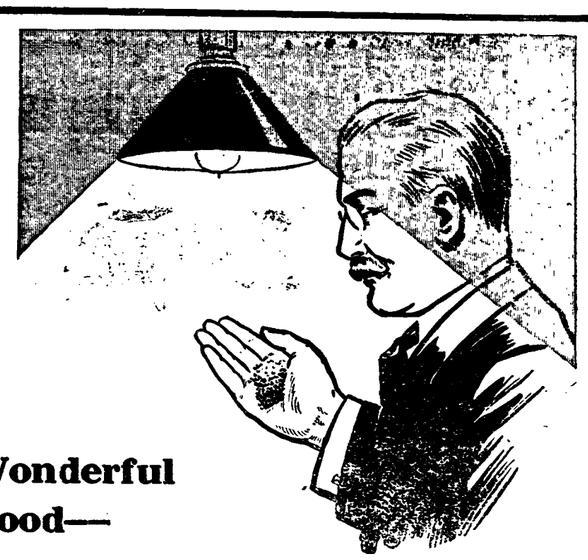

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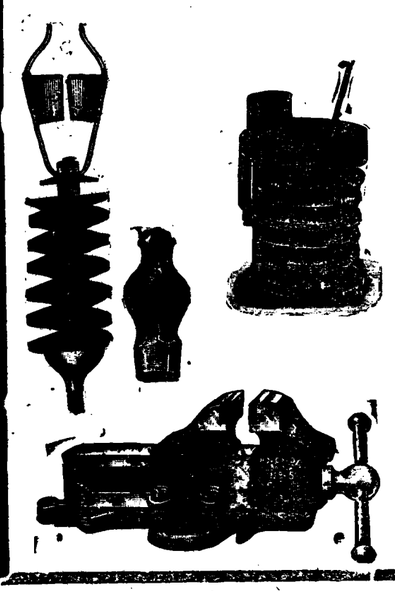

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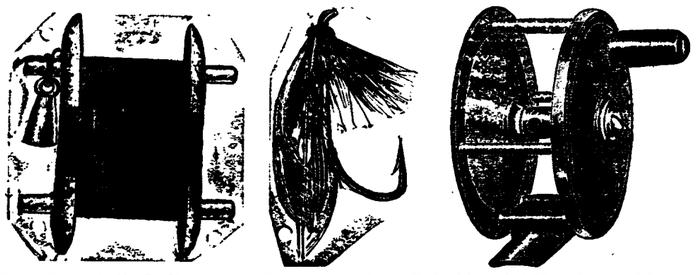

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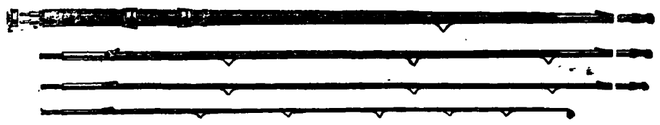

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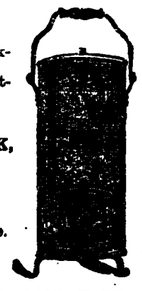

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COUNT WITTE'S REVELATIONS.

The "Matin" on May 18 published a remarkable statement which appeared in a recent issue of the "Russkoye Slovo," of Moscow, to the effect that the ex-Emperor Nicholas definitely signed an offensive and defensive Alliance with the German Emperor at the time of the Treaty of Portsmouth. The statement is made on the authority of a Russian journalist, M. B. Glinsky, editor of the "Historical Messenger," who received the information from the late Count Witte, writes the Paris correspondent of the "Morning Post":—

Count Witte, in opening the conversation, vigorously denied that he was Germanophile and stated that he, more than all other Russians, was hated by the German Emperor because it was he who caused the suppression of the offensive and defensive Treaty concluded by Nicholas II. and William II. at Bjorko. Count Witte then insisted that M. Glinsky should swear never to reveal the truth with regard to this matter during his lifetime or until events made it necessary. He pointed out that at the time when this episode occurred he had succeeded in negotiating a large loan in France, the German banking houses, however, being greatly interested in the loan. As a result of the Moroccan crisis France was apparently on the eve of war with Germany, and the French Government had pointed out that in the event of Franco-German complications the Russian loan would fall through. On reaching Potsdam he discussed the Moroccan question with the German Emperor, urging the need of making concessions to France, and the Emperor at once sent a telegram in this connection to the German Chancellor. Germany was then incapable of mobilising the millions of money which would have been required for the contemplated military campaign. The Emperor William then asked whether Count Witte was aware of the recent Bjorko agreement, and on receiving a reply in the negative stated that he would learn of it on his return to Russia.

AGAINST FRANCE.

Count Witte afterwards became Premier of the first homogeneous Cabinet and consequently had control of both the legislative and executive power in Russia. Thus every Governmental act of the Sovereign had to be countersigned by him, including the Treaty of Portsmouth. A few days after taking office the Foreign Minister informed him of the existence of the offensive and defensive Convention made at Bjorko by the two Emperors. The Convention, Count Witte stated, was illegal in form and contrary to all the rules of honour and equity. He said to M. Glinsky:

Against whom was the Convention concluded? Who countersigned it? It would have been possible for me to consider a defensive agreement, but not in any conditions an offensive agreement. Obviously it was designed against France—for William a constant object of aggression—against France, with whom we had already concluded a treaty for our safety against Germany. Nicholas was therefore playing a double game without considering all the consequences or the moral bearing of his act of treachery.

The Bjorko Convention bore the signature of Admiral Barileff, and of a German Admiral, instead of the signatures of the Foreign Ministers of the two countries. Count Witte, in agreement with the Russian Foreign Minister and with the support of a highly-placed individual, decided that at any cost this secret agreement must be cancelled. He used the absence of legal form as a pretext, and, after getting into touch with Berlin, stated that if the Emperor William refused to regard the Convention as null and void he would refuse to countersign the Treaty of Portsmouth. In this event the Emperor William would have lost the support of the German bankers, because the French loan would not have gone through. He therefore agreed to declare the Convention null and void. Count Witte stated that his intenvention in foreign politics was never forgiven either by the GafhropiTw,Miorord lird luoif ypifny mym Emperor Nicholas or the Emperor William.

M. Glinsky concludes the account of his conversation with Count Witte by appealing to M. Miliukoff, until recently the Russian Foreign Minister, to search among the archives for the document that threatened to bring disaster to Russia and France and to break their Alliance.

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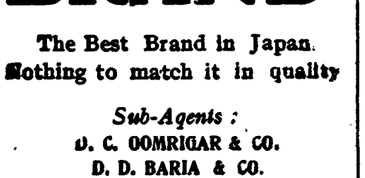

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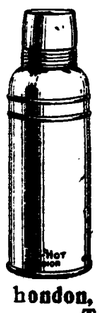

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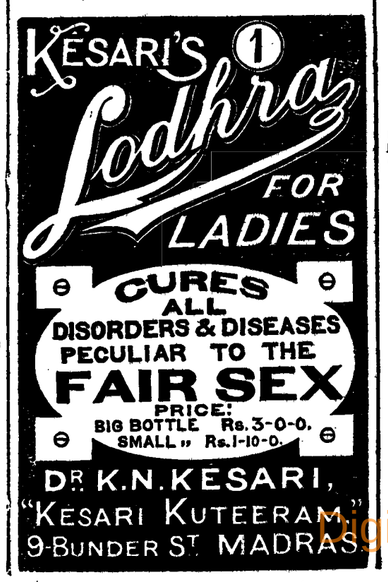

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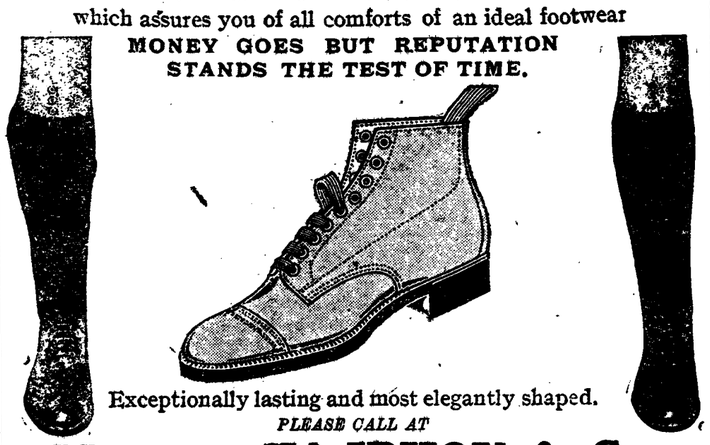

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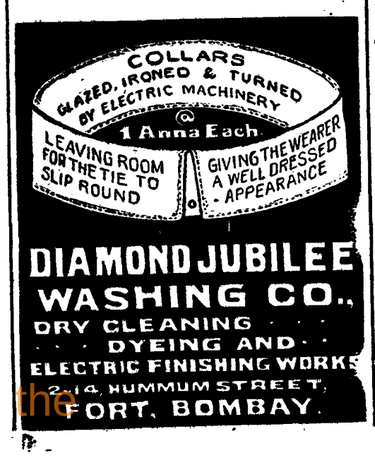

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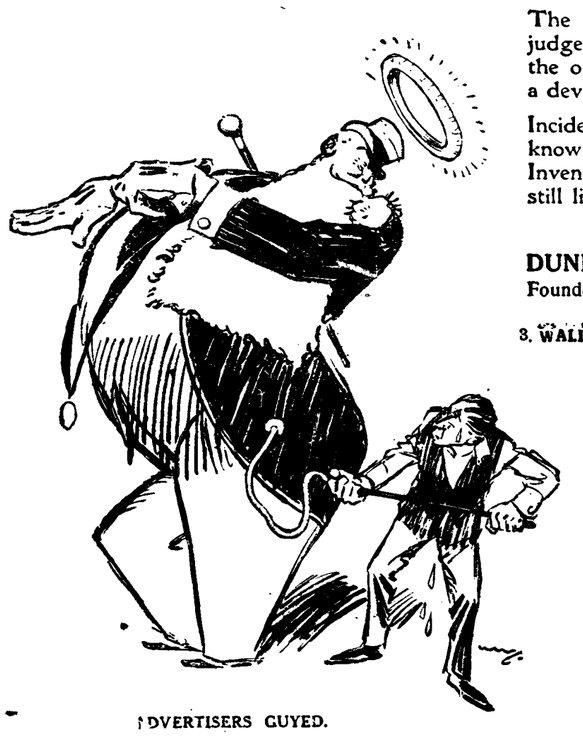

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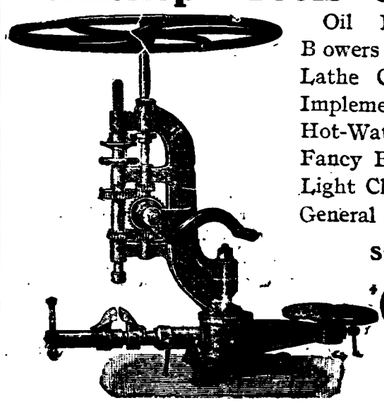

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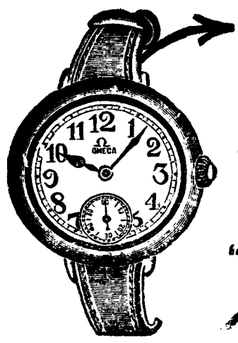

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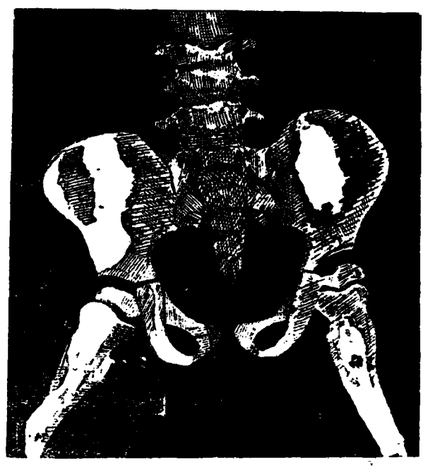

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